



PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Baruk Gerardi History: Abdominal radiographs and ultrasound conclusions: Focal hypoechoic mass with a hyperechoic region within the stomach. Possible lymphocele, midabdomen.
Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: Obese

SPECIES

Canine

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE ABDOMEN

A high resolution pre- and post-contrast CT study of the abdomen is provided for review.

BREED

Miniature Schnauzer

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

The serosal fat presents normal attenuation behavior. There is no evidence of peritoneal effusion or peritonitis.

SEX

Neutered Male

In the left cranial abdomen, medial to the spleen, caudal to the stomach, a uniform fat attenuating mass is seen, measuring 11.8 x 6.7 x 13.9 cm in size and presenting a centrifugal mass effect on the surrounding abdominal organs.

AGE

13 Years

Both kidneys present within normal limits for size, shape and organ architecture. After contrast administration a bilaterally symmetric and uniform nephro- and pyelogram is noted.

The adrenal glands are within normal limits for size, shape and organ architecture.

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub, DVM
Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI

Both liver and spleen present with normal shape, even surface, uniformly attenuating parenchyma and homogeneous contrast enhancement, unremarkable.

The left hepatic lymph nodes is moderately enlarged, presenting a post contrast hypoattenuating attenuation pattern. One jejunal lymph node presents with a roundish intraparenchymal fluid attenuating lesion.

HOSPITAL NAME

Mobile Pet Imaging

The pancreas is evenly contoured, the pancreatic parenchyma is homogeneous and presents uniform contrast enhancement.

REFERRING VET

Meaux

The delineation, wall and content of the gastrointestinal tract are considered within normal limits throughout.

The vertebral endplates of the lumbosacral junction present moderate spondylosis formation.

INVOICE

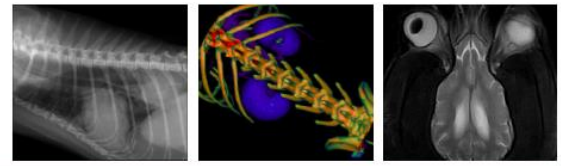
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COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Large intraabdominal lipoma left cranial abdomen
- Lymphadenopathy left hepatic lymph node and a mesenteric lymph node with potential intraparenchymal cystic lesion
- Structural normal stomach

DATE

7/29/22



PATIENT INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

PATIENT Baruk Gerardi The findings are consistent with an intraabdominal lipoma in the left cranial abdomen, presenting a mass effect on the surrounding abdominal organs – including the stomach. Depending on the presenting clinical signs, surgical excision of the lipoma might be considered.

SPECIES Canine The cyst like lesions of multiple lymph nodes (lymphangiectasia, lymphatic cysts, cystic lymphatic ectasia or sinus dilation) are considered as an incidental finding. However, FNA sampling can be pursued to rule out neoplastic transformation.

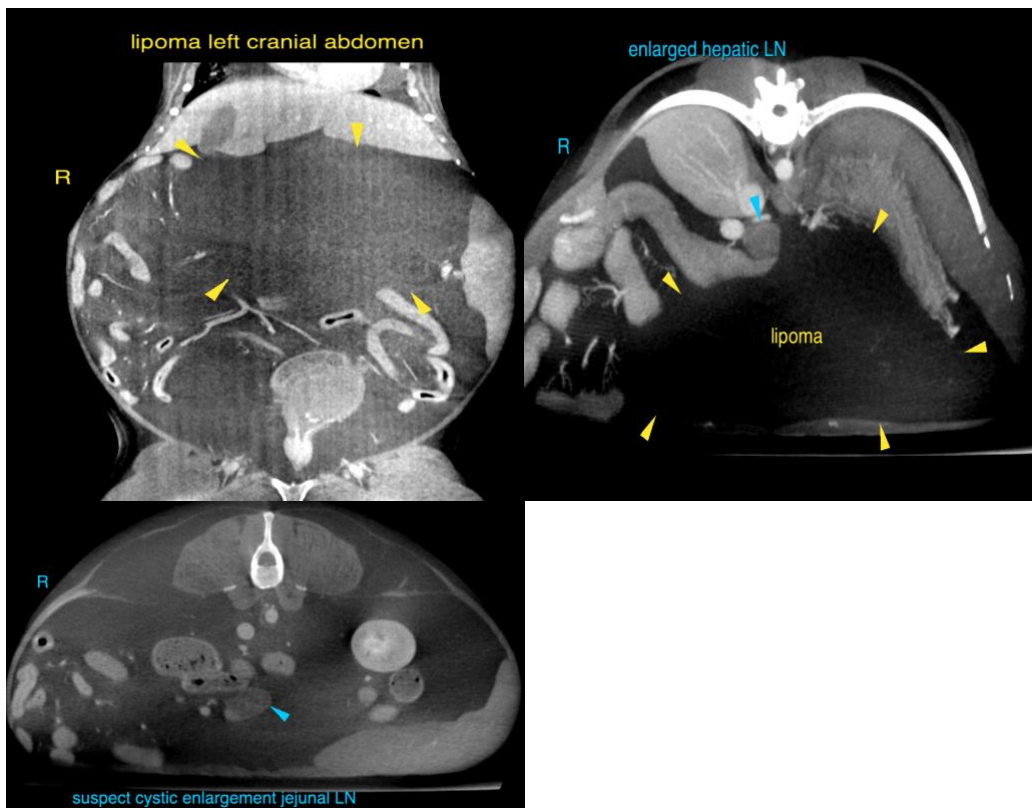
BREED Miniature Schnauzer

SEX Neutered Male

AGE 13 Years

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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

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Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Sebastian Schaub, Sebastian Schaub, DVM, Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI
sebast.schaub@gmail.com

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