



PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Rebel Taylor History: Drooling and acute pain on opening of mouth April 2021. Treated for presumed Masticatory Muscle Myositis, however 2M Antibody test was negative. Maintained on Gabapentin through steroid taper. Pain returned June 2022, started on Meloxicam along with Gabapentin-doing well. R/O TMJ pain/otitis media

SPECIES

Canine

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE SKULL

A high resolution pre- and post-contrast CT study of the skull is provided for review.

BREED

Rottweiler

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

The pictured parts of the dentition are complete and unremarkable in all jaw quadrants.

SEX

Neutered Male

The masticatory muscles present a homogeneous attenuation and contrast enhancement pattern.

The nasal cavity presents the expected aerated spaces between thin & even conchae and turbinates with smooth mucosal lining.

AGE

9 Years

Both temporomandibular joints present congruent joint spaces with even subchondral bone surfaces and are considered within normal limits.

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub,
DVM Dr. med. vet.
DipECVDI

The right tympanic bulla is aerated, the mucosal lining is not seen, the bony wall is smooth and thin. The left tympanic bulla is occupied by fluid attenuating material, the osseous lining of the left tympanic bulla is mild to moderately thickened and mildly irregular. The rostral part of the osseous lining of the left tympanic bulla is perforated. The medial aspect of the horizontal segment of the left external ear canal is narrowed and partially occupied by soft tissue material.

HOSPITAL NAME

Bridgwater VH & WC

The brain presents no deviation from normal anatomy and symmetry. The brain parenchyma is homogeneous and within normal limits for attenuation and distribution of contrast enhancement. The ventricular system is non-dilated and symmetric.

The left medial retropharyngeal lymph node is prominent.

REFERRING VET

Dr. H. McDonell

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Left sided chronic otitis media
- Obliterated medial aspect left external ear canal
- Mild lymphadenopathy left medial retropharyngeal lymph node

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INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

The left sided otitis media with remodeling of the osseous lining might be a source for the pain. Due to the segmental narrowing of the left external ear canal, recommend otoscopic evaluation of the left external ear canal to rule out otitis externa or (polypoid) mass in the left external ear canal.

DATE

6/24/22



PATIENT

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Secondary reactive hyperplasia of the left medial retropharyngeal lymph node.
Left sided ventral bulla osteotomy is considered beneficial.

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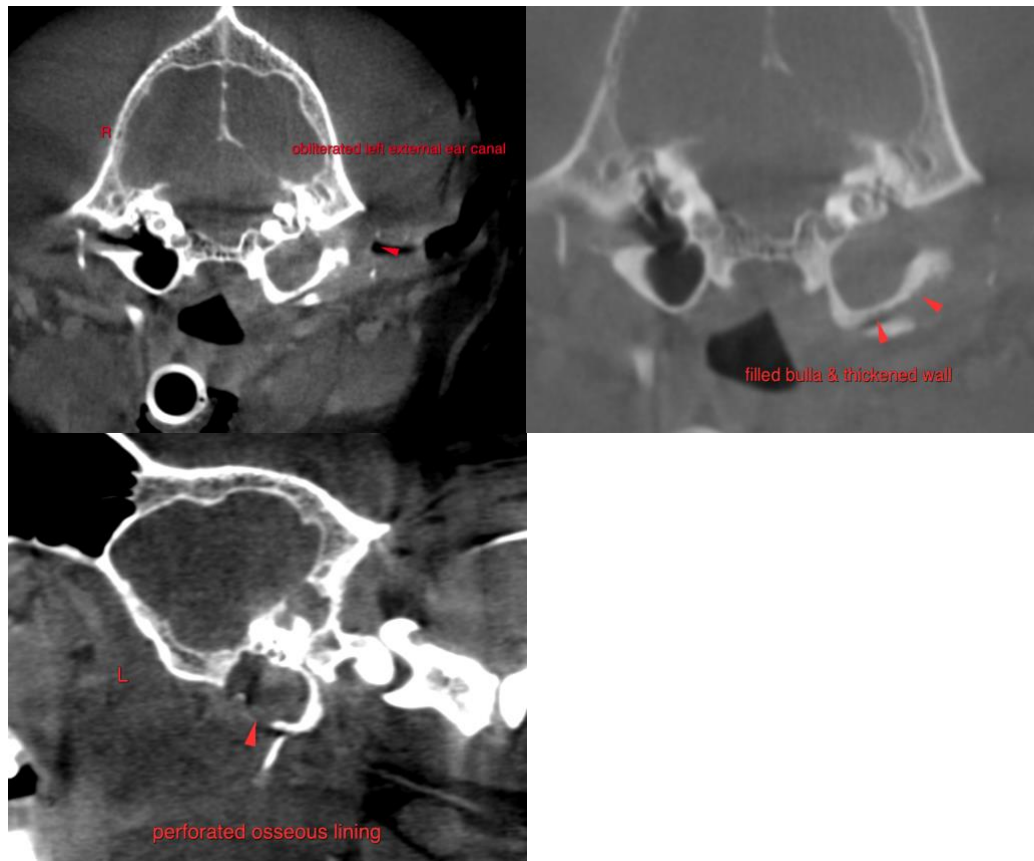
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

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Sebastian Schaub, Sebastian Schaub, DVM, Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI
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