



PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Tucker Addy HX of intermittent lameness for years. Abnormalities noted at this practice seemed to be R elbow; previous veterinary facilities noted the L as abnormal.

SPECIES RADIOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE ELBOW JOINTS

Canine Radiographs of the elbow joints in two orthogonal imaging planes are provided for review.

BREED RADIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

Golden Retriever The periarticular bones of the left elbow joint present smooth osseous margins. The contour of the medial coronoid process is well-delineated and presents a homogeneous density. No abnormalities of the surrounding soft tissue structures are appreciated. The subchondral bone of the left trochlea humeri presents a small radiolucent zone.

SEX The periarticular bones of the right elbow joint present mild osteophyte new bone formation. The contour of the medial coronoid process presents a decreased density, and the tip is blurred. A moderate sclerosis is seen at the base of the medial coronoid process of the right elbow joint. The right radial head presents a tulip like conformation. The subchondral bone of the right trochlea humeri presents a concave depression

MN

AGE RADIOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- 3 Years
- Coronoid disease right elbow joint
 - Mild degenerative osteoarthritis right elbow joint
 - Suspect contact lesion right trochlea humeri
 - Radiolucent

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub, DVM
Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

HOSPITAL NAME

Brunswick Veterinary Hospital

The radiographic study is consistent with pathology of the medial coronoid process of the right elbow joint – such as fragmented medial coronoid process (FCP) – and secondary ‘kissing-lesion’ of the medial humeral condyle. A CT study of the elbow joints can be used as advanced imaging modality, arthroscopy/arthrotomy of the right elbow joint appears indicated.

REFERRING VET

The radiolucent zone of the left medial humeral condyle can be artefactual due to superimposition with normal anatomy (Mach-phenomenon). However, a small OCD lesion cannot be ruled out, but appears less likely.

Dr. Heather Burrows

INVOICE

53587

DATE

8-18-22



PATIENT

Tucker Addy

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Golden Retriever

SEX

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AGE

3 Years

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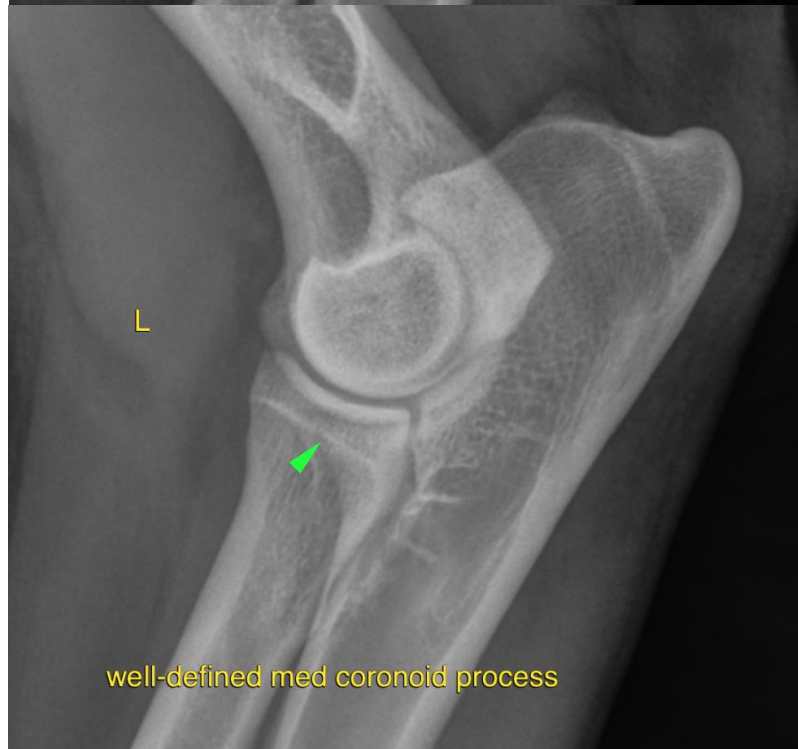
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PATIENT

Tucker Addy

The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

SPECIES

Canine

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Sebastian Schaub, Sebastian Schaub, DVM, Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI
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Golden Retriever

SEX

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AGE

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