



PATIENT

Jack Echols

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

History: Anorexia, lethargic, vomiting/diarrhea
 Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: Abnormals (CBC/Profile/UA/Cytology/Rads): Lab review: 5-10-22- fecal giardi/worms negative, SDMA 15 ug/dl, BUN 20 mg/dl, Cr 0.6 mg/dl, TP 5.2 g/dl, albumin 2.2 g/dl, lipase 1549 U/L, amylase 1283 U/L. Lab review 8-22-22: mild relative (14.7%) and absolute (1.5 K/ul) monocytosis, Elevated SDMA (20 ug/dl), high normal BUN (30 mg/dl), low total protein (5.3 g/dl) and albumin (2.1 g/dl), elevated lipase (557 U/L) and normal amylase (1030 U/L), low normal T4 (1.0 ug/dl).

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

English Cocker Spaniel

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHY OF THE ABDOMEN

A high resolution pre- and post-contrast CT study of the abdomen is provided for review.

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

The serosal fat presents normal attenuation behavior. There is no evidence of peritoneal effusion or peritonitis.

SEX

Male

Both kidneys present mild irregular margins. After contrast administration both kidneys present a heterogeneous contrast enhancement pattern with roundish parenchymal filling defects. The cranial wall of the urethra is prominent, measuring up to 5.6 mm in diameter.

AGE

15 Years

The adrenal glands are within normal limits for size, shape and organ architecture.

Both liver and spleen present with normal shape, even surface, uniformly attenuating parenchyma and homogeneous contrast enhancement, unremarkable.

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub, DVM
 Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI

The pancreas is evenly contoured, the pancreatic parenchyma is homogeneous and presents uniform contrast enhancement.

The gastric rugal fold are generalized prominent. The position, delineation, wall and content of the gastrointestinal tract are considered within normal limits throughout.

HOSPITAL NAME

Parrish Creek Veterinary Clinic

The periarticular bones of both coxofemoral joints present mild to moderate osteophyte new bone formation.

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

REFERRING VET

Dr. Scott Echols

- Suspect mild generalized mural thickening of the gastric wall
- Suspect transmural thickening wall of the proximal urethra
- Chronic nephropathy with renal cortical cysts
- Degenerative osteoarthritis coxofemoral joints bilaterally

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INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

The prominent gastric wall with thickening of the rugal folds is suggestive for underlying gastritis. An underlying cause for the diarrhea cannot be specified – if not done so yet, recommend complementing blood work by cpl to rule in/out underlying pancreatitis.

DATE

8-24-22

The urethral wall appears circumferentially thickened, concerning for urethritis or neoplastic infiltration. Complementing workup by an ultrasound examination will help for further definition of the urethral wall.



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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

SEX

Male

Sebastian Schaub, Sebastian Schaub, DVM, Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI
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