

PATIENT

Cody Daley

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

bilateral hind limb lameness. Owner states that cody is "bunny hopping"

RADIOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE PELVIS AND STIFLE JOINTS

SPECIES

Canine

A complete set of radiographs of the pelvis and the stifle joints is provided for review.

BREED

English Labrador

RADIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

Both coxofemoral joints present moderate medial widening of the joint space. The acetabular groove bilaterally is shallow, and the center of the femoral heads is lateral to the dorsal acetabular rim.

SEX

MI

Proximal to the greater trochanter of the femur bilaterally, well-defined but irregular marginated small mineralized bodies are appreciated; measuring up to 9 mm in size.

In comparison to the left side, the volume of the soft tissue shadow of the right thigh musculature is mildly decreased.

AGE

1 Year, 5 Months

Both stifle joints present moderate intracapsular swelling, effacing the infrapatellar fat-pad cranially and distorting the fascial plane caudally. The periarticular bones of both stifle joints present moderate osteophyte new bone formation, R>L.

A retained cartilage core is seen at the caudoproximal aspect of the tibial tuberosity bilaterally.

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub, DVM
Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI

RADIOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Degenerative osteoarthritis stifle joints bilaterally, R>L
- Articular swelling stifle joints bilaterally
- Disuse atrophy right thigh musculature
- Hip dysplasia
- Metaplasia tendon gluteus medius muscle bilaterally

HOSPITAL NAME

Animal Surgical
Center

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

The radiographic study is consistent with bilateral chronic degenerative osteoarthritis with concomitant joint effusion of both stifle joints. The most-likely underlying cause is (partial) rupture of the cranial cruciate ligament with or without meniscal disease. If there is suspicion for underlying arthritis, consider complementing workup by a synovial tap.

REFERRING VET

Animal Health and
Wellness Veterinary

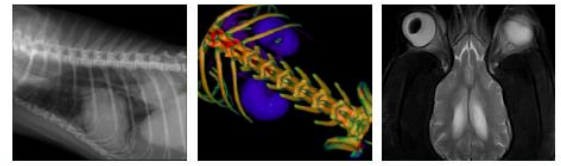
A positive drawer sign or tibial compression test under general anesthesia can be used to confirm the diagnosis of pathology of the cranial cruciate ligament.

INVOICE

54099

DATE

9-13-22



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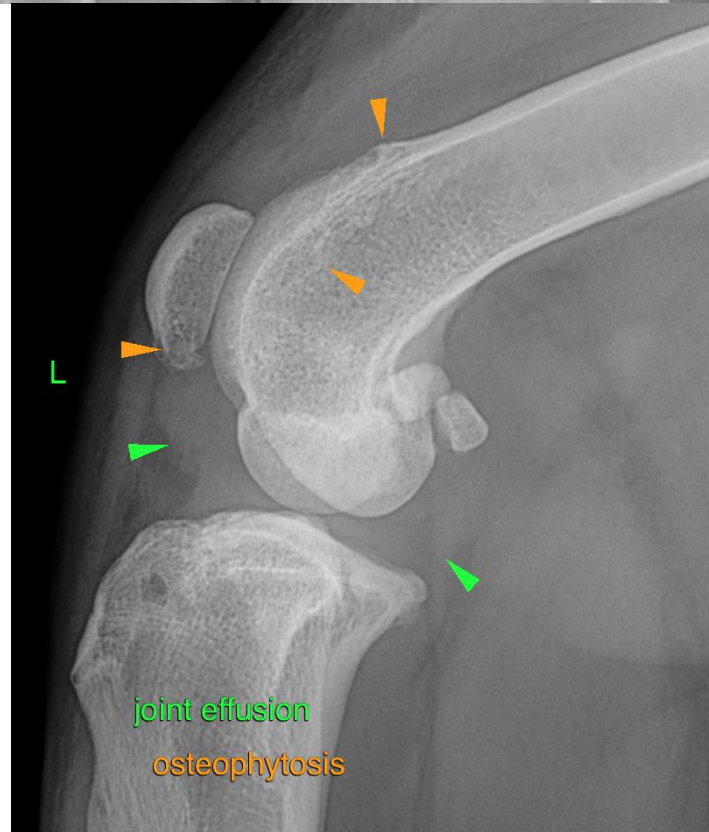
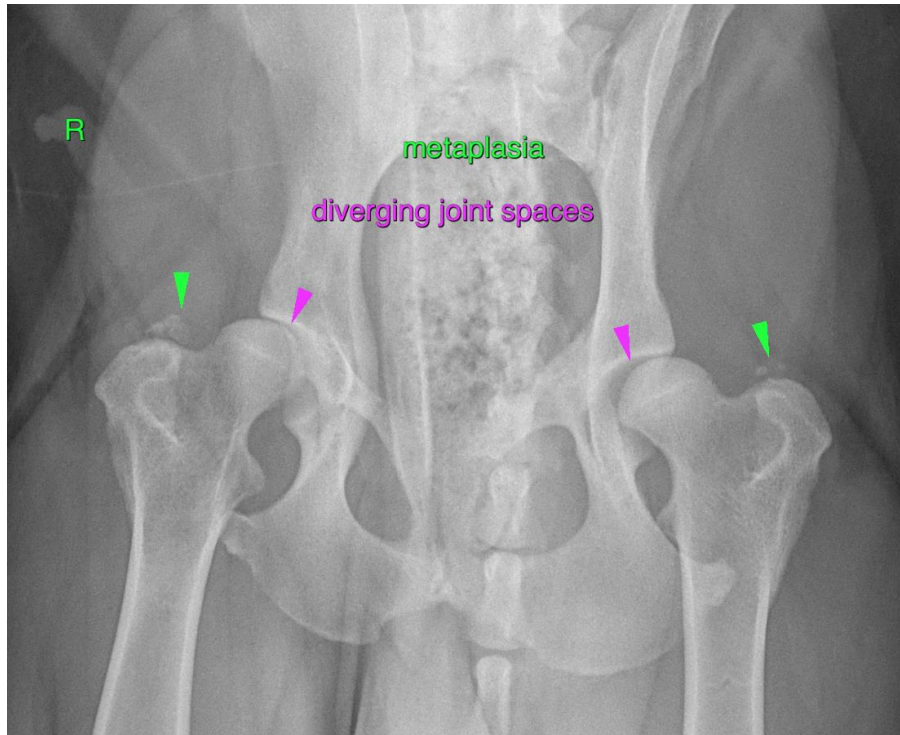
Animal Health and
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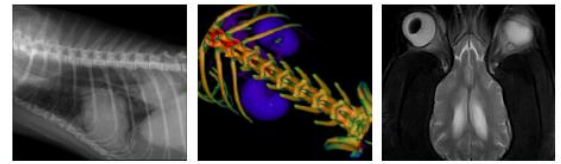
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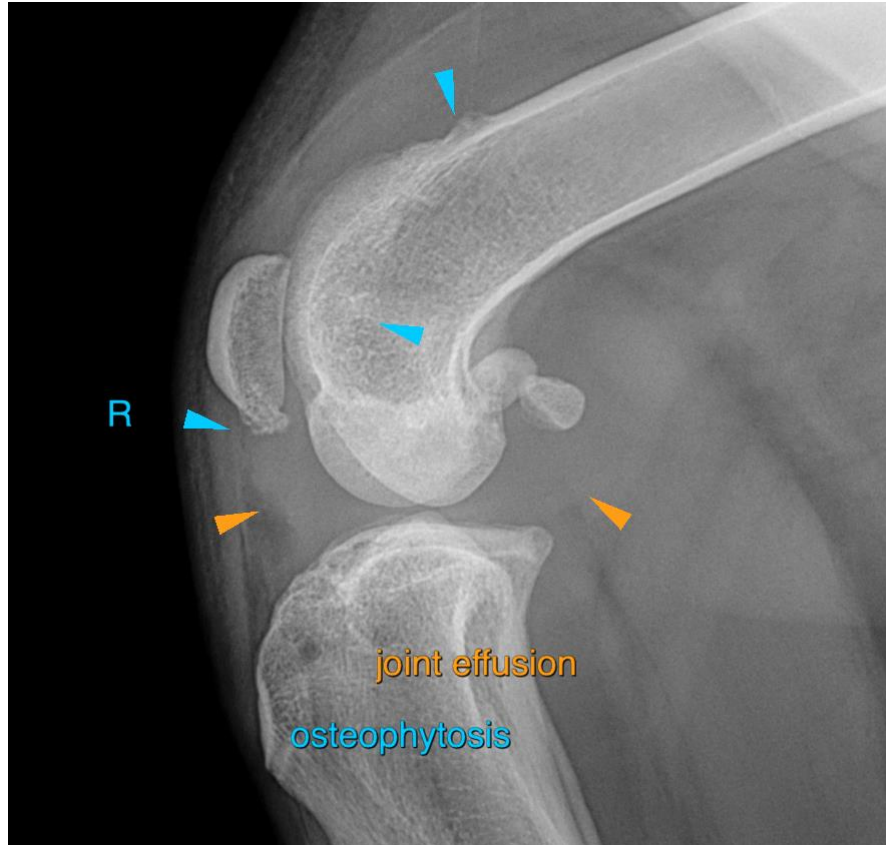
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Sebastian Schaub, Sebastian Schaub, DVM, Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI
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