

PATIENT

Frankie Fobel

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Mix

SEX

Neutered Male

AGE

10 Years 4 Months

WEIGHT

51.3 Pounds

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub, DVM
Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Emma/Maleia

HOSPITAL NAME

Animal Clinic
Northview

REFERRING VET

Dr. Corrigan

INVOICE

37200

DATE

5/22/26

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

History: Head and neck CT performed for recurrent swelling of the right mandibular lymph node. First occurred on 7/24/25 and cytology was performed - only inflammatory cells found. Patient was put on clindamycin and rimadyl with no improvement. 08/02/25: Culture and digital cytology performed. Pyogranulomatous inflammation/lymphadenitis found, small growth of Neisseria species. Patient put on Clavamox - no improvement. 08/11/25: Patient put on Baytril - resolved lymph node swelling. Swelling recurred several times and responded to Batryil each time: 11/13/15, 01/01/26, and 2/5/26. 05/22/26: dental and laryngeal exam performed. Few small extraction needed, but nothing that should cause recurrent unilateral lymph node swelling. Spoke to owner once dental finished and decided to add on CT to assess for other areas of inflammation/infection.

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE SKULL AND NECK

A high resolution pre- and post-contrast CT study of the skull and neck is provided for review.

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

Electronic image markers appear to be flipped, R is considered as the left side of the patient and L as the right.

The tooth elements 301, 302, 401 are absent. Triadan 405 is retained in the alveolar bone. Multiple small mineralized bodies are seen in the sublingual region.

A small amount of fluid attenuating material is attached to the nasal conchal structures. Multifocal thickening of the nasal mucosal lining is appreciated.

Both temporomandibular joints present congruent joint spaces with even subchondral bone surfaces and are considered within normal limits.

Both tympanic bullae are aerated, the mucosal lining is not seen, the bony wall is smooth and thin. The external ear canals are within normal limits.

The brain presents no deviation from normal anatomy and symmetry. The brain parenchyma is homogeneous and within normal limits for attenuation and distribution of contrast enhancement. The ventricular system is non-dilated and symmetric.

The submandibular and medial retropharyngeal lymph nodes are small and elongated with a normal short-to-long-axis-ratio is < 0.5, the attenuation and contrast enhancement pattern is uniform.

The pictured parts of the neck reveal no abnormalities.

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Mild rhinitis
- Retained triadan 405 without retention cyst formation
- Normal mandibular and medial retropharyngeal lymph nodes
- Suspect small amount of mineralized material attached to mucosa in sublingual region versus metaplasia

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS



PATIENT

Frankie Fobel

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Mix

SEX

Neutered Male

AGE

10 Years 4 Months

WEIGHT

51.3 Pounds

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub, DVM
Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Emma/Maleia

HOSPITAL NAME

Animal Clinic
Northview

REFERRING VET

Dr. Corrigan

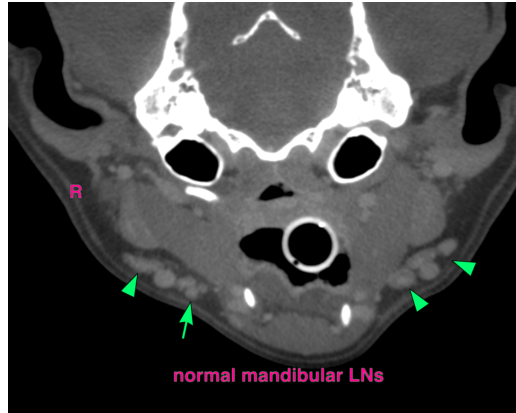
INVOICE

37200

DATE

5/22/26

The CT study reveals no abnormalities, that do explain the recurrent unilateral lymphadenopathy of the mandibular lymph nodes – at this point no enlargement of the lymph nodes is appreciated.



The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Sebastian Schaub, DVM, Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI
info@sonopath.com