



**PATIENT**

Angel Grisham

**PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS**

Presented for a history of defecating outside the litterbox and scooting which then progressed to difficulty urinating and urinary incontinence. On pe bladder is distended and easily expressible. The urinary incontinence has improved on medications (gabapentin and prazocin)and daily bladder expression. Now the symptoms are mostly occur when she defecates. She appears to be in distress while defecating. At end of defecation she drags her rear abruptly. She also seems a little wobbly in rear.  
Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: Plt 57, t.bili 1.0

**SPECIES**

Feline

**BREED**

DSH

**COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHY OF THE ABDOMEN**

A high resolution pre- and post-contrast CT study of the abdomen is provided for review.

**COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC FINDINGS**

**SEX**

FS

The serosal fat presents normal attenuation behavior. There is no evidence of peritoneal effusion or peritonitis.

**AGE**

18 Months

Both kidneys present within normal limits for size, shape and organ architecture. After contrast administration a bilaterally symmetric and uniform nephro- and pyelogram is noted.

The adrenal glands are within normal limits for size, shape and organ architecture.

**INTERPRETED BY**

Sebastian Schaub, DVM  
Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI

Both liver and spleen present with normal shape, even surface, uniformly attenuating parenchyma and homogeneous contrast enhancement, unremarkable.

The pancreas is evenly contoured, the pancreatic parenchyma is homogeneous and presents uniform contrast enhancement.

**HOSPITAL NAME**

Northeast Veterinary  
Referral Hospital

The position, delineation, wall and content of the gastrointestinal tract are considered within normal limits throughout.

The bony and surrounding soft tissue structures reveal no abnormalities.

**REFERRING VET**

Dr. Runde

**COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS**

- Structural normal abdomen
- Structural normal lumbar spine & pelvis

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**INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS**

The current CT study of the abdomen, including the spine and pelvis present without abnormalities. If there is strong clinical suspicion for underlying neurological disorder, a MRI study of the spine can be used for further evaluation of the spinal cord.

**DATE**

9-9-21



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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

**BREED**

DSH

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

**SEX**

FS

**Sebastian Schaub**, Sebastian Schaub, DVM, Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI  
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