



## PATIENT

Stella Ciccone

## SPECIES

Canine

## BREED

Mixed

## SEX

Female

## AGE

8M

## WEIGHT

36.6

## INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub, DVM  
Dr. med. vet.  
DipECVDI

## IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Josh. K.

## HOSPITAL NAME

CARE Surgery Center

## REFERRING VET

Dr. Seth Bleakley

## INVOICE

74930

## DATE

5-8-26

## PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Pain and lameness reported on right forelimb and left pelvic limbs since February but is uncomfortable upon palpation on all limbs during today's exam.

## COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHY OF THE ELBOW JOINTS AND TARSAL JOINTS

A high resolution plain CT study of the elbow and tarsal joints is provided for review.

## COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

The growth plates are age related visible.

The periarticular bones of the left elbow joint present smooth margins. The medial coronoid process of the left elbow joint is well-defined and has a homogeneous density. The surrounding soft tissue structures of the left elbow joint are unremarkable.

The periarticular bones of the right elbow joint present very mild osteophyte new bone formation. The cranial tip of the medial coronoid process of the right elbow joint has a hook shaped conformation and presents a decreased density. The surrounding soft tissue structures of the right elbow joint are within normal limits.

The medial trochlear ridge of the left talus presents a mild irregular concave defect with an overlying mineral opaque shell like lamella; measuring 7.2 x 4.7 mm. The remainder of the osseous and soft tissue structures of the pictured parts of the left tarsus are within normal limits.

The pictured osseous and surrounding soft tissue structures of the right tibiotarsal joint reveal no abnormalities.

## COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Coronoid disease right elbow joint
- Very mild osteoarthritis right elbow joint
- Osteochondrosis dissecans (OCD) medial trochlear ridge left talus
- Normal left elbow joint
- Normal right tibiotarsal joint

## INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

The findings of the right elbow joint are consistent with elbow dysplasia and secondary mild degenerative joint disease of the right elbow joint. Arthroscopy/arthrotomy would be ideal to revise the right elbow joint and remove the osseous fragment/nonvital tip of the medial coronoid process to avoid further damage.

The lameness of the left hind limb is a sequela to the OCD lesion of the medial trochlear ridge of the talus – surgical management may be considered.



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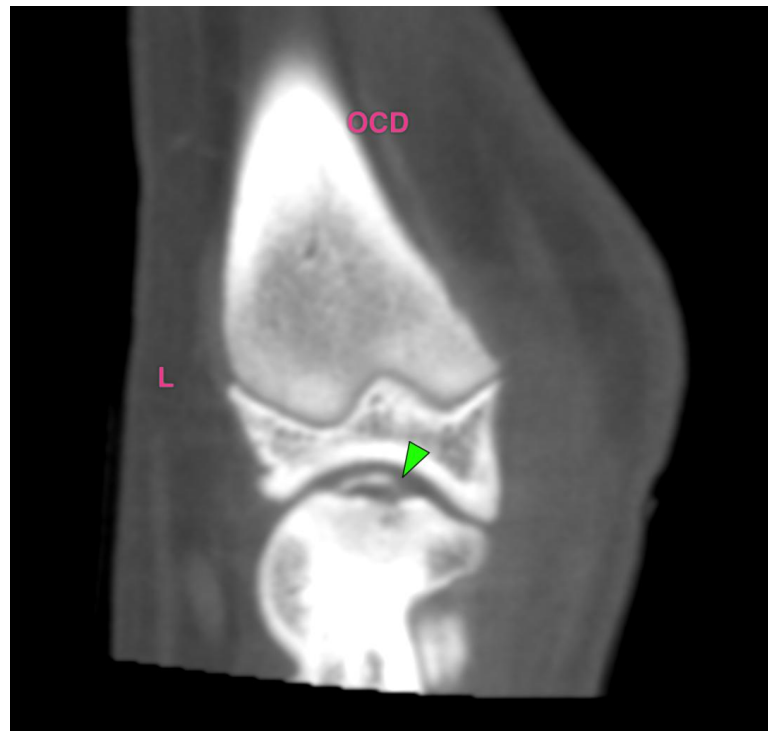
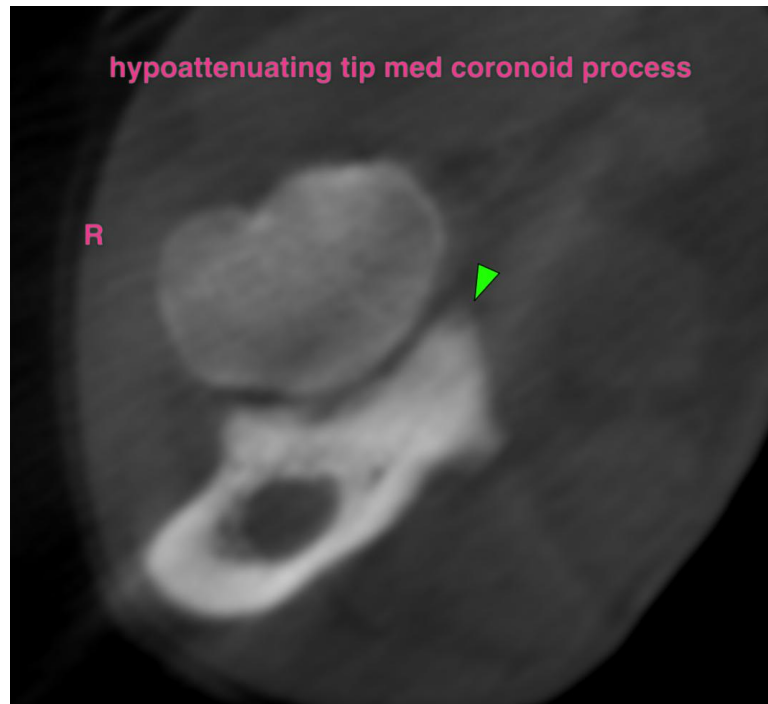
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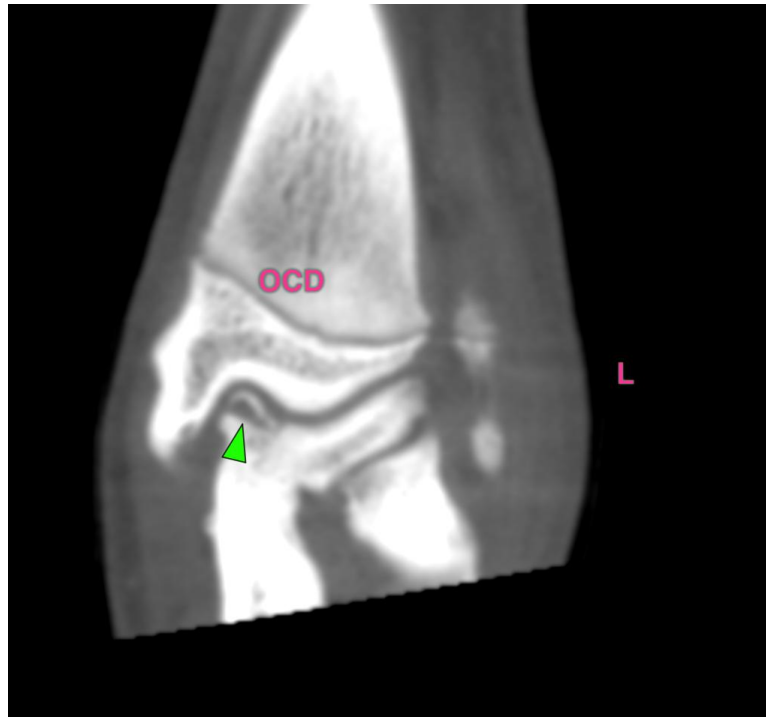
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

**Sebastian Schaub**, Sebastian Schaub, DVM, Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI  
[info@sonopath.com](mailto:info@sonopath.com)