



PATIENT

Otis Lee

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Beagle Cross

SEX

MN

AGE

6Y

WEIGHT

22.4

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub, DVM
Dr. med. vet.
DipECVDI

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Dr. Kamila Pichova

HOSPITAL NAME

Balmy Beach Pet
Hospital

REFERRING VET

Dr. Kamila Pichova

INVOICE

75320

DATE

6-5-26

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Patient with a hx of lameness

RADIOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE STIFLE JOINTS

A consecutive radiographic study of the left stifle is provided for review; the radiographic studies are dated 5/3/26 (mediolateral and craniocaudal) and 6/5/26 (craniocaudal only).

RADIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

Left stifle joint 5/3/26

The periarticular bones of the left stifle joint present mild osteophyte new bone formation. The left stifle joint presents a significant intracapsular soft tissue swelling, effacing the infrapatellar fat pad cranially and distorting the fascial plane caudally. In the craniocaudal view, the lateral cortex along the proximal metaphysis of the left tibia presents a localized rough surface.

Left stifle joint 6/5/26

No additional abnormalities in comparison to the preceding radiographic study.

RADIOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Mild osteoarthritis left stifle joint
- Articular soft tissue swelling left stifle joint
- Mild irregularity along the lateral aspect of the proximal metaphysis of the left tibia

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

The mild degenerative joint disease and effusion ± synovitis of the left stifle joint are commonly a sequela to pathology of the cranial cruciate ± meniscal pathology. A positive drawer sign or tibial compression test under general anesthesia will support the diagnosis – partial rupture of the cranial cruciate ligament and potential thickening of the synovial capsule can result in only mild instability.

The localized irregular at the lateral cortex of the proximal metaphysis of the left tibia appears to be stationary in comparison to the preceding radiographic study and I consider the odds for possible osseous remodeling level with the origin of the fibularis longus muscle high. AS the finding may present normal anatomical variant, a craniocaudal view of the right stifle joint can be used to check if the osseous changes are symmetrical.



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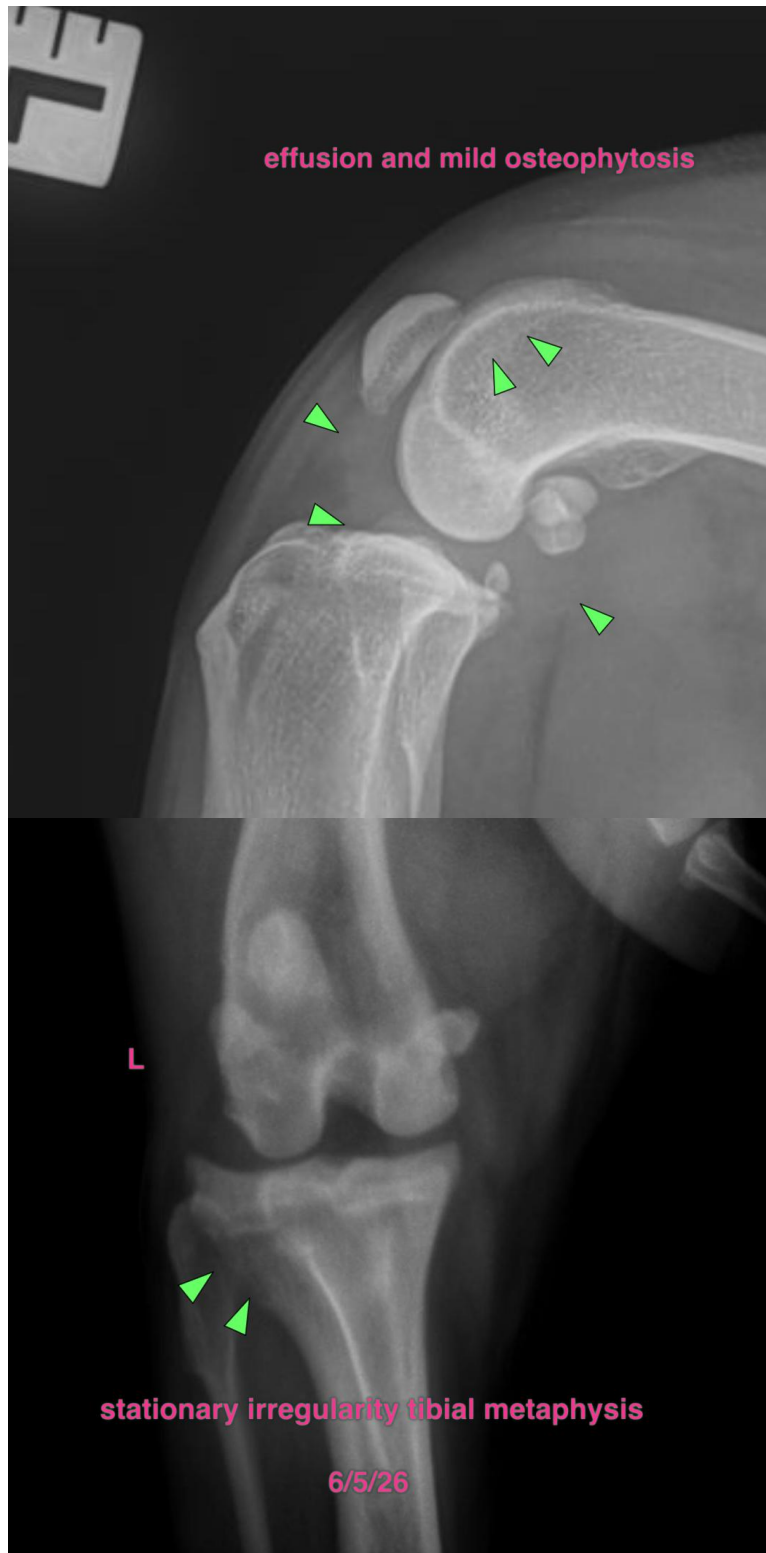
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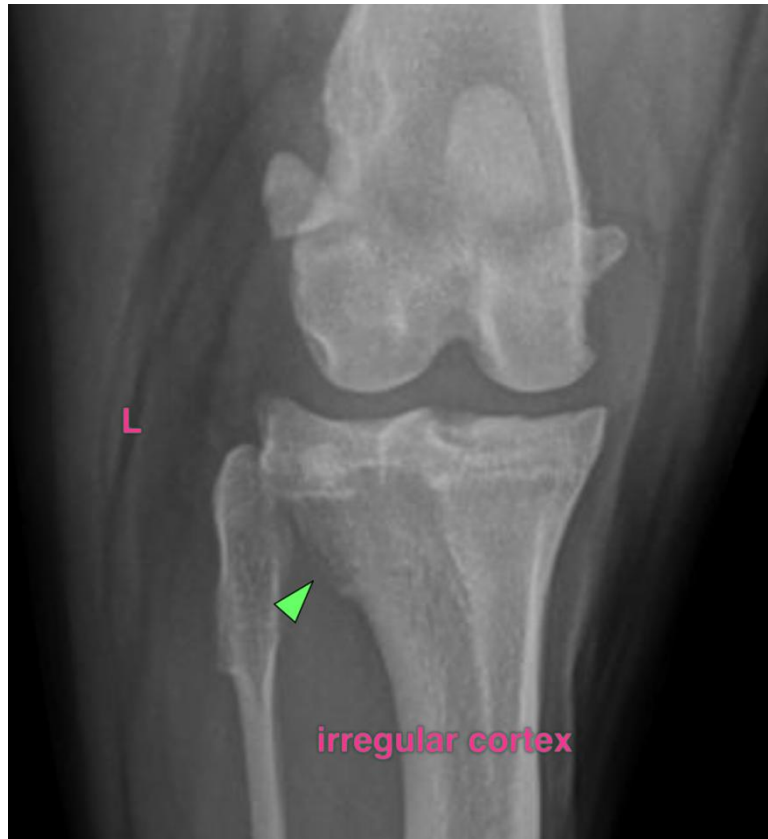
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

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info@sonopath.com