



PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

PATIENT Harley Hendersen #13547LB-CT
SPECIES Feline
PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS History: 3 month progressive history of rhinitis symptoms with poor response to subjective therapies including non-targeted antibiotics, NSAIDS and antihistamines. Symptoms seem progressive in that now suspect bi-lateral discharge and discharge character moves from clear to mucoid and colored as well as hemorrhagic at times. Complete dental therapy with primary DVM failed to find problems. Seems less responsive to antibiotic therapy (doxycycline) now than with previous therapy
 Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: Minor neutrophillia with normal thyroid levels as well as a negative Cryptococcal antigen test completed.

BREED COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE SKULL

BREED DSH
COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE SKULL A high resolution pre- and post-contrast CT study of the skull including the neck is provided for review.

SEX COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

SEX Neutered Male
COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC FINDINGS The tooth elements 206, 307 and 407 are absent.

AGE 8 Years 5 Months
COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC FINDINGS In both nasal cavities, a mild to moderate amount of fluid attenuating material is attached to the nasal mucosal lining. Post contrast administration, the nasal mucosal lining is moderately thickened. Mild destruction of the nasal conchal structures is appreciated.

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC FINDINGS Both temporomandibular joints present congruent joint spaces with even subchondral bone surfaces and are considered within normal limits.

INTERPRETED BY

INTERPRETED BY Sebastian Schaub, DVM Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI
COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC FINDINGS Both tympanic bullae are aerated, the mucosal lining is not seen, the bony wall is smooth and thin. The external ear canals are within normal limits.

HOSPITAL NAME

HOSPITAL NAME Gentle Doctor AH
COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC FINDINGS The brain presents no deviation from normal anatomy and symmetry. The brain parenchyma is homogeneous and within normal limits for attenuation and distribution of contrast enhancement. The ventricular system is non-dilated and symmetric.

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC FINDINGS The submandibular and medial retropharyngeal lymph nodes are prominent.

REFERRING VET COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

REFERRING VET Pete Bashara, DVM
COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Mild destructive rhinitis
- Lymphadenopathy mandibular and medial retropharyngeal lymph nodes bilaterally
- Absent triadan 206, 307 & 407

INVOICE

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INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

DATE

7/8/22



PATIENT

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The findings are consistent with chronic inflammatory rhinitis and emerging destruction of the nasal turbinate structures. Viral rhinitis ± bacterial superinfection is most common, primary bacterial rhinitis or less likely mycotic rhinitis are considerations but appear less likely.

Sampling for culture and histopathology has already been performed, regarding the history and results are pending. Clinical signs may reoccur in chronic cases of rhinosinusitis.

SPECIES

Feline

The prominent tributary lymph nodes are compatible with secondary reactive hyperplasia.

BREED

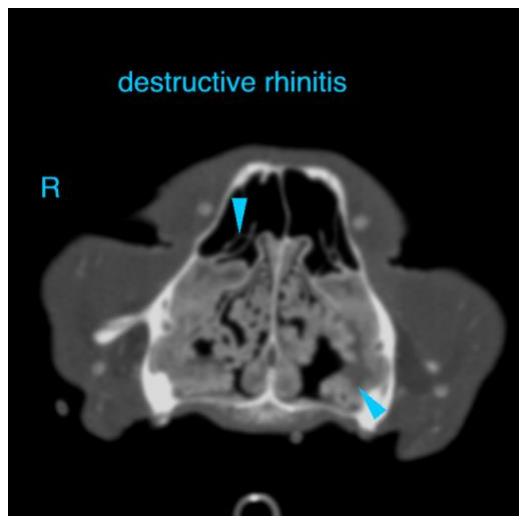
DSH

SEX

Neutered Male

AGE

8 Years 5 Months



INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub,
DVM Dr. med. vet.
DipECVDI

The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

HOSPITAL NAME

Gentle Doctor AH

Sebastian Schaub, Sebastian Schaub, DVM, Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI
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REFERRING VET

Pete Bashara, DVM

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