



PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Aston Criscio
 Aston presented for non wt. bearing lameness of the LR of 4-5 days duration. No known trauma
 Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: PE--significant palpable swelling on L stifle Labs are all wnl

SPECIES RADIOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE STIFLE JOINTS

Canine
 Radiographs of both stifle joints in two orthogonal imaging planes are provided for review.

BREED RADIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

Boxer Mix
 The volume of the left thigh musculature is significantly decreased.

SEX
 M
 The periarticular bones of the left stifle joint present moderate osteophyte new bone formation and a marked intracapsular swelling of the left stifle joint is noted. There is an increased retropatellar space and in the craniocaudal view, the patella of the left stifle joint is superimposed on the medial femoral condyle. In the mediolateral projection of the left stifle joint, the caudal cortex of a femoral condyle is indistinct. Mild cranial subluxation of the left tibia is appreciated.

AGE
 10
 The right stifle joint presents smooth osseous margins and without signs of intracapsular swelling.

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub, DVM
 Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI

RADIOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Advanced degenerative osteoarthritis left stifle joint
- Marked articular swelling left stifle joint
- Left sided medial patellar luxation
- Possible osteolytic lesion caudal aspect one femoral condyle left stifle joint
- Disuse atrophy musculature left hind limb
- Normal right stifle joint

HOSPITAL NAME

Golden Isles Animal Hospital

REFERRING VET

James Hornbuckle

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

Overall, I consider the odds for advanced degenerative joint disease with joint effusion ± synovial thickening high and given the mild cranial subluxation of the left tibia failure of the cranial cruciate ligament would be the top diagnosis. The medial patellar luxation of the left stifle joint is likely a sequela to the marked distension of the left stifle joint. The indistinct appearing caudal cortex of one femoral condyle can be a subjective impression, resulting in the impression of lysis however prior to surgical intervention for cranial cruciate ligament repair, FNA sampling/a synovial tap ± biopsy of the joint capsule are recommended to rule out neoplastic transformation (e.g. synovial cell sarcoma, round cell tumor, other).

INVOICE

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The advanced muscle atrophy of the left hind limb, indicates more long-standing lameness, that might have been unnoticed.

DATE

8-30-22



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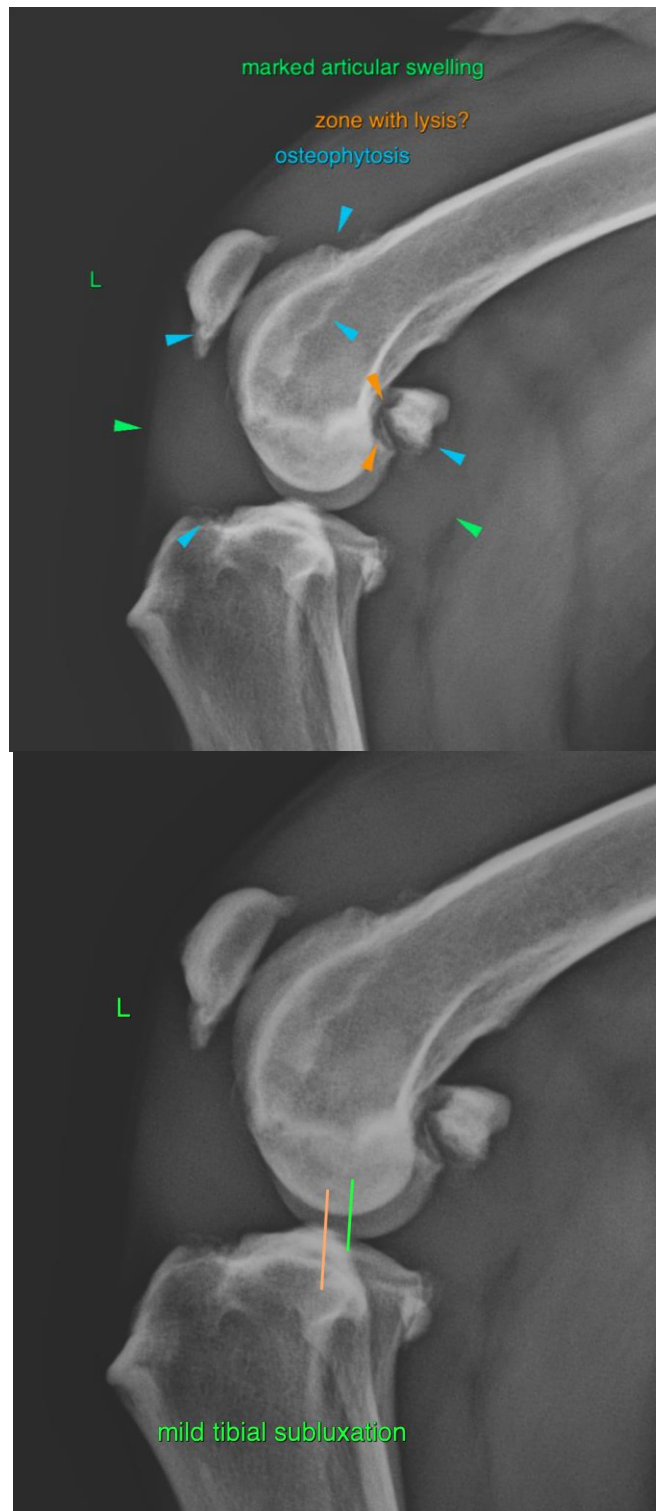
James Hornbuckle

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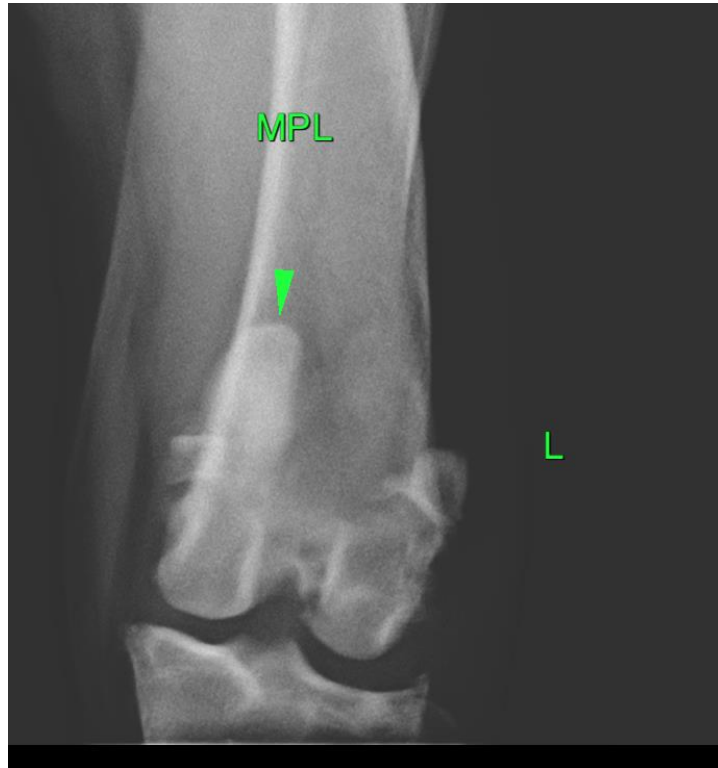
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

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