



**PATIENT**

Scarlett Dyer

**PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS**

Reason for Visit: Episodes of passing out when excited. History: 16 year 6 month old Beagle presented for having episodes of passing out when she gets excited when she comes across another dog. Her last episode was two days ago. Her first initial episode was in August (8/7/22) and at the end of the episode she appeared to stop breathing. When sees another dog she pulls hard on leash, jumping around, Mrs shortens up the leash while she is pulling hard. During episode she vocalizes, gets stiff, stops breathing, gets stiff, eyes closed then < 1 min later starts breathing but is lethargic for approx 5 min then back to normal. No paddling. Did defecate during the last episode 2 days ago.

**SPECIES**

Canine

**BREED**

Beagle

Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: Hydration: N Mentation: N EENT: cataracts OU Oral Cavity: mm pm Lymph Nodes: N Skin: N CV/Respiratory: 2/6 midline murmur, lungs clear, good femoral pulses, listened for > 2 min....no irregular rhythm noted Abd/GI: large amt stool in colon....normal BM's, not straining Uro/Perineum: N Musculoskeletal: grade 2-3 right MPL, is not painful when luxates. No drawer either stifle. No neck or back pain. Neurological: Normal CN's, no CP deficits.

**SEX**

SF

**RADIOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE THORAX**

Radiographs of the thorax in two imaging planes are provided for review.

**AGE**

16 Years, 6 Months

**RADIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS**

The surrounding bony structures are within normal limits.

The extrathoracic soft tissues present homogeneous without abnormalities.

The heart is of normal size and shape, there is no evidence of cardiac chamber or vascular enlargement. The pulmonary vasculature is within normal limits.

The cranial mediastinum presents the expected soft tissue opacity. The mediastinal width is less than twice the width of the vertebral column at the same level.

The trachea is normal in diameter and presents the anticipated course. The luminal outline of the trachea is smooth.

The bronchial tree presents with thin walls and tapers uniformly towards the periphery as expected.

The lung parenchyma presents the expected architecture and opacity; the intrapulmonary vascular branching is seen up to the third order lung vessels.

The diaphragm is well delineated with even surface and the expected mild cranial bulging of the diaphragmatic cupola.

**INTERPRETED BY**

Sebastian Schaub, DVM  
Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI

**HOSPITAL NAME**

DPC Veterinary  
Hospital

**REFERRING VET**

Dr. Feldt

**INVOICE**

54315

**RADIOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS**

- Normal thorax

**DATE**

9-27-22

**INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS**

The radiographic study of the thorax presents without clinically relevant pathologies, but mild age related changes of the lung.



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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

**SPECIES**

Canine

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

**BREED**

Beagle

**Sebastian Schaub**, Sebastian Schaub, DVM, Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI  
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**SEX**

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**AGE**

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