



PATIENT

Lucy Zamora

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Presented 8/30 owner states patient is not eating as much as she use to. Interested in food but not eating. O states pet has a growth on right side of the mouth and thinks its painful. Previous TECA on the right.

SPECIES

Canine

Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: Enlarged mass right caudal lateral submandibular area. Moderate tartar, gingivitis, halitosis.

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHY OF THE SKULL

BREED

Maltese

A high resolution pre- and post-contrast CT study of the skull is provided for review.

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

SEX

Female Spayed

The pictured parts of the dentition are complete and unremarkable in all jaw quadrants.

The nasal cavity presents the expected aerated spaces between thin & even conchae and turbinates with smooth mucosal lining.

AGE

8 Years, 8 Months

Both temporomandibular joints present congruent joint spaces with even subchondral bone surfaces and are considered within normal limits.

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub, DVM
Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI

The right external ear canal is absent. Major parts of the lateroventral wall of the right tympanic bulla are absent. Protruding from the right tympanic bulla in the retropharyngeal space, a well-defined peripheral contrast enhancing and central hypoattenuating mass is visible measuring 3.8 x 2.4 x 4.1 cm in size. The cavitory mass is extending rostrally along the medial aspect of the right ramus of the mandible distorting the pharynx. The caudal extend is up to the level of C1. Mild mineralization of the outer capsule of the cavitory lesion is seen

HOSPITAL NAME

Mobile Pet Imaging

The brain presents no deviation from normal anatomy and symmetry. The brain parenchyma is homogeneous and within normal limits for attenuation and distribution of contrast enhancement. The ventricular system is non-dilated and symmetric.

The right medial retropharyngeal lymph node is prominent.

REFERRING VET

Meaux

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- History of right sided total ear canal ablation
- Large cavitory lesion originating from the right tympanic bulla with retropharyngeal extend
- Lymphadenopathy right medial retropharyngeal lymph node
- Multiple absent teeth

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INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

DATE

9-10-21

The cavitory lesion originating from the right tympanic bulla is highly suggestive for cholesteatoma/epidermoid cyst originating from remnants of the epithelial lining of the right tympanic bulla. Abscess formation is considered less likely. Surgical intervention and resection of major parts of the capsule is the therapy of choice.

Secondary reactive hyperplasia of the right medial retropharyngeal lymph node.



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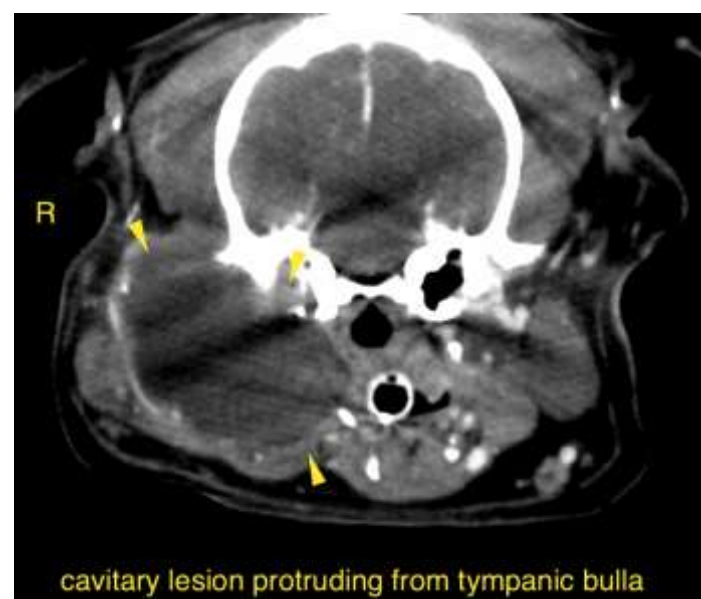
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

SPECIES

Canine

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Sebastian Schaub, Sebastian Schaub, DVM, Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI
sebast.schaub@gmail.com

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