



PATIENT

Bentley Poota

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Yorkshire Terrier

SEX

MN

AGE

15

WEIGHT

5.40

INTERPRETED BY

Tilde Rodrigues Froes,
DMV, MSc., Dr. Med
Vet., Dipl. CBraRVet

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

KP/NB

HOSPITAL NAME

Green Dog Dental and
Wellness

REFERRING VET

Dr. Hoh

INVOICE

72866

DATE

12-3-25

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

chest radiographs due to persistent cough

RADIOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE THORAX

Thoracic radiographs were provided for review, including right lateral, left lateral, and ventrodorsal projections (3 images total). The ventrodorsal and left lateral projections are slightly oblique.

RADIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

The thoracic trachea maintains a normal luminal diameter, contour, and position. On the left lateral projection, the thoracic esophagus is mildly distended with intraluminal gas.

There is a diffuse, moderate bronchial pattern associated with peribronchial opacity throughout the pulmonary parenchyma. The main bronchi to the cranial and right middle lung lobes are dilated.

The cardiac silhouette is normal in size, shape, and contour.

The pulmonary vessels are normal in caliber and distribution.

The mediastinum, ribs, and diaphragm are within normal limits.

In the collimated abdomen, the stomach is moderately distended with intraluminal gas.

RADIOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Diffuse, moderate bronchial pattern with peribronchial opacity. Differential diagnosis includes chronic bronchitis (inflammatory or infectious), chronic allergic lower airway disease.
- Bronchial dilation represents bronchiectasis.
- Mild esophageal gas distension, likely incidental or secondary to aerophagia.
- Moderate gastric gas distension, nonspecific also likely secondary to aerophagia and incidental.

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

The radiographic findings demonstrate a diffuse, moderate bronchial pattern with peribronchial opacity and bronchial dilatation. Differential diagnoses include chronic bronchitis (inflammatory or infectious) and chronic allergic lower airway disease.

The observed bronchial dilatation may represent bronchiectasis, a potential sequela of chronic airway inflammation.

Consider performing bronchoalveolar lavage (BAL) for cytology and culture.



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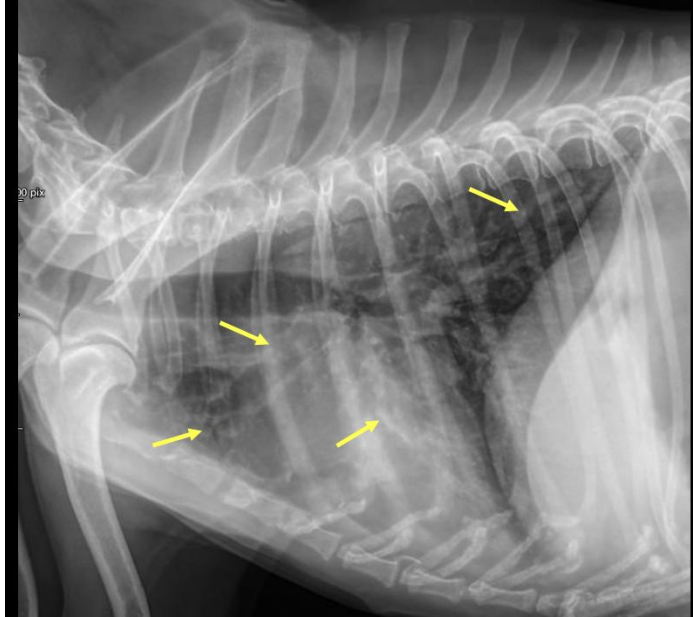
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Lungs: diffuse, moderate bronchial pattern with peribronchial opacity and bronchial dilatation



The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance, please contact me.

Tilde Rodrigues Froes, DMV, MSc., Dr. Med.Vet., Dipl.CBraRVet
info@sonopath.com