



PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Cannoli Scott History: History of Gastroenteritis and low B12 values
Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: GI Panel 6/2/22, Cobalamin 799

SPECIES COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE THORAX AND ABDOMEN

Canine A high resolution pre- and post-contrast CT study of the abdomen and a plain CT study of the thorax are provided for review.

BREED COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

Mixed Breed **Thorax**

SEX The bony and surrounding soft tissue structures are within normal limits.

Spayed Female The sternal, cranial mediastinal and tracheobronchial lymph nodes are small elongated with a normal short-to-long-axis-ratio is < 0.5, the attenuation and contrast enhancement pattern is uniform and considered within normal limits.

AGE The cardiovascular structures including the pulmonary vasculature are within normal limits.

4 Years 7 Months The bronchial tree presents with regular branching and tapers uniformly towards the periphery as expected, the bronchial walls are thin and smooth. The bronchus-to-artery ratio is within normal limits.

INTERPRETED BY The lung parenchyma presents the expected architecture and attenuation behavior with small regions of ground glass attenuation.

Sebastian Schaub, DVM Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI Small incidental gas pockets are seen within the esophageal lumen, there is no evidence of abnormal dilation.

HOSPITAL NAME **Abdomen**

Catskill VS, PLLC The serosal fat presents normal attenuation behavior. There is no evidence of peritoneal effusion or peritonitis.

REFERRING VET Both kidneys present within normal limits for size, shape and organ architecture. After contrast administration a bilaterally symmetric and uniform nephro- and pyelogram is noted.

Dr. Daniela Carbone The adrenal glands are within normal limits for size, shape and organ architecture.

INVOICE 16141 Both liver and spleen present with normal shape, even surface, uniformly attenuating parenchyma and homogeneous contrast enhancement, unremarkable.

DATE

6/16/22



PATIENT The portal vein presents a normal order of its tributary veins and intrahepatic branching. No abnormal vessel is noted inside and outside of the liver parenchyma.

Cannoli Scott

The pancreas is evenly contoured, the pancreatic parenchyma is homogeneous and presents uniform contrast enhancement.

SPECIES

Canine

The position, delineation, wall and content of the gastrointestinal tract are considered within normal limits throughout.

BREED

Mixed Breed

Both coxofemoral joints present mild osteophyte new bone formation.

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Small regions of dystelectasis of the lung
- Mild degenerative osteoarthritis coxofemoral joints bilaterally
- Normal abdomen

SEX

Spayed Female

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

AGE

4 Years 7 Months

The mild dystelectasis of the lung parenchyma is considered as a sequela to general anesthesia, theoretically pneumonitis or parasitic infection are considerations – due to the lack of respective clinical signs the odds are considered low.

No abnormalities of the abdomen are appreciated.

INTERPRETED BY

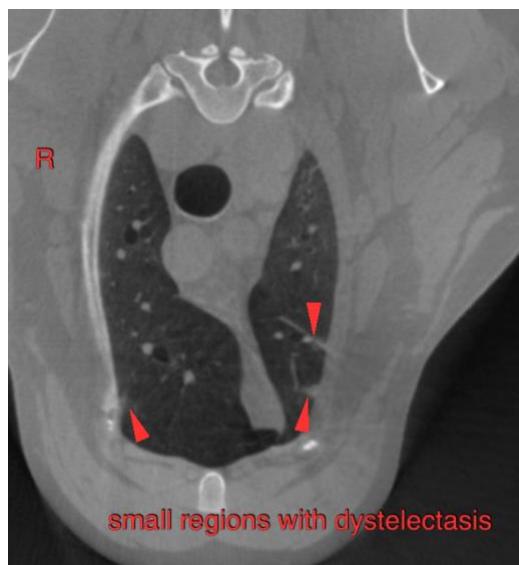
Sebastian Schaub,
DVM Dr. med. vet.
DipECVCI

HOSPITAL NAME

Catskill VS, PLLC

REFERRING VET

Dr. Daniela Carbone



small regions with dystelectasis

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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.



PATIENT

Cannoli Scott

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

SPECIES

Canine

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BREED

Mixed Breed

SEX

Spayed Female

AGE

4 Years 7 Months

INTERPRETED BY

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