



PATIENT

Raider Tafoya

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Presented 9/12 for sudden onset (two days) swelling to ventral cervical region, cytology showed WBCs with no infection, treated for possible abscess with NSAID/ABX. Returned 9/20, not getting better, swelling subjectively harder, owner approved further therapy/diagnostics.

SPECIES

Canine

Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: PE 9/20 showed the mass subjectively more firm and 2-3 times larger than previous CBC/Chemistry- WNL Recheck Cytology 9/20- concerning for abnormal mesenchymal cells

BREED

Shepherd Mix

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHY OF THE NECK

A high resolution pre- and post-contrast CT study of the neck is provided for review.

SEX

Male Neutered

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

Generalized moderate enlargement of the mandibular and medial retropharyngeal lymph nodes bilaterally is seen; the lymph nodes are rounded, uniform soft tissue attenuating and mild heterogeneous contrast enhancement pattern. The left medial retropharyngeal lymph node presents an intraparenchymal post contrast roundish hypoattenuating lesion measuring 6 mm in size. The surrounding fat presents a moderate soft tissue striation and is moderately swollen, L>R. The associated sternohyoid muscle is swollen and has a heterogeneous contrast enhancement pattern.

AGE

6 Years

The osseous structures of the neck are within normal limits.

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub, DVM
Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Lymphadenopathy mandibular and medial retropharyngeal lymph nodes bilaterally, L>>R
- Surrounding steatitis
- Myositis left sternohyoid muscle

HOSPITAL NAME

Petroglyph Animal Hospital

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

The findings are consistent with the history of local lymphadenopathy, most accentuated of the left medial retropharyngeal lymph node present small intraparenchymal regions of necrosis or abscessation. The CT study presents no specific underlying cause. Both infectious causes – considered sampling for microbial culture – or canine sterile steroid-responsive lymphadenitis are the top differentials here. Biopsy of the lymph nodes can be also used to confirm the diagnosis and ruling out malignant transformation.

REFERRING VET

Whitney Jones

INVOICE

47477

DATE

9-20-21



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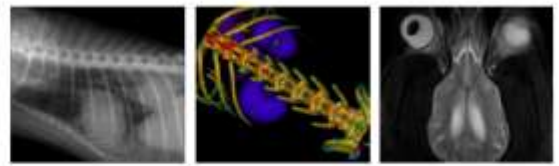
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

BREED

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Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Sebastian Schaub, Sebastian Schaub, DVM, Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI
sebast.schaub@gmail.com

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