



PATIENT

Enzo De Burgh
Thomas

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

2 DAYS HISTORY OF STARING TO URINATE X-RAY SUBMITTED INCLUDES ROUTINE X-RAY AND AIR CONTRAST (250 ROOM AIR WAS INFUSED TO THE BLADDER WITH 8 FR URINARY CATHETER .
Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: BW: N/A

SPECIES

Canine

RADIOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE ABDOMEN

Radiographs of the abdomen in two imaging planes are provided for review, including a negative contrast cystography.

BREED

English Bulldog

RADIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

The surrounding bony structures are within normal limits.

No abnormalities of the extraabdominal soft tissues are noted. The abdominal wall is smooth and thin.

SEX

Male

The serosal detail is maintained throughout the peritoneal and retroperitoneal space.

The liver is appropriate in position, size and presents uniform opacity.

AGE

7 Years

The splenic body and tail are considered normal for position, size, shape and opacity.

Both kidneys are seen and present with normal size, shape, delineation and opacity. In the caudoventral abdomen, two ovoid shaped, well-defined, soft tissue opaque structures are visible, displacing the small intestinal loops cranially and mildly dorsally. In the negative contrast cystography, the cranial ovoid shaped structure is the urinary bladder, and the caudal ovoid shaped structure is considered as the prostate. Superimposed on the urinary bladder, an innumerable amount of mineral opaque calculi, measuring up to 2.7 mm in diameter is appreciated. No mineral opaque calculus is appreciated along the course of the urethra, but the most caudal aspect is cropped by the collimation.

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub, DVM
Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI

HOSPITAL NAME

St. Catherine's Animal
Hospital

The stomach is in its anticipated position and presents normal content.

The small intestinal loops are of even diameter and non-dilated, a small amount of gas is seen within the small intestinal loops and considered within normal limits.

RADIOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Cystolithiasis
- Prostatomegaly

REFERRING VET

Dr. Boctor

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

INVOICE

52761

The urinary calculi are a plausible source for dysuria when the calculi become dislodged into the urethral. Surgical management is considered as the therapy of choice.

The most likely underlying cause for the prostatomegaly is benign prostatic hyperplasia.

DATE

7-7-22



PATIENT

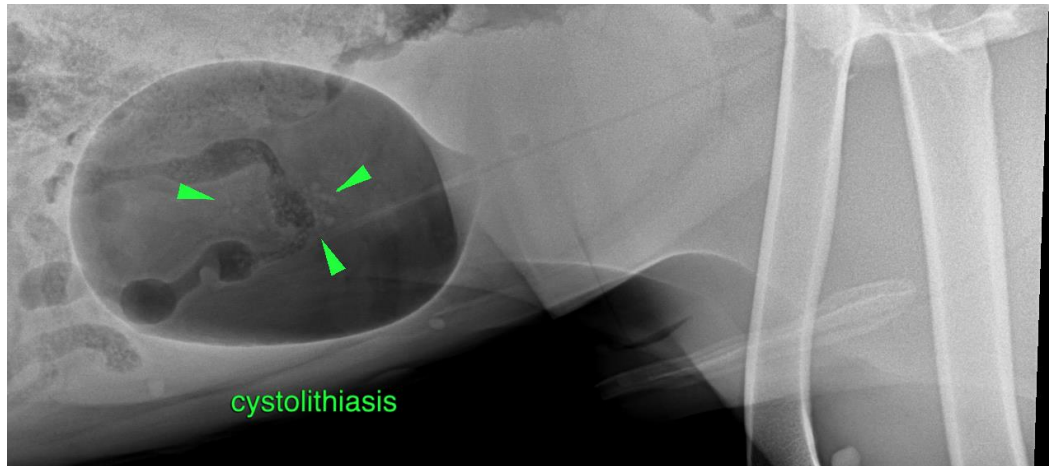
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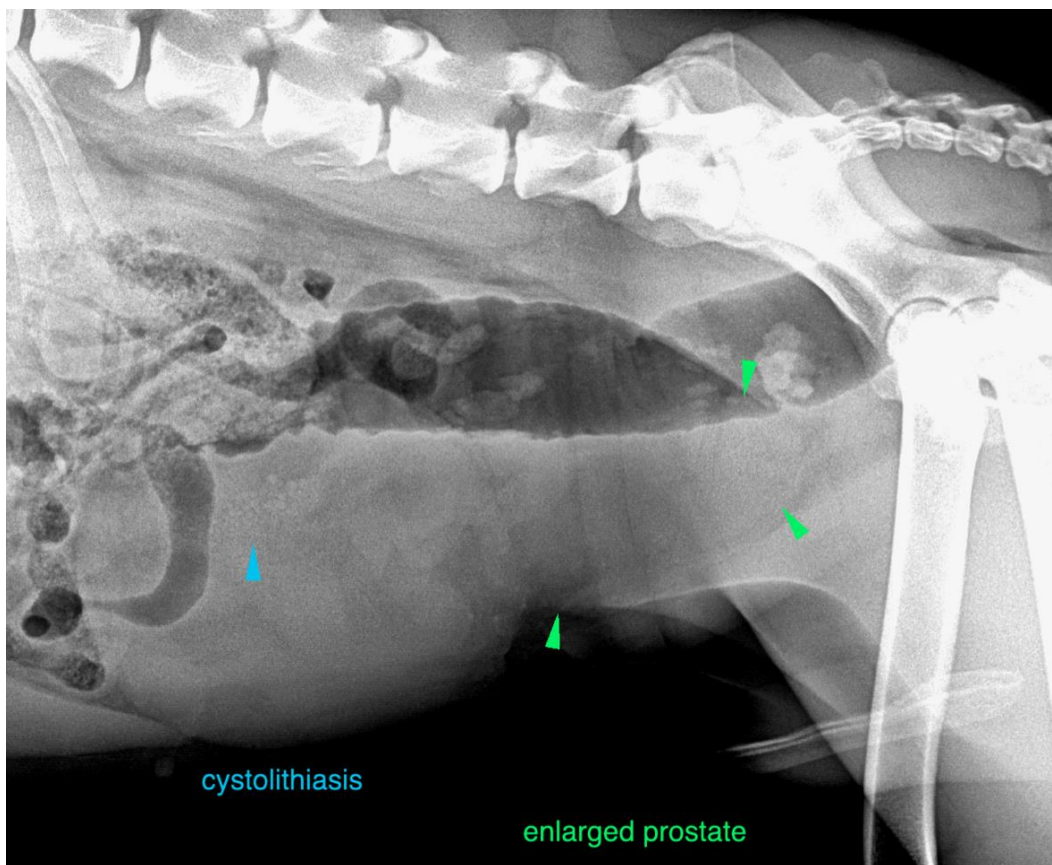
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

SPECIES

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SEX

Male

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