



## PATIENT

Meatball Won

## SPECIES

Feline

## BREED

DSH

## SEX

MN

## AGE

16Y

## WEIGHT

5.76kg

## INTERPRETED BY

Tilde Rodrigues Froes,  
DMV, MSc., Dr. Med  
Vet., Dipl. CBraRVet

## IMAGING PERFORMED BY

BO/EY

## HOSPITAL NAME

Green Dog Dental and  
Wellness

## REFERRING VET

Sherry Vartanian

## INVOICE

75183

## DATE

5-27-26

## PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

HX Coyote attack ~ yesterday. Hx Hodgkin-like lymphoma (HLL).  
Screening thoracic radiographs.

## RADIOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE THORAX

Orthogonal views of the thorax are available for review totaling five images. Two ventrodorsal views and three lateral views.

## RADIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

The caudal cervical and thoracic trachea are normal in position and diameter.

Cardiac silhouette is within normal limits for size and contour (VHS approximately 8.0), occupying approximately 50% of the thoracic width and 2.5 intercostal spaces.

Pulmonary vessels are within normal limits.

Pulmonary parenchyma is clear, with no focal pulmonary opacity, pulmonary mass, or pulmonary nodules identified.

The mediastinum and pleural space are within normal limits.

The diaphragm and thoracic wall are unremarkable.

No radiographic evidence of traumatic thoracic wall injury is identified on the submitted images.

Moderate bilateral periarticular ossification is present at the caudal aspects of the shoulder joints, consistent with chronic degenerative change.

The remaining included osseous structures are unremarkable.

## RADIOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- The intrathoracic structures are radiographically within normal limits.
- No radiographic evidence of pulmonary nodules or other findings suggestive of intrathoracic metastatic disease.
- Moderate bilateral shoulder osteoarthritis/enthesiopathic change.

## INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

The thorax is radiographically within normal limits apart from chronic bilateral shoulder degenerative changes. There is no evidence of pulmonary contusion, pleural space disease, or other acute traumatic thoracic abnormality associated with the reported coyote attack.

No radiographic evidence of intrathoracic involvement related to the patient's history of Hodgkin-like lymphoma is identified at this time.

If clinical concern for occult traumatic injury persists, repeat thoracic radiographs in 24 – 48 hours may be considered, as some traumatic pulmonary changes can be delayed in onset.



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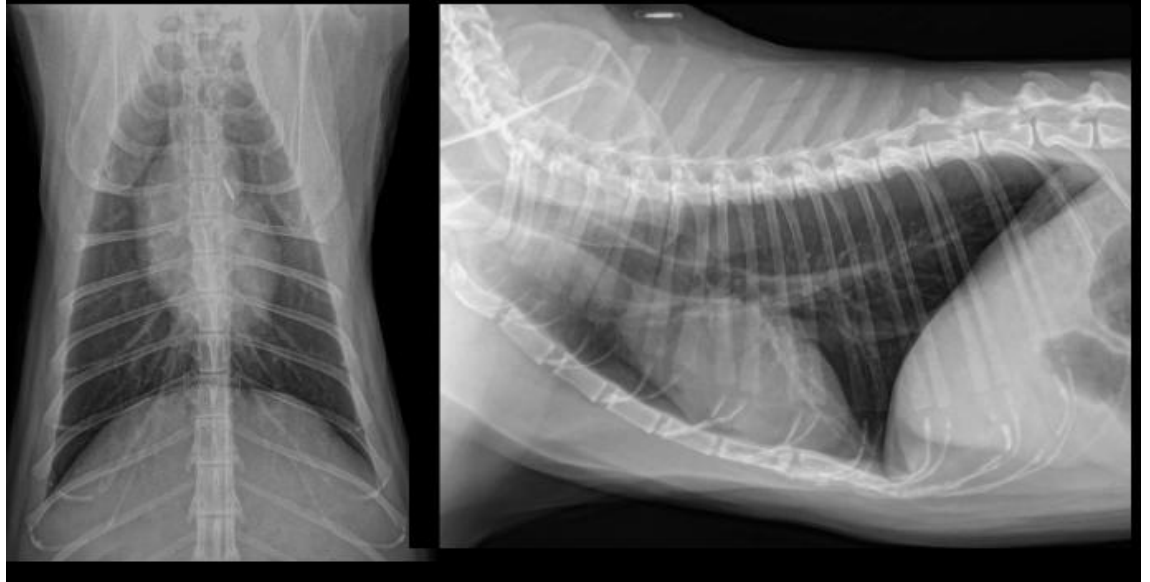
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**Fig.1. Normal thorax**



The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance, please contact me.

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