



PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Sophie McDouglad History: Sophie has always had esophagus issues and would regurgitate food if she ate too fast but the last few days she's been coughing and both regurgitating and vomiting 3-5x daily. Videos seen on the owner's phone, showing coughing and gagging.

SPECIES Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: No heart murmur, No crackles or wheezes in the lungs. Coughing on tracheal palpation. Blood work done a month ago show leukocytosis and neutrophilia. Canine Chemistry show moderate elevation in ALKP. LDDST was normal. UA show infection and has been treated with Clavaseptin.

BREED RADIOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE THORAX

Springer Spaniel A complete set of radiographs of the thorax is provided for review.

SEX RADIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

Spayed Female Moderate spondylosis formation is seen along the mid segment of the thoracic spine. The extrathoracic soft tissues present homogeneous without abnormalities.

AGE The heart is of normal size and shape, there is no evidence of cardiac chamber or vascular enlargement. 13 Years

The pulmonary vasculature is within normal limits.

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub,
DVM Dr. med. vet.
DipECVDI

Generalized moderate to marked dilation of the esophagus is seen, containing gas and gravity dependent soft tissue material. The intrathoracic segment of the trachea shows a ventral bend due to the mass effect.

HOSPITAL NAME

The trachea is normal in diameter and presents the anticipated course. The luminal outline of the trachea is smooth.

Truscott AH

The ventral dependent aspects of the lung present moderate peribronchial cuffing. The ventral aspects of the lung parenchyma present a moderate unstructured reticular lung pattern.

REFERRING VET

Dr. Erini Abraham

The diaphragm is well delineated with even surface and the expected mild cranial bulging of the diaphragmatic cupola.

RADIOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- INVOICE**
- Megaesophagus
 - Moderate bronchointerstitial pattern – most accentuated ventral aspects of the lung
 - Spondylosis deformans thoracic spine
- 12495

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

DATE

8/10/21



PATIENT

Sophie McDouglad

The CT study is consistent with megaesophagus and the lung pattern indicates aspiration pneumonia – might be in transition. Causes for megaesophagus include idiopathic, hypothyroidism, myasthenia gravis, hypoadrenocorticism or paraneoplastic.

SPECIES

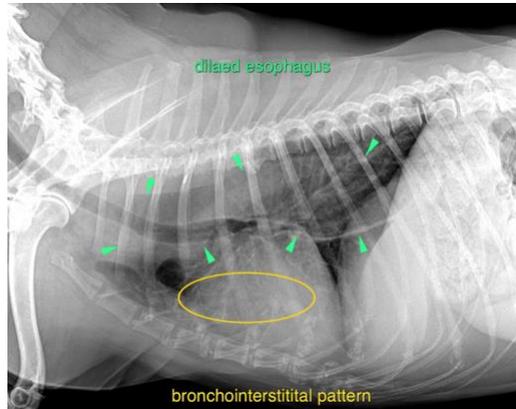
Canine

BREED

Springer Spaniel

SEX

Spayed Female



AGE

13 Years

The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub,
DVM Dr. med. vet.
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