



PATIENT

Brody Sheldon

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Brody was presented for being unable to walk normally with a head tilt and rapid eye movements. This is consistent with vestibular disease which is similar to vertigo. Blood work and x-rays were normal which is good news. As we discussed, most dogs will return to normal in a few days but there may be persistent side effects such as a head tilt. There is also the potential that Brody's signs are due to another cause and signs may worsen or persist.

SPECIES

Canine

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHY OF THE SKULL

A high resolution pre- and post-contrast CT study of the skull and abdomen and a post-contrast CT study of the thorax are provided for review.

BREED

Chesapeake Retriever

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

The tooth elements 105-107, 201, 205, 206, 301, 302, 305, 306, 311, 401, 402, 405-408 are absent. The distal root of triadan 308 presents evidence of tooth root resorption

SEX

Male Neutered

The nasal cavity presents the expected aerated spaces between thin & even conchae and turbinates with smooth mucosal lining.

AGE

15 Years

Both temporomandibular joints present congruent joint spaces with even subchondral bone surfaces and are considered within normal limits.

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub, DVM
Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI

Both tympanic bullae are aerated, the mucosal lining is not seen, the bony wall is smooth and thin. In the medial aspect of the right external ear canal, a small amount of non-contrast enhancing soft tissue material is appreciated.

HOSPITAL NAME

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Veterinary Clinic

The brain presents no deviation from normal anatomy and symmetry. The brain parenchyma is homogeneous and within normal limits for attenuation and distribution of contrast enhancement. The ventricular system is non-dilated and symmetric.

The submandibular and medial retropharyngeal lymph nodes are small and elongated with a normal short-to-long-axis-ratio is < 0.5, the attenuation and contrast enhancement pattern is uniform.

REFERRING VET

Jeff Simmons, DVM,
MS, DACVECC

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Mild right sided otitis externa
- Tooth root resorption 308
- Multiple absent teeth
- No evidence of otitis media or interna
- Structural normal brain

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INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

An underlying macromorphological cause of the current neurological deficits is not detected. However, according to the history an ischemic insult and/or geriatric vestibular syndrome is a potential differential diagnosis.

DATE

9-8-22

If not yet done so the workup should be complemented by examination of CSF and complete bloodwork to screen for brain disease that is not necessarily associated with structural changes of the brain parenchyma and rule out other systemic illness. MR imaging may be indicated in case of the strong suspicion of structural parenchymal changes of the brain.



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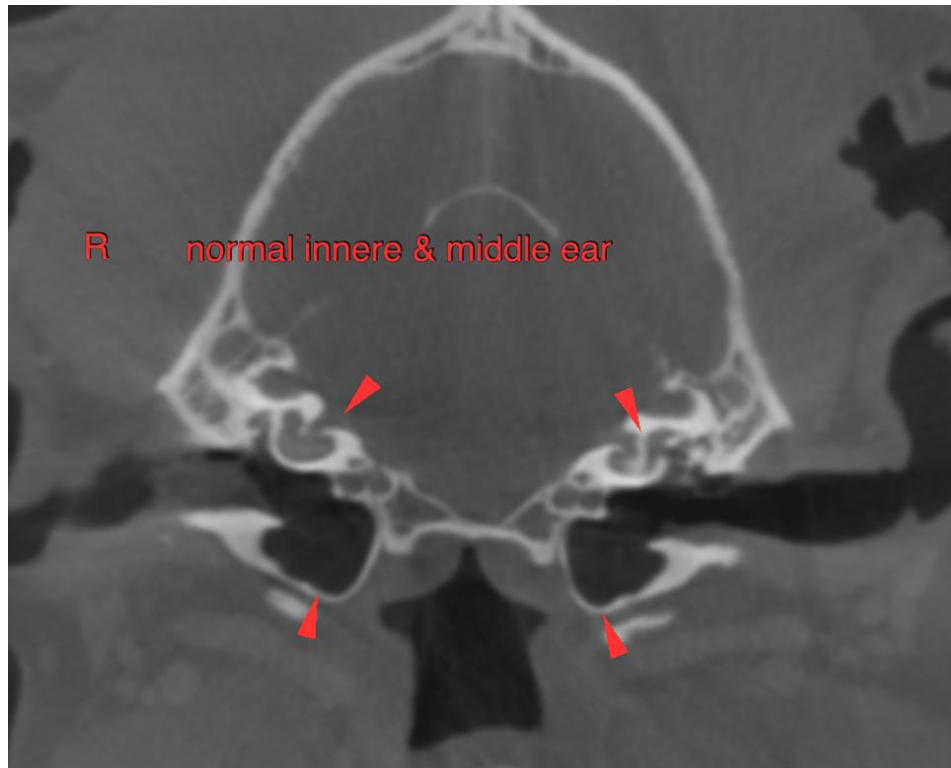
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Sebastian Schaub, Sebastian Schaub, DVM, Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI
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