



PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

PATIENT Mavis Gordon
SPECIES Canine
BREED Lab
SEX Spayed Female
AGE 4 Years

History: Mavis was presented to BVS+AE for a surgical consultation to discuss diagnostic and therapeutic options to address her right thoracic limb lameness. Mr. Gordon notes that the lameness first began more than 6 months ago and he suspects that it first began after Mavis jumped out of the car and slipped on some ice. Since that time Mavis has been off loading her right forelimb when she is standing or sitting and she holds it out farther. Mr. Gordon also notes that Mavis seems to lay around more often and he thinks that Mavis is likely in pain/uncomfortable. During these past few months Mavis has been taken to see Dr. Murphy and he has repeatedly taken radiographs but they have not shown many changes/abnormalities. Mavis has been given Carprofen 150mg PO Q24 and methocarbamol 500mg PO Q12 - but she remains lame.

Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results:

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE ELBOW JOINTS

A high resolution pre- and post-contrast CT study of the elbow joints is provided for review.

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

The perarticular bones of the right elbow joints present mild osteophyte new bone formation. The medial coronoid process has irregular margins and a heterogeneous density with a reduced attenuation pattern of the tip.

The medial coronoid process of the left elbow joint shows a generalized sclerosis and there appears to be a osseous isolated fragment at the laterocranial aspect of the medial coronoid process measuring 1.8 x 1.3 mm in size. The medial humeral condyle shows mild osteophyte new bone formation.

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Coronoid disease elbow joints bilaterally
- Suspect left sided fragmented medial coronoid process
- Mild degenerative osteoarthritis elbow joints bilaterally

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

The findings are consistent with mild degenerative joint disease of both elbow joints due to a pathology of the medial coronoid process.

Arthroscopy/arthrotomy of at least the clinically relevant right elbow joint is recommended to revise the elbow joint and remove non-vital tip/cartilage or fragment. Overall prognosis for the patient to be free of lameness is considered good after fragment removal. However, episodes of lameness may reoccur after exercise.

13098

DATE

9/14/21

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub,
 DVM Dr. med. vet.
 DipECVDI

HOSPITAL NAME

Bluegrass VS

REFERRING VET

Dr. Guevara



PATIENT

Mavis Gordon

SPECIES

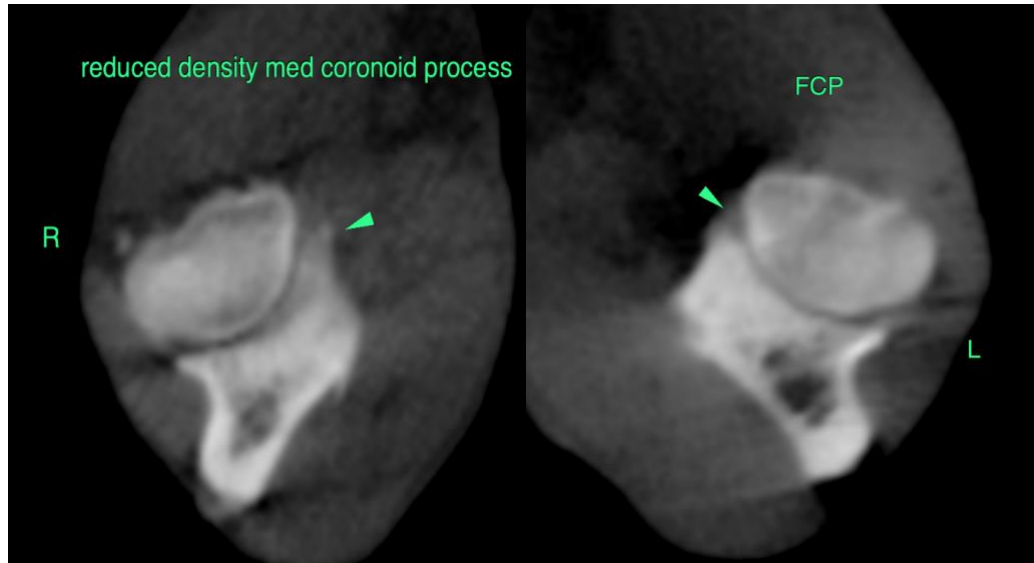
Canine

BREED

Lab

SEX

Spayed Female



AGE

4 Years

The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub,
DVM Dr. med. vet.
DipECVDI

Sebastian Schaub, Sebastian Schaub, DVM, Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI
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REFERRING VET

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INVOICE

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