



PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Cole Bohr Pre-surgical imaging [sialocele]/ ranula. Previous surgery 2-3 times per owner, drained with marsupialization

SPECIES COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHY OF THE SKULL

K9 A high resolution pre- and post-contrast CT study of the skull is provided for review.

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

BREED

Labrador Retriever

The pictured parts of the dentition are complete and unremarkable in all jaw quadrants.

The nasal cavity presents the expected aerated spaces between thin & even conchae and turbinates with smooth mucosal lining.

SEX

MN

Both temporomandibular joints present congruent joint spaces with even subchondral bone surfaces and are considered within normal limits.

Both tympanic bullae are aerated, the mucosal lining is not seen, the bony wall is smooth and thin. The external ear canals are within normal limits.

AGE

1 Year

The brain presents no deviation from normal anatomy and symmetry. The brain parenchyma is homogeneous and within normal limits for attenuation and distribution of contrast enhancement. The ventricular system is non-dilated and symmetric.

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub, DVM
Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI

The left mandibular and sublingual monostomatic salivary gland are absent.

Along the medial aspect of the right body of the mandible, a tubular, soft tissue structure, demarcated by a mild irregular prominent soft tissue attenuating wall is appreciated, presenting a fluid attenuating center. The tubular soft tissue structure is measuring approximately 3.8 x 2.6 x 6.2 cm in size. In the caudal aspect the tubular lesion is located at the medial aspect of the right digastric muscle and extending rostrally up to the level of triadan 409.

HOSPITAL NAME

County Line Vet
Hospital

The submandibular and medial retropharyngeal lymph nodes are small and elongated with a normal short-to-long-axis-ratio is < 0.5, the attenuation and contrast enhancement pattern is uniform.

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

REFERRING VET

Dr. Heitzman

- History of right sided sialocele (ranula)
- Suspect preceding excision left mandibular and sublingual monostomatic salivary gland

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

INVOICE

53813

The CT study is consistent with the history of right sided ranula formation – surgical management by the means of right sided sialoadenectomy of the right mandibular and sublingual monostomatic salivary gland is considered as the therapy of choice.

DATE

8-30-22



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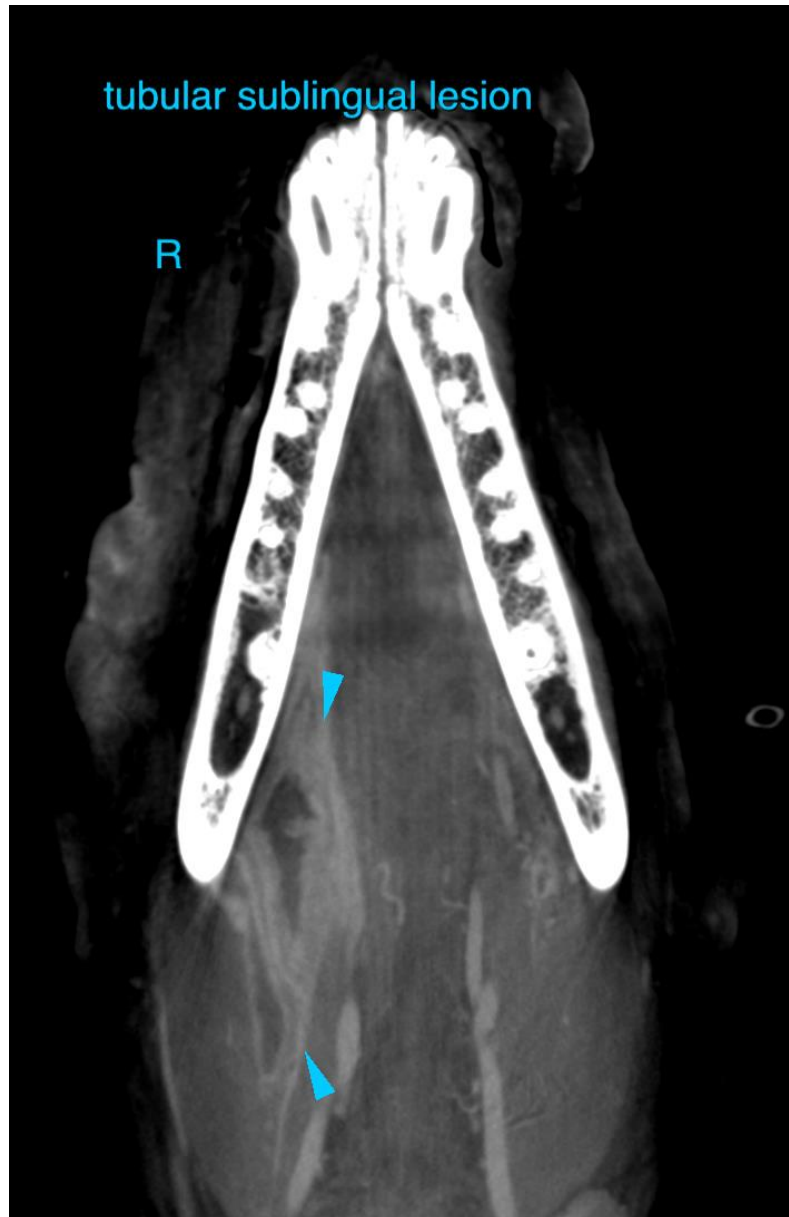
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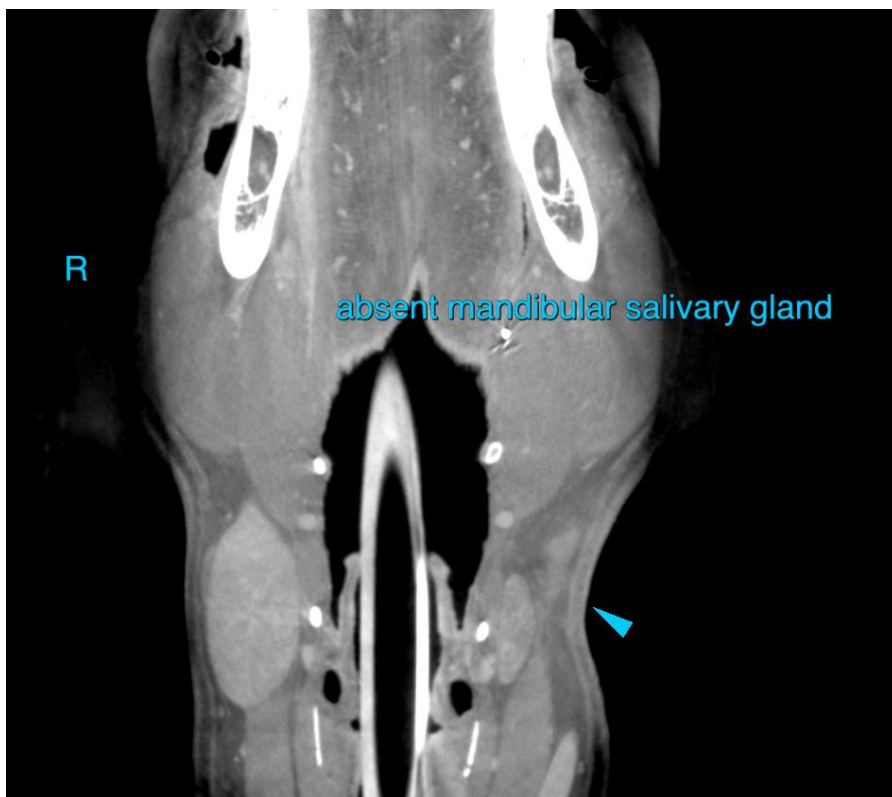
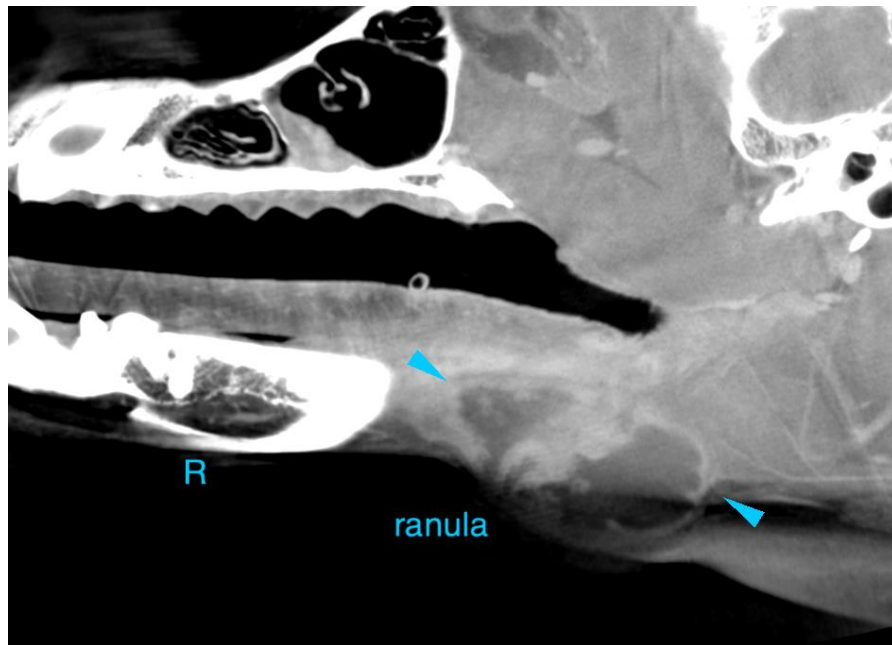
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

SPECIES

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Sebastian Schaub, Sebastian Schaub, DVM, Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI
sebast.schaub@gmail.com

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