



PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Flossy Joseph Previous surgery to correct R side ectopic ureter, transplanted into bladder lumen. Intermittent dribbling, has had bacterial cystitis, want to rule out intraluminal ectopic ureter on LHS.

SPECIES COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHY OF THE ABDOMEN

Canine A pre- and post-contrast CT study of the abdomen in a bone and soft tissue reconstruction is provided for review.

BREED COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

Golden Retriever The serosal fat presents normal attenuation behavior. There is no evidence of peritoneal effusion or peritonitis.

SEX The right kidney is within normal limits for size, shape and organ architecture. The volume of the left kidney is mild to moderately decreased and the margins are mildly irregular. After contrast administration a bilaterally symmetric and uniform nephro- and pyelogram is noted. Both ureters drain into the urinary bladder - left 15 mm & right 57 mm - cranial to the vesicourethral junction. The right ureter presents a mildly increased diameter in comparison to the left ureter (3.1 mm in diameter). No contrast media is appreciated in the urethra or vagina.

AGE Both uterine horns are mildly dilated by fluid.

1 Year The adrenal glands are within normal limits for size, shape and organ architecture.

INTERPRETED BY Both liver and spleen present with normal shape, even surface, uniformly attenuating parenchyma and homogeneous contrast enhancement, unremarkable.

Sebastian Schaub, DVM Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI The portal vein presents a normal order of its tributary veins and intrahepatic branching. No abnormal vessel is noted inside and outside of the liver parenchyma.

HOSPITAL NAME The pancreas is evenly contoured, the pancreatic parenchyma is homogeneous and presents uniform contrast enhancement.

Adelaide Plains Veterinary Surgery The position, delineation, wall and content of the gastrointestinal tract are considered within normal limits throughout.

The bony and surrounding soft tissue structures reveal no abnormalities.

REFERRING VET COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- John Katakasi
- History of right sided neoureterocystostomy
 - Left sided chronic nephropathy
 - Mild fluid filled uterine horns

INVOICE INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

53138 The CT study presents without macromorphological abnormalities, explaining the history of urine dribbling. There is no evidence of intramural course of the left ureter.

DATE The mild fluid filled uterine horns can be a sequela to the estrous cycle, potentials can include hydrometra, hemometra, mucometra or pyometra.

7-28-22



PATIENT

Flossy Joseph

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Golden Retriever

SEX

Female

AGE

1 Year

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub, DVM
Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI

HOSPITAL NAME

Adelaide Plains
Veterinary Surgery

REFERRING VET

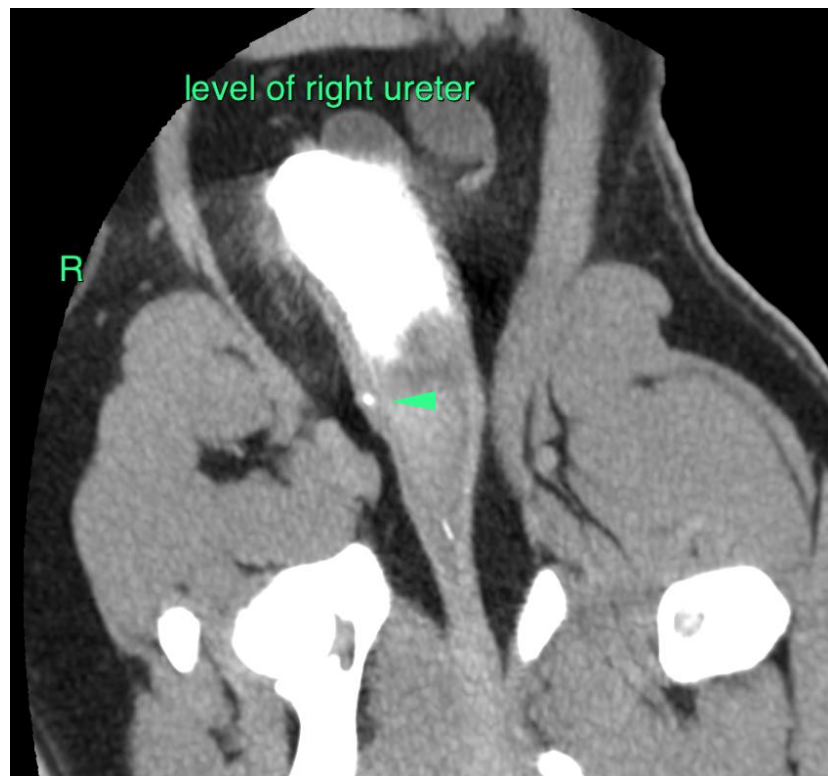
John Katakasi

INVOICE

53138

DATE

7-28-22





PATIENT

Flossy Joseph

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Golden Retriever

SEX

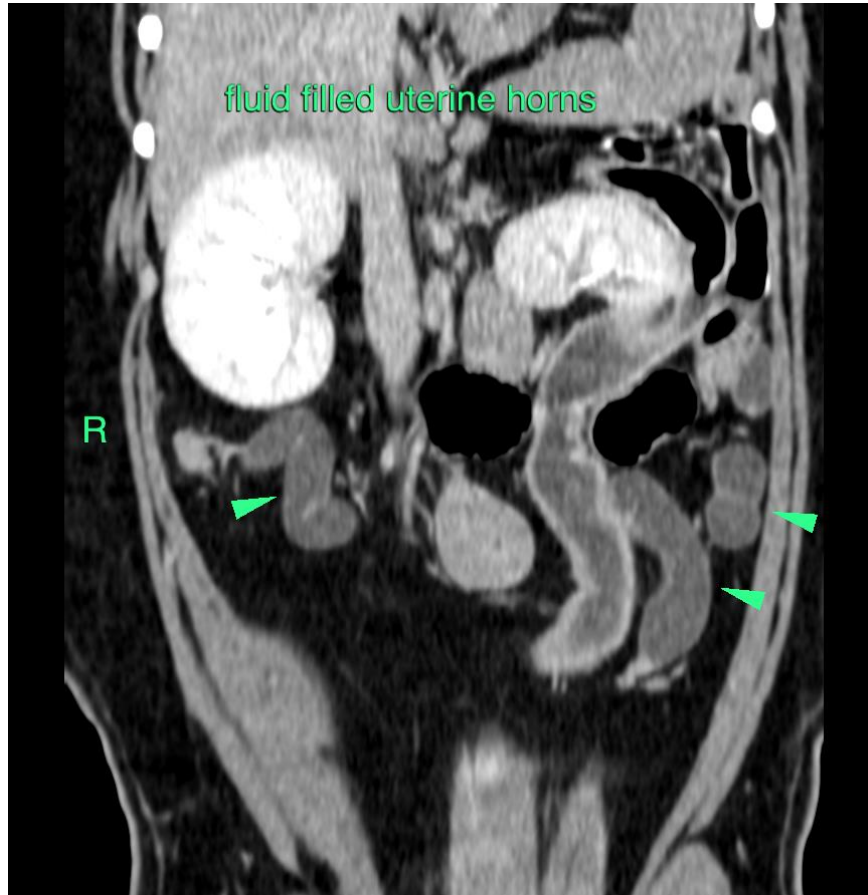
Female

AGE

1 Year

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub, DVM
Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI



HOSPITAL NAME

Adelaide Plains
Veterinary Surgery

REFERRING VET

John Katakasi

INVOICE

53138

DATE

7-28-22

The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Sebastian Schaub, Sebastian Schaub, DVM, Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI
sebast.schaub@gmail.com