



PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Oreo Castellanos Rechecking: Left front paw. O suspects pet injured the foot whilst running around the pool. Weight bearing lameness History: Oreo is an intact male boxer mix presenting today to recheck paws. Apoquel helped some but not 100%. O was out of town and ps paw got worse while he was gone*. P was running around outside and got blisters on paw while o was gone. Now paw is swollen and inflamed. Significant weight loss per o and drastically decreased appetite for at least a week since owner has returned from vacation. *Pet was on Apoquel bid x 14 days TestRx
SPECIES Canine
 Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: Exam Notes: Podo-dermatitis, erythema and saliva staining on paws. Favors front (L) paw from time to time. No crepitus or pain response on palpation.

BREED RADIOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE FRONT PAWS

Boxer Mix Radiographs of the left front paw in two orthogonal imaging planes and the right front paw in a dorsopalmar view are provided for review.

SEX RADIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

Intact Male The third digit of the left front paw presents a circumferential, homogeneous soft tissue swelling. A generalized mild to moderate circular soft tissue swelling of the left front paw is noted. In the distal third of the third metacarpal bone, of the left front paw, an ovoid shaped, well-defined geographic osteolytic lesion is appreciated. The osseous structures of the left front paw are unremarkable.

AGE

2 Years, 6 Months The osseous and soft tissue structures of the right front paw are within normal limits.

RADIOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Generalized soft tissue swelling left front paw, most accentuated level with the 3rd digit.
- Benign monostotic osteolytic lesion distal aspect third metacarpal bone left front paw.

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

HOSPITAL NAME The radiographic study is fitting the history of generalized soft tissue swelling of the left front paw – an inflammatory or traumatic origin is considered likely. There are no signs of fracture or aggressive bone lesion.
 DPC Veterinary Hospital

REFERRING VET The appreciated osteolytic lesion of the third left metacarpal bone presents no signs of aggressive behavior and potentials can include fatty bone marrow replacement, osseous cyst, fibrous dysplasia, granuloma, osteomyelitis or less likely neoplastic (e.g. round cell tumor). The osseous lesion can be an incidental finding, unrelated to the current presenting clinical signs. A follow up radiographic study of the left front paw in 4-6 weeks can be considered to check if the osseous lesion is stationary.
 Dr. Weekes

INVOICE

59674

DATE

8-14-23

Sebastian Schaub, DVM
 Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI



PATIENT

Oreo Castellanos

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Boxer Mix

SEX

Intact Male

AGE

2 Years, 6 Months

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub, DVM
Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI

HOSPITAL NAME

DPC Veterinary
Hospital

REFERRING VET

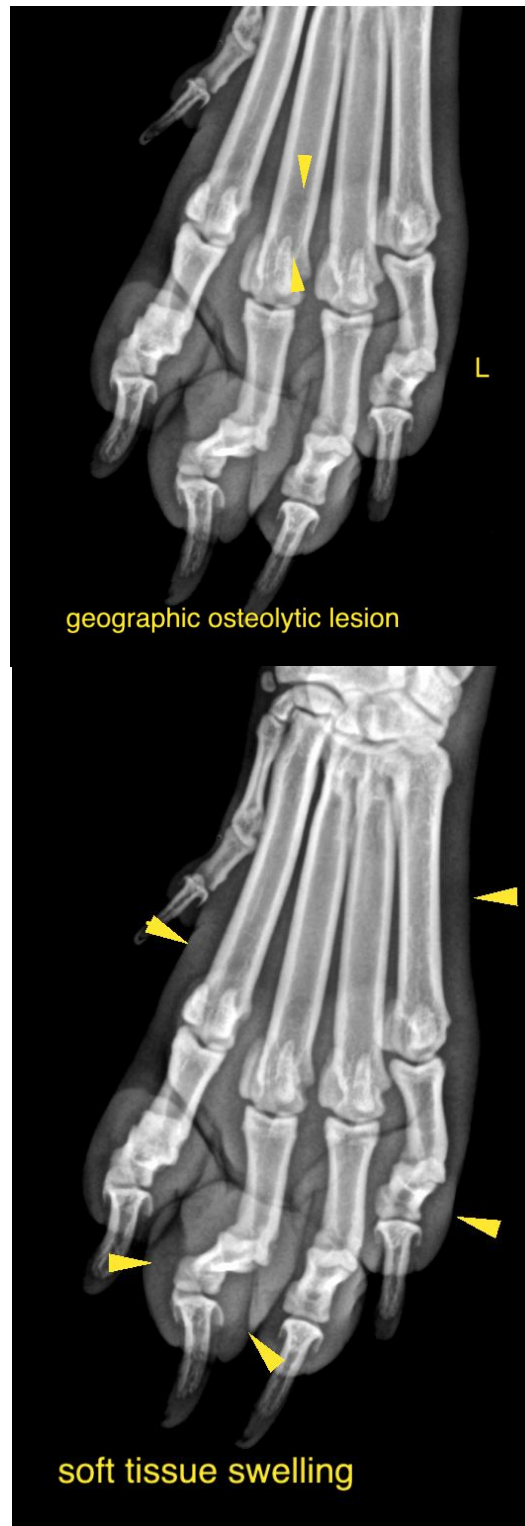
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PATIENT

Oreo Castellanos

The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

SPECIES

Canine

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

BREED

Boxer Mix

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SEX

Intact Male

AGE

2 Years, 6 Months

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