



PATIENT

Champ Phillips

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Reason for Visit: coughing. History: 18yr old M Schnauzer is presented today for coughing. P has not been to a vet in 10 years + so there are no records. Last set of vaccinations was in 2017 at petsmart. As of 2 weeks ago P began coughing but a hacking cough, O said that they dont have toys for him & they say he hasn't gotten into anything that he shouldn't have. P is eating & drinking as normal & behavior is not being effected. C/S/V/D: + COUGHING (HACKING COUGH) -V -S -D (DID HAVE SUSPECT STOOL THIS MORNING)
Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: heartworm positive

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Schnauzer Mix

RADIOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE THORAX

Radiographs of the thorax in three imaging planes are provided for review.

RADIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

SEX

Male

Multifocal moderate spondylosis formation is seen along the thoracic spine and there is evidence of generalized narrowing of the intervertebral disc spaces of the thoracic spine.

Moderate dorsal subluxation of the 5th sternebra is seen.

AGE

18 Years

The extrathoracic soft tissues present homogeneous without abnormalities.

The heart is of normal size and shape, there is no evidence of cardiac chamber or vascular enlargement. The pulmonary vasculature is within normal limits.

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub, DVM
Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI

The cranial mediastinum presents the expected soft tissue opacity. The mediastinal width is less than twice the width of the vertebral column at the same level.

In the VD view, a moderate right sided bending of the trachea is noted.

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The lung parenchyma presents a generalized moderate unstructured reticular lung pattern, effacing the peripheral pulmonary vasculature. Multifocal moderate peribronchial cuffing is appreciated as well as peribronchial nodular consolidation of the lung parenchyma in the cranioventral lung field.

The diaphragm is well delineated with even surface and the expected mild cranial bulging of the diaphragmatic cupola.

REFERRING VET

Dr. Orcutt

RADIOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Moderate broncho-interstitial lung pattern with focal nodular consolidation of the lung parenchyma
- Generalized chronic discopathy along the thoracic spine
- Dorsal subluxation 5th sternebra
- Spondylosis deformans

INVOICE

52904

DATE

7-16-22

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

The pulmonary pattern is suggestive for broncho-pneumonitis, in which the interstitial component is likely accentuated by age related changes remodeling of the lung parenchyma ± fibrosis. Due to the acute onset of clinical signs, infectious cause – e.g. viral, bacterial, parasitic – is considered more likely than primary inflammatory origin (e.g. lymphocytic plasmocytic, eosinophilic). The nodular consolidation of the cranioventral aspect of the lung parenchyma can



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present granuloma formation or fibrosis of the lung parenchyma. Other potentials for the nodular pattern can include round pneumonia/mucus impaction, cyst or neoplastic origin

The right sided bending of the trachea in the VD view is considered as a sequela to positioning (e.g. flexion of the skull) as there is no evidence of mass effect on the trachea in the lateral projections.

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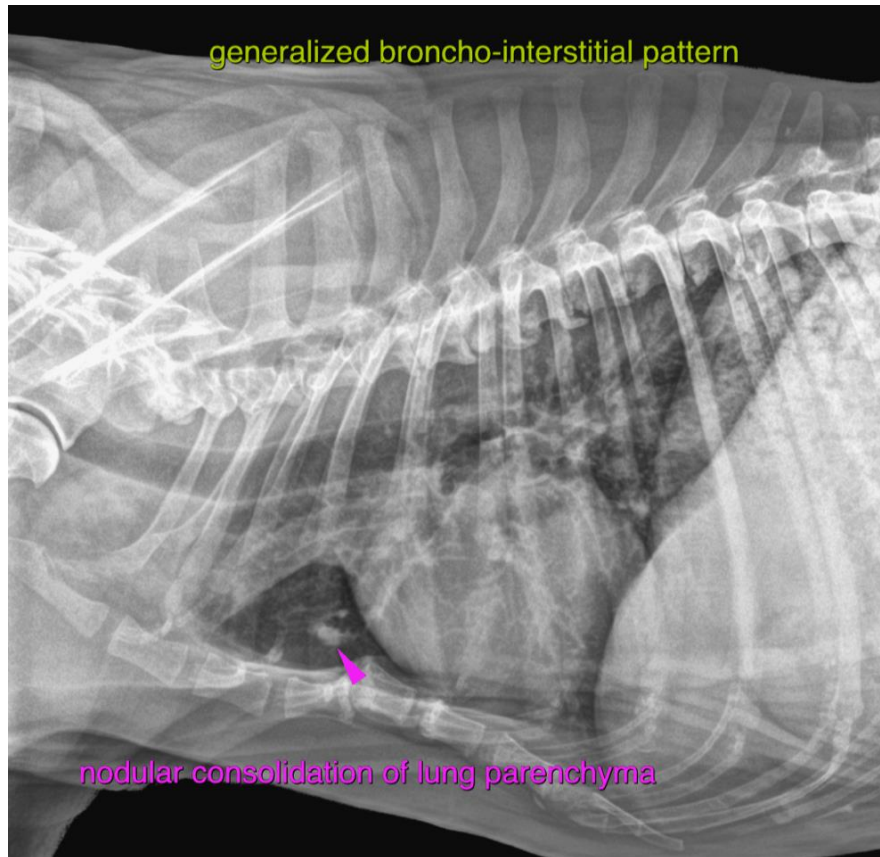
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

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