



**PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS**

Tucker Greenshaw Tucker was seen by the Critical Care Team at SOVSC for L sided pain at the angle of the jaw after a prior foxtial injury to the ear. He went underwent uneventful sedation, and a CT scan. On the CT scan is evident in the left bulla is completely filled with fluid dense material. All the images were submitted to radiology and a review is still pending. Tucker's being discharged for ongoing care at home, pending the radiology report. Once the radiology report is available Tucker will be seen by the surgery service and assessed as a candidate for either a TECABO or a ventral bulla osteotomy.

**SPECIES**

Canine

**COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHY OF THE SKULL**

**BREED**

A high resolution pre- and post-contrast CT study of the skull is provided for review.

Boston Terrier Mix

**COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC FINDINGS**

Triadan 305, 306, 310, 311, 405, 410 and 411 are absent.

**SEX**

The nasal cavity presents the expected aerated spaces between thin & even conchae and turbinates with smooth mucosal lining.

MN

Both temporomandibular joints present congruent joint spaces with even subchondral bone surfaces and are considered within normal limits.

**AGE**

5 Years

The left tympanic bulla is filled with non-contrast enhancing soft tissue material and the osseous lining of the left tympanic bulla is thickened and smooth The osseous labyrinth of the left inner ear presents advanced moth eaten osteolytic lesions. The right tympanic bulla aerated and has smooth osseous margins. The wall of the medial segment of the left external ear canal is mildly thickened. The external ear canals are within normal limits.

**INTERPRETED BY**

Sebastian Schaub, DVM  
Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI

The brain presents no deviation from normal anatomy and symmetry. The brain parenchyma is homogeneous and within normal limits for attenuation and distribution of contrast enhancement. The ventricular system is non-dilated and symmetric.

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The submandibular and medial retropharyngeal lymph nodes are small and elongated with a normal short-to-long-axis-ratio is < 0.5, the attenuation and contrast enhancement pattern is uniform.

**COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS**

- Left sided otitis media & interna
- Mild left sided otitis externa
- Multiple absent teeth

**REFERRING VET**

Ravi Sheshadri

**INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS**

**INVOICE**

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The CT study is consistent with left sided otitis media and advanced otitis interna. The changes of the left external ear canal are only mild and ventral bulla osteotomy appears as the therapy of choice - depending on the findings of an otoscopic examination of the left external ear canal.

**DATE**

7-16-23



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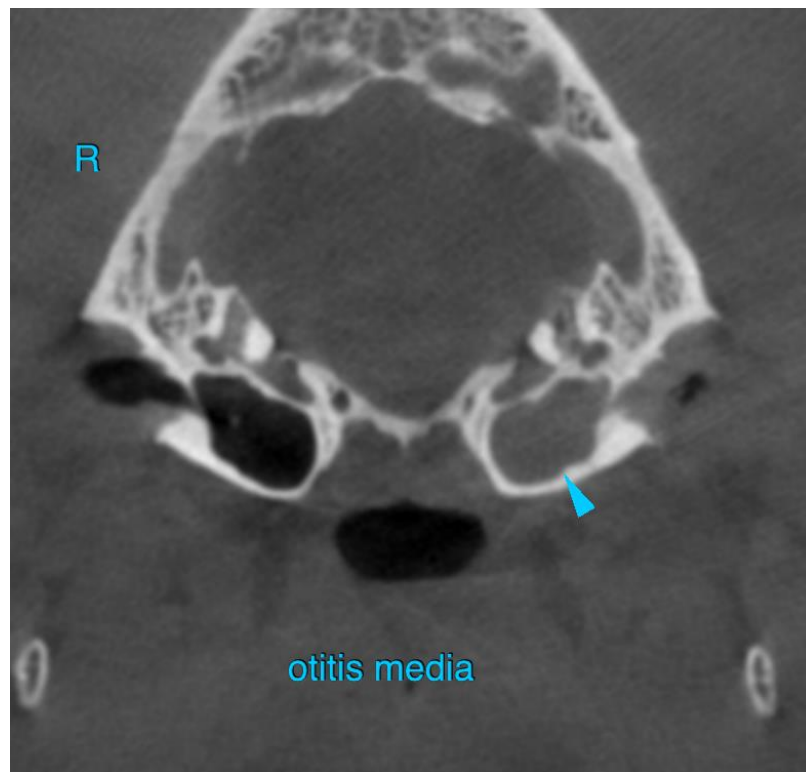
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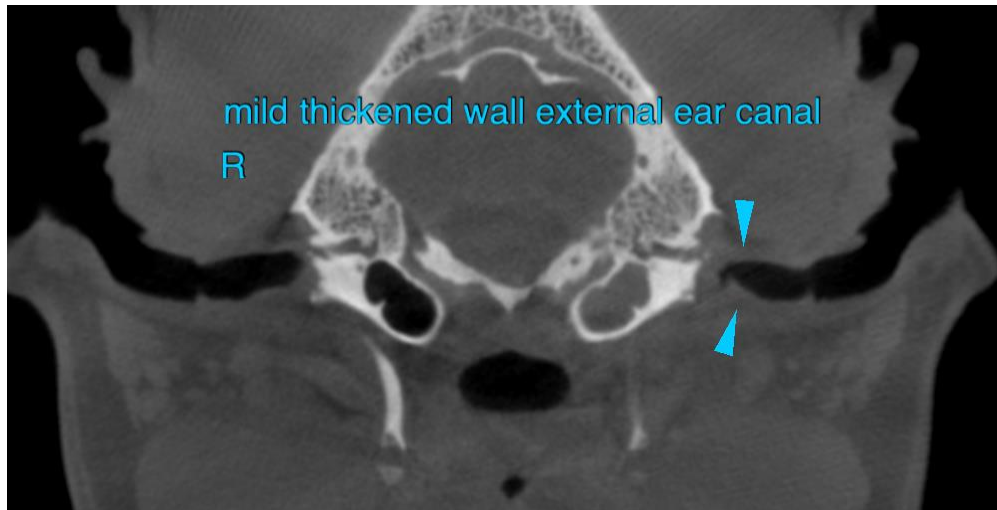
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

**Sebastian Schaub**, Sebastian Schaub, DVM, Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI  
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