



PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Dakota Molinaro History of chronic lameness on thoracic limbs and coughing.

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHY OF THE CERVICAL SPINE, THORAX AND FRONT LIMBS

SPECIES A high resolution pre- and post-contrast CT study of the cervical spine and shoulder joints a post-contrast CT study of the front limbs are provided for review.

Canine

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

BREED Thorax

Siberian Husky

The bony and surrounding soft tissue structures are within normal limits.

The sternal, cranial mediastinal and tracheobronchial lymph nodes are small elongated with a normal short-to-long-axis-ratio is < 0.5, the attenuation and contrast enhancement pattern is uniform and considered within normal limits.

SEX

FS

The cardiovascular structures including the pulmonary vasculature are within normal limits.

The caudodorsal aspects of the lung parenchyma present regions of compression atelectasis. Multifocal throughout the lung parenchyma, ill-defined nodular lesions, measuring up to 5 mm in size are appreciated, presenting feathered margins.

AGE

9 Years, 1 Month

Small incidental gas pockets are seen within the esophageal lumen, there is no evidence of abnormal dilation.

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub, DVM
Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI

Cervical Spine & Front limbs

The osseous and soft tissue structures of the cervical spine are within normal limits.

The shoulder joints bilaterally present smooth osseous margins and no abnormalities of the surrounding soft tissue structures are appreciated.

HOSPITAL NAME

Mobile Pet Imaging
CFL

A subcutaneous lipoma is seen at the caudomedial aspect of the left brachium.

The elbow joints have smooth osseous margins, the medial coronoid process is well-defined, unremarkable.

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

REFERRING VET

Borecky

- Multiple ill-defined roundish soft tissue nodules throughout the lung parenchyma
- Compression atelectasis caudodorsal aspects of the lung parenchyma
- Subcutaneous lipoma caudomedial aspect left brachium
- Structural normal cervical spine
- Structural normal shoulder and elbow joints

INVOICE

52634

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

DATE

6-28-22

The ill-defined pulmonary nodules are suggestive to be of inflammatory origin and potentials include eosinophilic bronchopneumopathy, parasitic lung disease (e.g. Filaroides, Toxoplasmosis), granulomatous lung disease (e.g. mycotic pneumonia). The odds for neoplastic origin of the pulmonary nodules are considered lower. Bronchoscopy including BAL would be ideal for further workup.



PATIENT

Dakota Molinaro

No abnormalities of the cervical spine and the front limbs are appreciated, explaining the front limb lameness. In case of strong clinical suspicion for pathology of the bicipital tendon or rotator cuff injury, workup can be complemented by an ultrasound examination of the shoulder joints.

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Siberian Husky

SEX

FS

AGE

9 Years, 1 Month

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub, DVM
Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI

HOSPITAL NAME

Mobile Pet Imaging
CFL

REFERRING VET

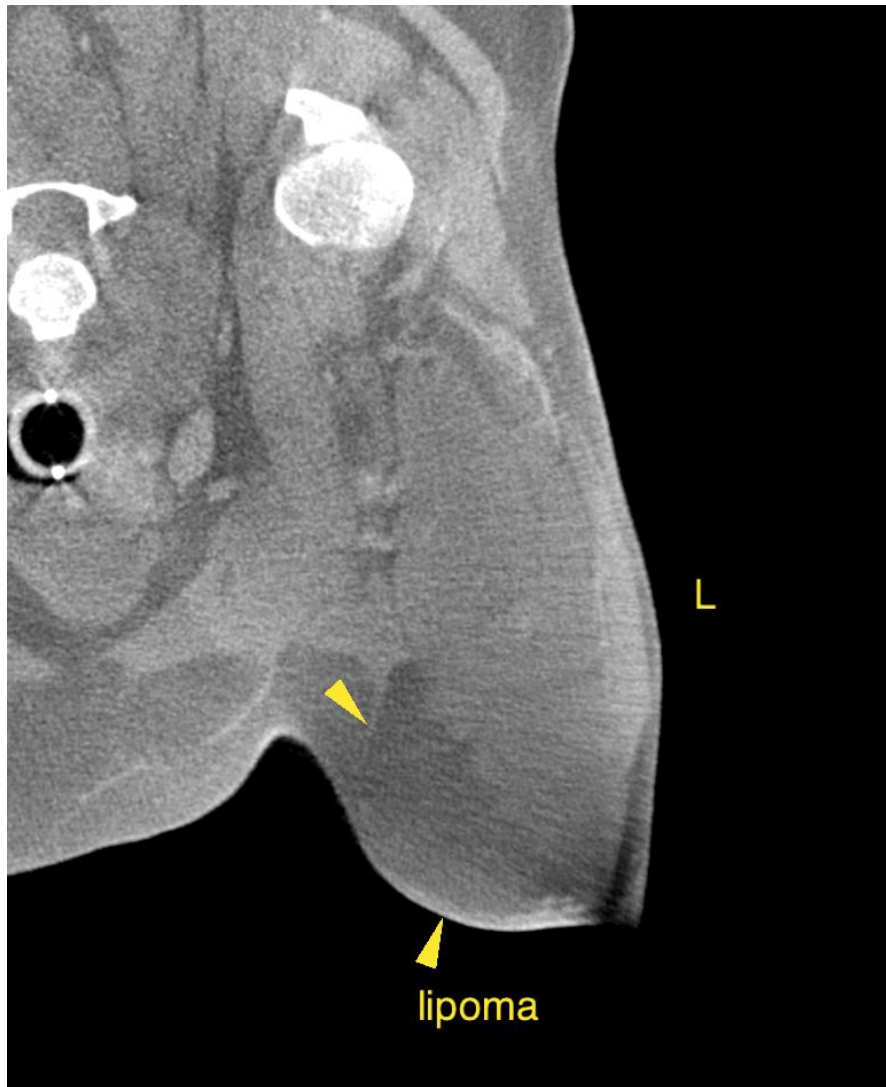
Borecky

INVOICE

52634

DATE

6-28-22





PATIENT

Dakota Molinaro

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Siberian Husky

SEX

FS

AGE

9 Years, 1 Month

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub, DVM
Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI

HOSPITAL NAME

Mobile Pet Imaging
CFL



REFERRING VET

Borecky

The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

INVOICE

52634

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Sebastian Schaub, Sebastian Schaub, DVM, Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI
sebast.schaub@gmail.com

DATE

6-28-22