



PATIENT

Cali Willer

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Went to California and Marys mom took Cali and the puppy to the dog park and Petsmart. Cali is past due on Bord and Lepto. When she coughs she coughs up this fleem and sometimes she has blood in the fleem.

SPECIES

Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: PE: Inspiratory and expiratory press. Harsh lung sounds. Tachypnea. Bloodwork is pending

Canine

RADIOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE THORAX

Radiographs of the thorax in three imaging planes are provided for review.

BREED

Labrador Retriever

RADIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

The vertebral endplates T9/T10 present mild spondylosis formation.

SEX

The extrathoracic soft tissues present homogeneous without abnormalities.

Spayed

The heart is of normal size and shape, there is no evidence of cardiac chamber or vascular enlargement. The pulmonary vasculature is within normal limits.

AGE

The cranial mediastinum presents the expected soft tissue opacity. The mediastinal width is less than twice the width of the vertebral column at the same level.

10 Years, 11 Months

The trachea is normal in diameter and presents the anticipated course. The luminal outline of the trachea is smooth.

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub, DVM
Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI

Multifocal throughout the lung parenchyma, variable sized, well-defined, uniform soft tissue opaque nodular lesions are appreciated, measuring up to 4.4 cm in diameter. The lung parenchyma presents a generalized ground glass opacity.

The diaphragm is well delineated with even surface and the expected mild cranial bulging of the diaphragmatic cupola.

HOSPITAL NAME

Elizabeth Animal Hospital

RADIOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Structured nodular interstitial lung pattern
- Spondylosis deformans

REFERRING VET

Leon Anderson, DVM

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

The pulmonary pattern is highly suggestive for pulmonary metastatic. Both primary pulmonary neoplasia or neoplasm of different origin are differentials. Theoretically granulomatous lung disease is a consideration, but I would expect accompanying lymphadenopathy.

INVOICE

52812

Ultrasound guided FNA sampling of a pulmonary nodular lesion can be used to confirm the diagnosis. Complementing workup by abdominal radiographs or abdominal ultrasound examination can be used to screen for primary neoplasia.

DATE

7-11-22



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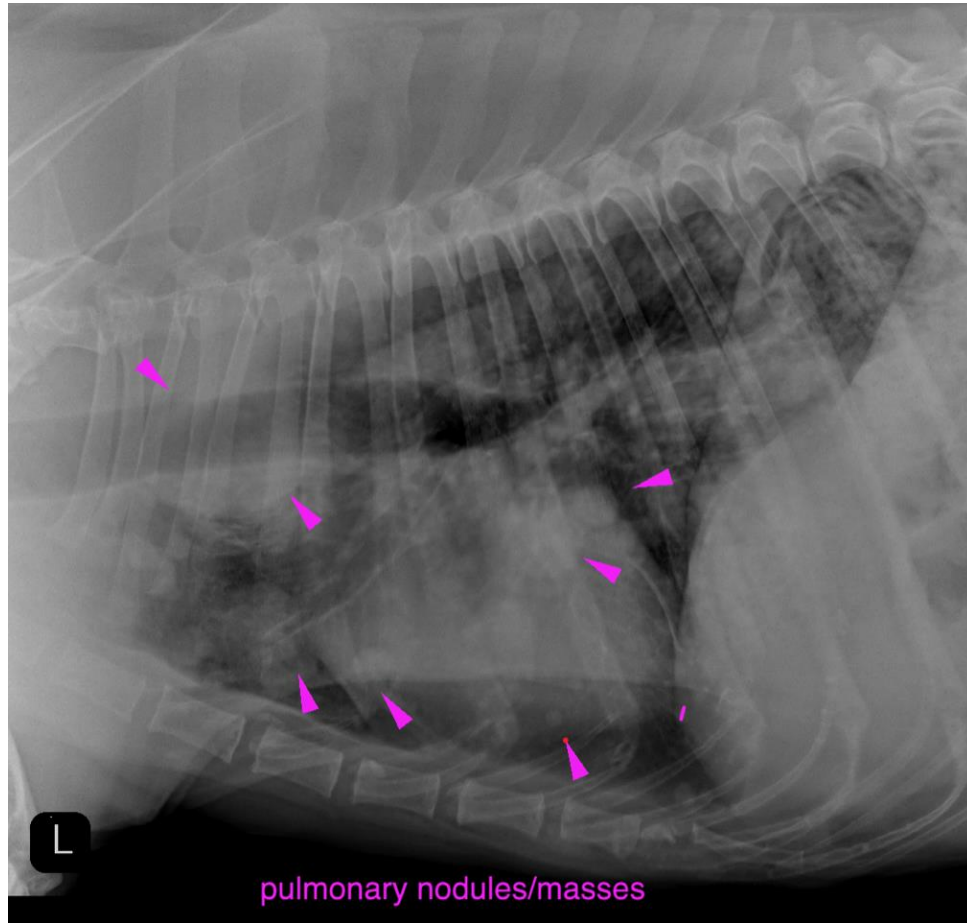
Leon Anderson, DVM

INVOICE

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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Sebastian Schaub, Sebastian Schaub, DVM, Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI
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