



PATIENT

Sydney Denaro

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

12yr old SF is presented today b/c since this morning P got up and walked over to husband & didnt want to go to the bathroom around 8-10 O tried to take out P to go bathroom & P just stood there & did not go O says P is not one to eat forgin objects. Stomach is hard and bloated. O got P in the car thought P would love a car ride went with the kidds to get ice cream & P was unable to get P out of car. O said that P has an ear infection & O is cleaning it.

SPECIES

K9

RADIOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE ABDOMEN

Radiographs of the abdomen in three imaging planes are provided for review.

BREED

Catahoula Leopard Dog

RADIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

The vertebral endplates T13/L1 to L2/L3 and L7/S1 present moderate spondylosis formation.

No abnormalities of the extraabdominal soft tissues are noted. The abdominal wall is smooth and thin.

SEX

SF

The serosal detail is moderately decreased and the peritoneal fat in the cranioventral abdomen presents a significant soft tissue striation – causing border effacement with the abdominal organs.

AGE

12 Years

The hepatic volume is moderately increased the liver is protruding beyond the costal arch; the gastric axis is deviated caudally. The caudoventral hepatic margins are rounded.

The spleen appears normal.

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub, DVM
Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI

Both kidneys are seen and present with normal size, shape, delineation and opacity. The urinary bladder is in its anticipated position and significantly distended. No radiopaque calculi are noted throughout the upper and lower urinary tract.

The small intestinal loops are of even diameter and non-dilated, a small amount of gas is seen within the small intestinal loops and considered within normal limits.

HOSPITAL NAME

DPC Veterinary Hospital

The colon is seen in the expected position and presents with appropriate content.

RADIOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Peritoneal effusion/peritonitis
- Hepatomegaly
- Spondylosis deformans

REFERRING VET

Dr. White

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

The main finding is the peritoneal effusion/peritonitis. An underlying cause is not identified in the radiographic study, there is no sign for a distinct mass, but the hepatomegaly. Potentials for the hepatomegaly include metabolic hepatic disease/steroid induced hepatopathy, hepatitis or neoplastic infiltration. Ultrasound including FNA sampling can be used as minimally advanced diagnostic tests.

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DATE

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Causes for the peritoneal effusion include pancreatitis, hepatic disease, hemorrhage, vasculitis, neoplasia.



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Workup should be complemented by complete blood work and an abdominal ultrasound examination ± sampling of the peritoneal effusion.

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SEX

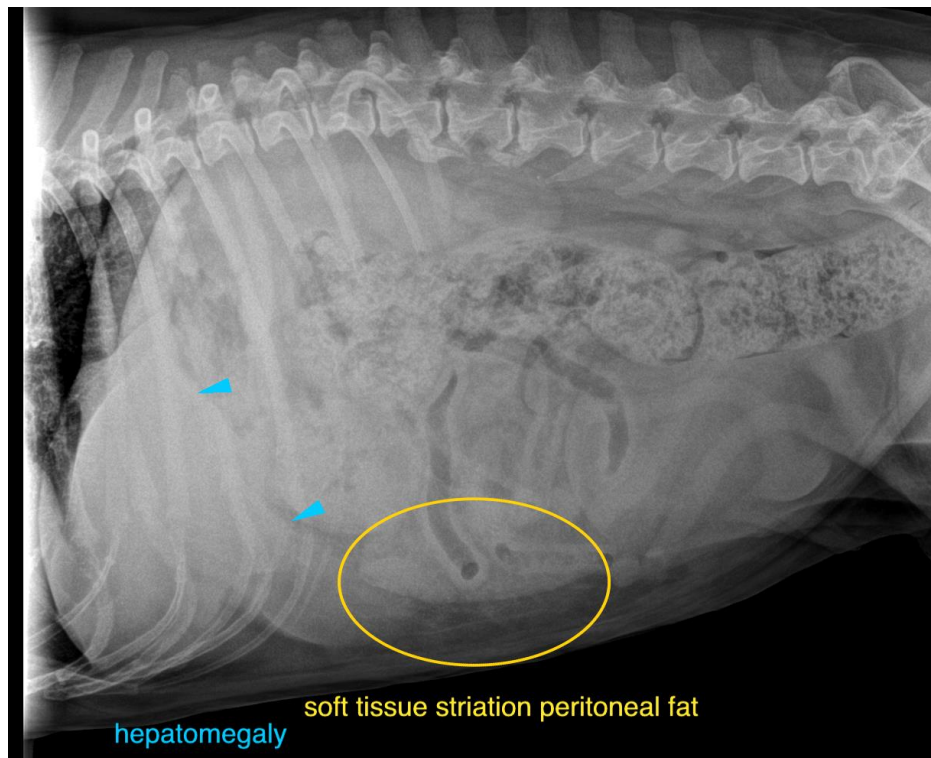
SF

AGE

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hepatomegaly

soft tissue striation peritoneal fat

HOSPITAL NAME

DPC Veterinary
Hospital

The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

REFERRING VET

Dr. White

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Sebastian Schaub, Sebastian Schaub, DVM, Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI
sebast.schaub@gmail.com

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