



**PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS**

Jax Pfeifer History: ABDOMINAL ULTRASOUND WAS PERFORMED AND IT WAS SUGGESTED TO DO 3 VIEWS CHEST X-RAY (PLEASE REVIEW LAST REPORT)  
Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results:

**SPECIES RADIOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE THORAX**

Canine Radiographs of the thorax in three imaging planes are provided for review.

**BREED RADIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS**

Rottweiler The surrounding bony structures are within normal limits.  
The extrathoracic soft tissues present homogeneous without abnormalities.

**SEX**

Neutered Male The heart is of normal size and shape, there is no evidence of cardiac chamber or vascular enlargement. The pulmonary vasculature is within normal limits.

**AGE**

6 Years The cranial mediastinum presents the expected soft tissue opacity. The mediastinal width is less than twice the width of the vertebral column at the same level.  
The trachea is normal in diameter and presents the anticipated course. The luminal outline of the trachea is smooth.

**INTERPRETED BY**

Sebastian Schaub, DVM Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI Thin pleural fissure lines are accentuating the margins of the lung lobes.  
The bronchial tree presents with thin walls and tapers uniformly towards the periphery as expected. The lung parenchyma presents the expected architecture and opacity; the intrapulmonary vascular branching is seen up to the third order lung vessels.

**HOSPITAL NAME**

St. Catharine's AH The diaphragm is well delineated with even surface and the expected mild cranial bulging of the diaphragmatic cupola.

**RADIOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS**

**REFERRING VET**

- Dr. Boctor
- Possible very mild pleural effusion
  - No evidence of pulmonary metastatic disease

**INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS**

**INVOICE**

16294 The pleural fissure lines are suggestive for scant amount of free pleural fluid or can be a sequela to pleural thickening due to preceding pleuritis or pneumonitis. Ultrasound might be used to detect small amount of free fluid and if present tapping might be feasible. Pleural effusion can be a sequela to underlying hepatic disease, pancreatitis, inflammation, paraneoplastic, coagulopathy, other.

**DATE**

6/23/22 There are no signs for pulmonary metastatic disease.



**PATIENT**

Jax Pfeifer

**SPECIES**

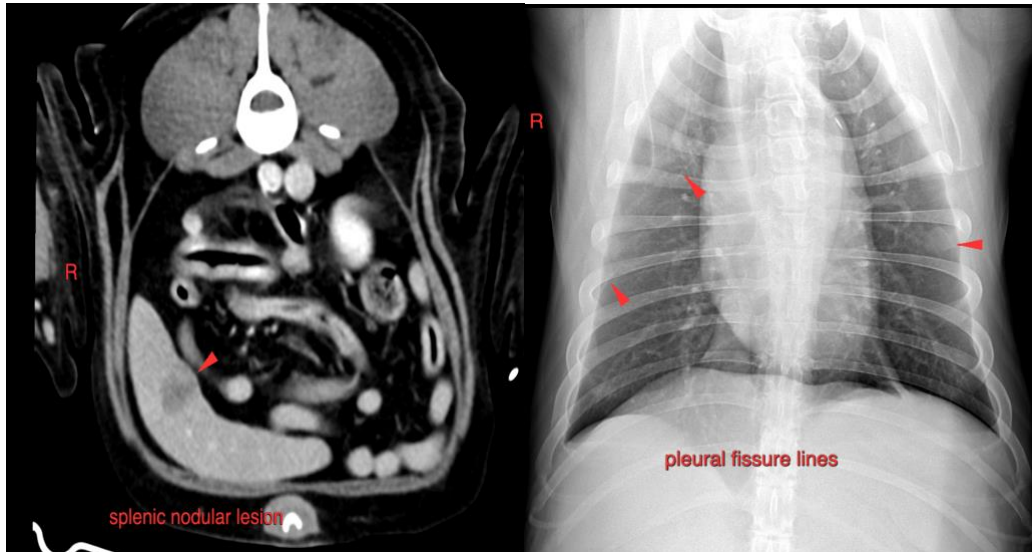
Canine

**BREED**

Rottweiler

**SEX**

Neutered Male



**AGE**

6 Years

The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

**INTERPRETED BY**

Sebastian Schaub,  
DVM Dr. med. vet.  
DipECVDI

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**HOSPITAL NAME**

St. Catharine's AH

**REFERRING VET**

Dr. Boctor

**INVOICE**

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**DATE**

6/23/22