



**PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS**

Fizz Carter \*DVM pet. Rescued about 5-6 years ago. Unilateral epistaxis with mucoid discharge, reverse sneezing, and regular sneezing; symptoms began on 8/7/22 after coming inside after eating grass. Pt recently 8/9/2022 completed CHOP for B Cell Lymphoma

**SPECIES** Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: \*DVM pet LASM Grade III/VI

**Canine COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHY OF THE SKULL**

A high resolution pre- and post-contrast CT study of the skull is provided for review.

**BREED COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC FINDINGS**

Affenpinscher Yorkie Mix

The tooth elements 102, 103, 108-110, 202, 205, 206, 210, 301, 310, 311, 401 and 411 are absent. A remaining fragment of the root of triadan 202 is seen within the alveolar crest. Triadan 104, 105, 106 and 207 present a moderate horizontal bone loss.

**SEX** A small amount of fluid attenuating material is attached to the nasal mucosal lining, L>R. Moderate destruction of the left nasal conchal structures is visible.

Spayed Female Both temporomandibular joints present congruent joint spaces with even subchondral bone surfaces and are considered within normal limits.

**AGE** Both tympanic bullae are aerated, the mucosal lining is not seen, the bony wall is smooth and thin. The external ear canals are within normal limits.

~12 Years The brain presents no deviation from normal anatomy and symmetry. The brain parenchyma is homogeneous and within normal limits for attenuation and distribution of contrast enhancement. The ventricular system is non-dilated and symmetric.

**INTERPRETED BY** The submandibular and medial retropharyngeal lymph nodes are small and elongated with a normal short-to-long-axis-ratio is < 0.5, the attenuation and contrast enhancement pattern is uniform.

Sebastian Schaub, DVM  
Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI

**COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS**

- HOSPITAL NAME**
- Left sided destructive rhinitis
  - Periodontal disease 104, 105, 106, 207
  - Retained root 202
  - Multiple absent teeth
- Mobile Pet Imaging

**REFERRING VET INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS**

Meaux An underlying cause for the rhinitis cannot be specified, as the findings are most pronounced in the left nasal cavity with mild conchal destruction, rule out nasal foreign material. There is no evidence of macroscopic oronasal fistula formation as source for the rhinitis. Non-specific rhinitis is a possibility as well (e.g. lymphocytic plasmocytic, eosinophilic). If clinical signs persist, rhinoscopy including biopsy and sampling for microbial culture is recommended.

**INVOICE**  
53517

**DATE**  
8-16-22



**PATIENT**

Fizz Carter

**SPECIES**

Canine

**BREED**

Affenpinscher Yorkie  
Mix

**SEX**

Spayed Female

**AGE**

~12 Years

**INTERPRETED BY**

Sebastian Schaub, DVM  
Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI

**HOSPITAL NAME**

Mobile Pet Imaging

**REFERRING VET**

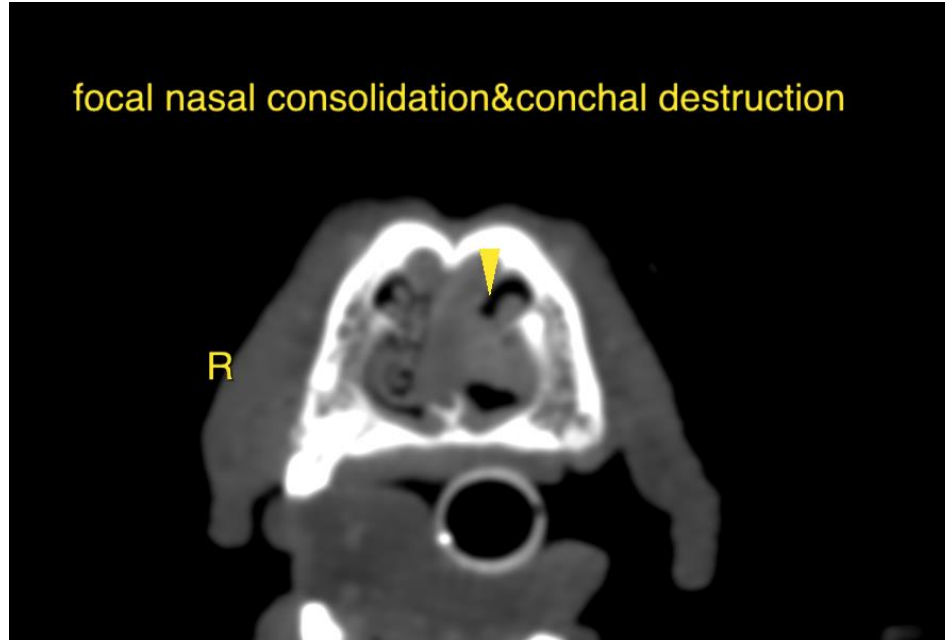
Meaux

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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

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