



PATIENT

Maggie Hill

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

History: Maggie has a history of oral melanoma, completely removed in 2019. She was referred to an oncology service, and received a clean bill of health with no metastasis, and received a few years of melanoma vaccination. She has d/c the melanoma vaccine as she has been cancer-free for 3 to 4 years now. She continues with every 6 month thoracic rads to check for lung metastasis. No clinical signs as far as any lung disease or heart disease at this time. Routine check. Previous sonopath report attached (December 2021). Maggie is also Addisonian and currently well-managed for at least 6 years on Fludrocortisone acetate 0.4 mg BID.

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Labradoodle

Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: Mild to moderate increases in amylase and lipase, otherwise unremarkable CBC and chemistry panel.

RADIOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE THORAX

SEX

Spayed Female

Radiographs of the thorax in three imaging planes are provided for review.

RADIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

The VD view of the thorax is moderately rotated to the right.

AGE

12 Years

Multifocal mild spondylosis formation is seen along the thoracic spine. The costal cartilages present mild to moderate degenerative changes.

The extrathoracic soft tissues present homogeneous without abnormalities.

The heart is of normal size and shape, there is no evidence of cardiac chamber or vascular enlargement. The pulmonary vasculature is within normal limits.

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub,
DVM Dr. med. vet.
DipECVDI

The cranial mediastinum presents the expected soft tissue opacity. The mediastinal width is less than twice the width of the vertebral column at the same level.

HOSPITAL NAME

Woodridge VC

The trachea is normal in diameter and presents the anticipated course. The luminal outline of the trachea is smooth.

REFERRING VET

Dr. Anique McCrae-
Spence

The bronchial tree presents with thin walls and tapers uniformly towards the periphery as expected. The lung parenchyma presents the expected architecture and opacity; the intrapulmonary vascular branching is seen up to the third order lung vessels.

The diaphragm is well delineated with even surface and the expected mild cranial bulging of the diaphragmatic cupola.

RADIOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

INVOICE

15797

- Mild spondylosis formation along thoracic spine
- Degenerative changes costal cartilages

DATE

5/27/22



- No evidence of pulmonary metastatic disease

PATIENT

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INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

The current radiographic study presents without clinically relevant pathologies and is negative for metastatic disease.

SPECIES

Canine

The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

BREED

Labradoodle

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Sebastian Schaub, Sebastian Schaub, DVM, Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI
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SEX

Spayed Female

AGE

12 Years

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