



PATIENT

Tucker Clark

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Gradual increase in blood Calcium level, weight loss (13.4# in 9 months, 8.4# in 10wks). History of frequent VPC's but normal echocardiogram. Getting weaker in rear limbs. Drinking more than usual.

SPECIES

Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: BCS 2/5, multiple subcu masses, pale gums, left chronic CrCL, posty in rear

Canine

RADIOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE THORAX

Radiographs of the thorax in three imaging planes are provided for review.

BREED

German Shorthair Pointer

RADIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

Multifocal mild spondylosis formation is noted along the thoracic spine. The costal cartilages present advanced degenerative changes. At the caudal aspect of one shoulder joint, mild osteophyte new bone formation is noted.

SEX

The extrathoracic soft tissues present homogeneous without abnormalities.

MN

The heart is of normal size and shape, there is no evidence of cardiac chamber or vascular enlargement. The pulmonary vasculature is within normal limits.

AGE

12 Years, 2 Months

The cranial mediastinum presents the expected soft tissue opacity. The mediastinal width is less than twice the width of the vertebral column at the same level.

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub, DVM
Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI

Dorsal bending of the cranial intrathoracic tracheal segment is appreciated without signs of a mass.

The bronchial tree presents with thin walls and tapers uniformly towards the periphery as expected.

HOSPITAL NAME

Elizabeth Animal Hospital

The lung parenchyma presents the expected architecture and opacity; the intrapulmonary vascular branching is seen up to the third order lung vessels.

The diaphragm is well delineated with even surface and the expected mild cranial bulging of the diaphragmatic cupola.

RADIOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Advanced degenerative changes costal cartilages
- Mild degenerative osteoarthritis one shoulder joint
- Mild spondylosis deformans

REFERRING VET

Leon Anderson, DVM

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

INVOICE

52217

The radiographic study of the thorax presents without clinically relevant pathologies. The dorsal tracheal bending is very likely a sequela to positioning (e.g. flexion of the skull) as no deviation in the VD view or mass in the lateral projections is appreciated. Given the hypocalcemia, check for underlying neoplastic disease (e.g. parathyroid tumor, round cell tumor, anal sac adenocarcinoma, other).

DATE

5-31-22



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German Shorthair
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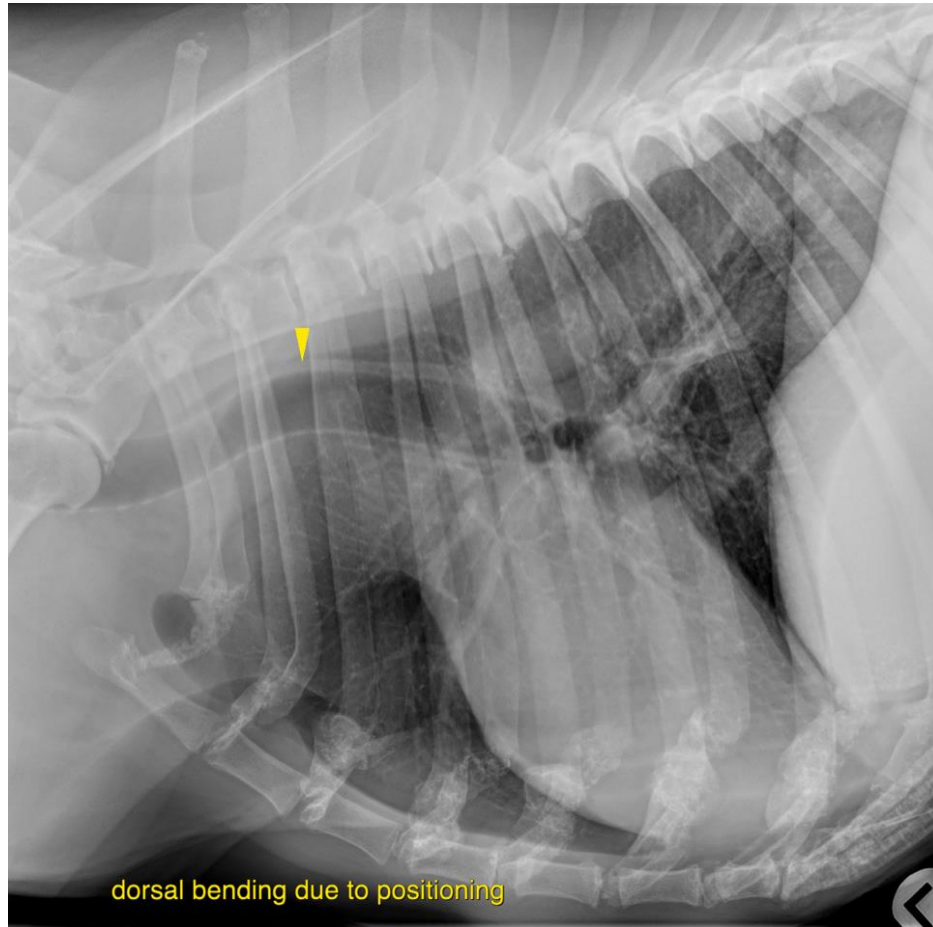
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

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