



PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Ippo Wesso Vomiting not eating for a few days
 Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: BW reveals elevated white blood cells, otherwise unremarkable

SPECIES RADIOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE ABDOMEN

Feline Radiographs of the abdomen in three imaging planes are provided for review.

RADIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

BREED The surrounding bony structures are within normal limits.

DSH No abnormalities of the extraabdominal soft tissues are noted. The abdominal wall is smooth and thin.

SEX The serosal detail is moderately decreased and the peritoneal fat presents a moderate soft tissue striation – effacing predominantly the margins of the small intestinal tract.

Male Neuter Some small intestinal loops present with unusual tapering slender and tapering gas bubbles.

AGE The liver is appropriate in position, size and presents uniform opacity.

14 Months The splenic head is in the anticipated position and within normal limits for size and opacity.

Both kidneys are seen and present with normal size, shape, delineation and opacity.

INTERPRETED BY The stomach is in its anticipated position and moderately distended by gas and foamy material.

Sebastian Schaub, DVM
 Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI

RADIOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Peritonitis
- Unusual gas pattern small intestinal loops
- Moderate gas and fluid distended stomach

HOSPITAL NAME

St. Catherine's Animal Hospital

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

There is evidence of peritoneal effusion and free peritoneal fluid, that can present exudate (e.g. pyogranulomatous) or transudate. Segments of the small intestinal loops present with an odd gas pattern that might be a sequela to corrugation secondary to the ascites/peritonitis, although not completely typical linear foreign body needs to be considered as well. I cannot appreciate free peritoneal gas.

REFERRING VET

Dr. Boctor

As the radiographic findings are not specific, a complete abdominal ultrasound examination would be ideal for further definition including tapping the peritoneal effusion. Anyway given the hyporexia, dilated stomach and vomiting, diagnostic celiotomy would be justifiable as well – including sampling for histopathology if not underlying cause can be specified.

INVOICE

54157

DATE

9-20-22



PATIENT

Ippo Wesso

SPECIES

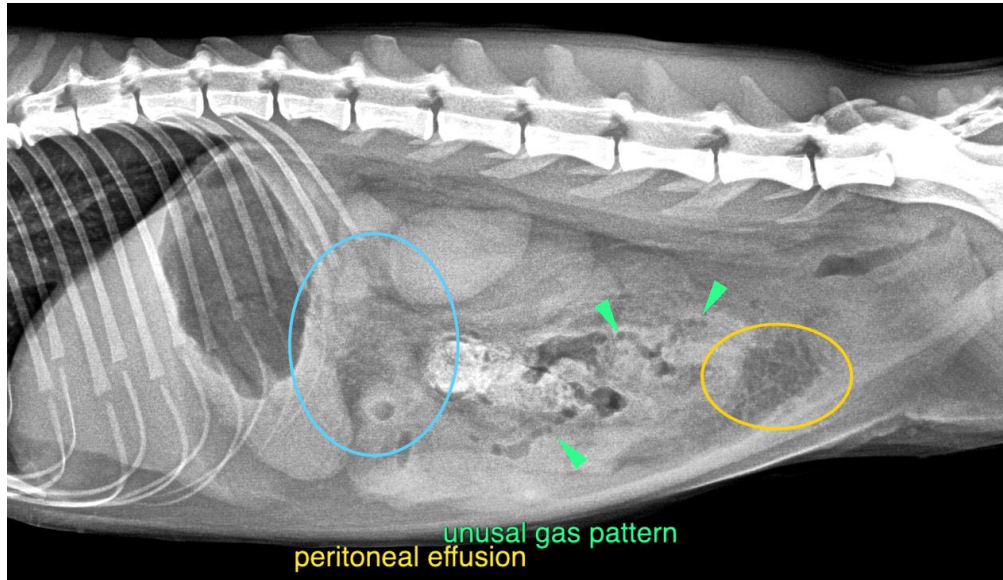
Feline

BREED

DSH

SEX

Male Neuter



AGE

14 Months

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub, DVM
Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI

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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

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