



PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Biscuit Von Tobel History: Patient presented for possible pain and being lethargic. Started about a week ago, owner unsure if pet jumped off something. HX of IVDD episode last year, no rads taken at that time.

SPECIES Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: Painful on dorsal cervical extension and on lumbosacral spine. Abdomen tense, difficult to palpate, pet screamed in pain

Canine

RADIOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE THORAX, ABDOMEN AND ENTIRE SPINE

BREED An overview study including the thorax and abdomen in three imaging planes as well as of the cervical spine in two imaging planes are provided for review.

Chihuahua

RADIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

SEX Cervical Spine

Neutered Male

The osseous and surrounding soft tissue structures of the cervical spine present no abnormalities.

AGE Thorax

10.5 Years

The surrounding bony structures are within normal limits.

The extrathoracic soft tissues present homogeneous without abnormalities.

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub,
DVM Dr. med. vet.
DipECVDI

The heart is of normal size and shape, there is no evidence of cardiac chamber or vascular enlargement. The pulmonary vasculature is within normal limits.

The cranial mediastinum presents the expected soft tissue opacity. The mediastinal width is less than twice the width of the vertebral column at the same level.

HOSPITAL NAME

Boca Park AH

The bronchial tree presents with thin walls and tapers uniformly towards the periphery as expected. In the left lateral view of the thorax, ventral to the principal bronchus, a roundish soft tissue opacity is superimposed on the hilar region of the heart – not appreciated in the VD or right lateral projection of the thorax. The lung remainder of the parenchyma present the expected architecture and opacity; the intrapulmonary vascular branching is seen up to the third order lung vessels.

REFERRING VET

Dr. Corina Gorgon

The diaphragm is well delineated with even surface and the expected mild cranial bulging of the diaphragmatic cupola.

INVOICE Abdomen

16760

The surrounding bony structures are within normal limits. The osseous and surrounding soft tissue structures of the pelvis are within normal limits. Both coxofemoral joints present smooth osseous margins and congruent joint spaces.

DATE

8/5/22



PATIENT

Biscuit Von Tobel

No abnormalities of the extraabdominal soft tissues are noted. The abdominal wall is smooth and thin. The serosal detail is maintained throughout the peritoneal and retroperitoneal space.

SPECIES

Canine

The hepatic volume is mildly increased, the caudoventral margins are rounded.

The splenic head is in the anticipated position and within normal limits for size and opacity. The splenic body and tail are considered normal for position, size, shape and opacity.

BREED

Chihuahua

Both kidneys are seen and present with normal size, shape, delineation and opacity. The urinary bladder is in its anticipated position. No radiopaque calculi are noted throughout the upper and lower urinary tract.

SEX

Neutered Male

The stomach is in its anticipated position and presents normal content.

The small intestinal loops are of even diameter and non-dilated, a small amount of gas is seen within the small intestinal loops and considered within normal limits.

AGE

10.5 Years

The colon is seen in the expected position and presents with appropriate content.

RADIOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Possible pulmonary nodule
- Mild hepatomegaly
- Tracheal collapse, cervical segment
- Normal cervical, thoracic and lumbar spine
- Normal pelvis

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INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

HOSPITAL NAME

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The roundish soft tissue opacity of the lung can present summation of vascular structures, a solitary pulmonary nodule needs to be considered as well (e.g. granuloma, cyst, neoplasia, fibrosis, round pneumonia). Either well inspirated follow up radiographs of the thorax in 4-6 weeks or a CT study can be used to rule in/out pulmonary nodule.

REFERRING VET

Dr. Corina Gorgon

Potentials for the hepatomegaly include metabolic hepatic disease/steroid induced hepatopathy, hepatitis or neoplastic infiltration. Ultrasound including FNA sampling can be used as minimally advanced diagnostic tests.

INVOICE

16760

The radiographic study presents no abnormalities, along the spine, explaining the pain. In case of strong clinical suspicion for compressive myelopathy, cross-sectional imaging can be considered as advanced imaging modality.

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SPECIES

Canine

BREED

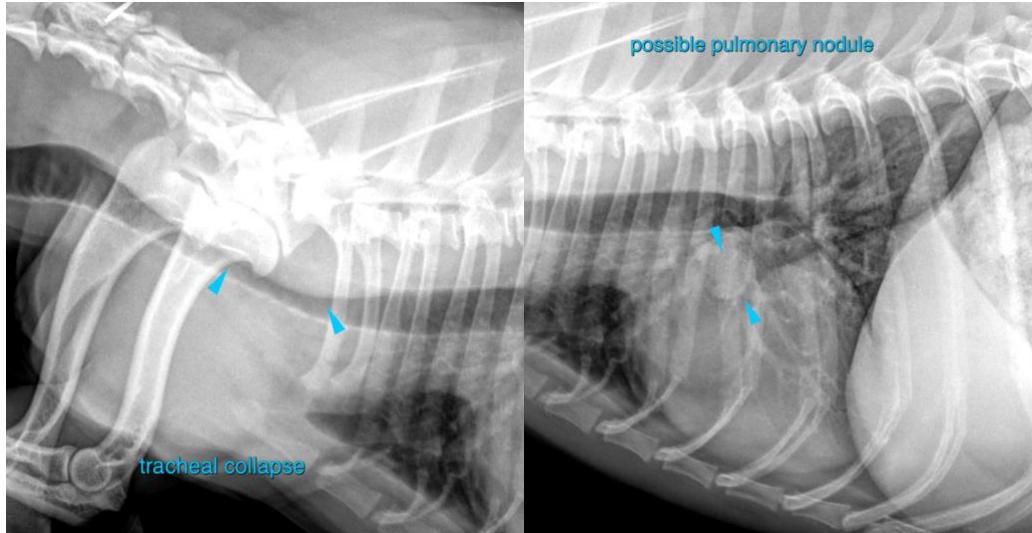
Chihuahua

SEX

Neutered Male

AGE

10.5 Years



The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

INTERPRETED BY

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