



PATIENT

MARSHALL JAGID

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

crying/whining incessantly, no response to meloxicam and gabapentin. has an ear infection treated with claro and received vaccines. acute whining. we were not sure what the cause was. on rads we see a mediastinal mass. previous rads from this august reviewed and we can see the mass opacity in the periphery of the xray. treated dog with buprenorphine and convenia.

SPECIES

Canine

RADIOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE THORAX

A radiographic study of the thorax is provided for review.

BREED

Shih Tzu

RADIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

The surrounding bony structures are within normal limits.

SEX

Male Neutered

At the ventral thoracic wall, a convex shaped subcutaneous swelling is measuring approximately 4.0 cm in width.

The heart is of normal size and shape, there is no evidence of cardiac chamber or vascular enlargement. The pulmonary vasculature is within normal limits.

AGE

14 Years

The cranioventral mediastinum is moderately widened and presents an increased soft tissue opacification with a convex shaped border distal to the trachea demarcating an ovoid shaped mass, measuring approximately 2 intercostal spaces in size.

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub, DVM
Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI

The trachea is normal in diameter and presents the anticipated course. The luminal outline of the trachea is smooth.

The bronchial tree presents with thin walls and tapers uniformly towards the periphery as expected.

HOSPITAL NAME

Tenafly Vet Center

The lung parenchyma presents the expected architecture and opacity; the intrapulmonary vascular branching is seen up to the third order lung vessels.

REFERRING VET

Marcela Salas

The diaphragm is well delineated with even surface and the expected mild cranial bulging of the diaphragmatic cupola.

RADIOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Cranioventral mediastinal soft tissue mass
- Subcutaneous mass ventral thoracic wall – lipoma versus non-specific soft tissue mass
- No evidence of pulmonary metastatic disease

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INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

DATE

9-21-21

Differentials for the cranioventral mediastinal mass thymoma, thymic sarcoma/carcinoma, round cell tumor, ectopic thyroid carcinoma, other. A cranioventral mediastinal cyst is a potential as well. Ultrasound guided FNA sampling of the mass can be performed as an advanced minimally invasive diagnostic test. Based on the results of advanced diagnostic tests, surgical excision of the mass can be a treatment option – a CT study of the thorax might be used for surgical planning, if applicable.



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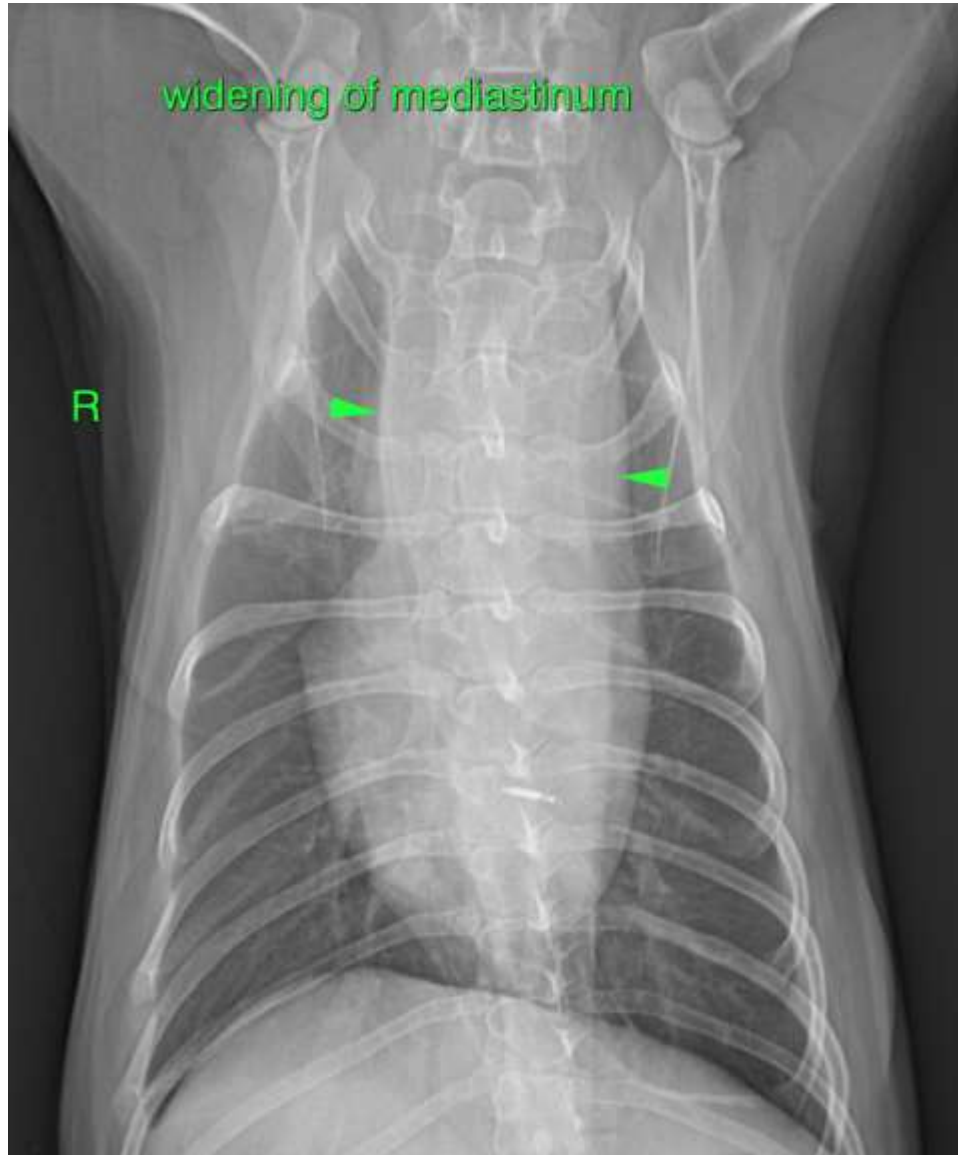
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

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