



PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Simon Quan Hx recurrent cholangiohepatitis

SPECIES COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHY OF THE ABDOMEN

Feline A pre- and post-contrast CT study of the abdomen in a soft tissue reconstruction is provided for review.

BREED COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

Ragdoll The serosal fat presents normal attenuation behavior. There is no evidence of peritoneal effusion or peritonitis.

Both kidneys present within normal limits for size, shape and organ architecture. After contrast administration a bilaterally symmetric and uniform nephro- and pyelogram is noted.

SEX The adrenal glands are within normal limits for size, shape and organ architecture.

MN The spleen presents with normal shape, even surface, uniformly attenuating parenchyma and homogeneous contrast enhancement, unremarkable.

AGE The intrahepatic biliary vessels are generalized significantly dilated and can be appreciated as fluid attenuating structures paralleling the hepatic veins. The cystic duct and common bile duct taper in the hilar region of the liver and are not overtly dilated in its course up to the duodenum.

3 Years The hepatic parenchyma is uniform soft tissue attenuating and contrast enhancing.

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub, DVM
Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI

The pancreas is evenly contoured, the pancreatic parenchyma is homogeneous and presents uniform contrast enhancement.

The position, delineation, wall and content of the gastrointestinal tract are considered within normal limits throughout.

HOSPITAL NAME

Animal Health
Partners

The bony and surrounding soft tissue structures reveal no abnormalities.

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Generalized significant dilation of the intrahepatic biliary tree and cystic duct

REFERRING VET

Westgarth

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

The main finding is the generalized significant dilation of the intrahepatic biliary tree that can be either an acquired condition due to the history of recurrent cholangiohepatitis or is congenital intrahepatic bile duct dilation triggering the recurrent cholangiohepatitis. Another potential would be stricture of the extrahepatic bile duct level with the transition between the cystic duct and common bile duct. Hepatic biopsy might be used as advanced diagnostic tool.

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DATE

9-21-22



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Ragdoll

SEX

MN

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3 Years

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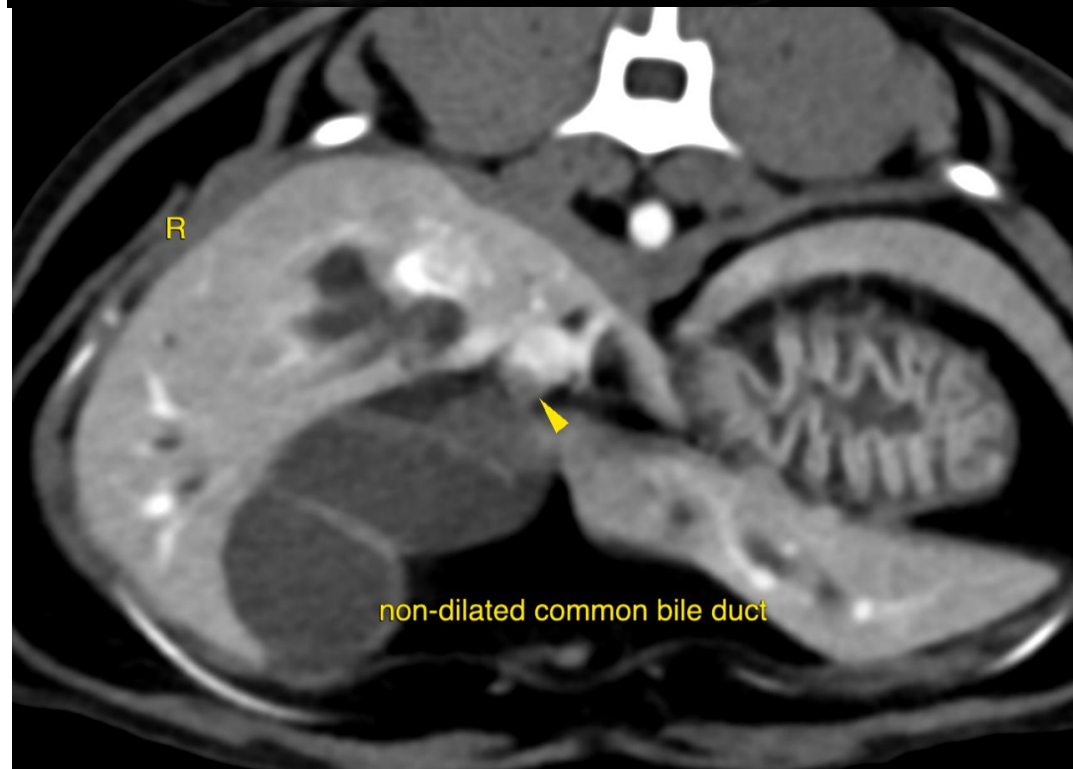
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

SPECIES

Feline

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

BREED

Ragdoll

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SEX

MN

AGE

3 Years

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