

## PATIENT

Terry Wu

## SPECIES

Canine

## BREED

American Staffy Mix

## SEX

Neutered Male

## AGE

11

## WEIGHT

29

## INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub, DVM  
Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI

## IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Dr. Eamon Ryan

## HOSPITAL NAME

Belconnen Veterinary  
Centre

## REFERRING VET

Dr. Henry Xue

## INVOICE

16137

## DATE

05/10/26

## PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Bloated abdomen, inappetence, pale mm

Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: severe anemia u/s: large volume sanguinous ff, splenic mass, R renal mass, enlarged sternal lymph nodes

## COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE ABDOMEN

A pre- and post-contrast CT study of the abdomen in a bone and soft tissue reconstruction is provided for review.

## COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

In the peritoneal cavity a significant amount of fluid attenuating material is appreciated. The abdominal volume is increased. The peritoneal fat presents moderate soft tissue striation. At the caudolateral aspect of the right kidney, a well-defined, roundish, mild irregular soft tissue attenuating mass is seen; measuring up to 6 cm.

Along the ventral abdominal wall, focal plaque like thickening of the serosal lining is seen.

Both kidneys present within normal limits for size, shape and organ architecture. After contrast administration a bilaterally symmetric and uniform nephro- and pyelogram is noted.

The adrenal glands are within normal limits for size, shape and organ architecture.

Throughout the splenic parenchyma, innumerable, mild irregular hypoattenuating and post contrast non-contrast enhancing, variable sized nodules are seen; measuring up to 5 cm and protruding beyond the splenic surface.

Post contrast administration, in the left division of the liver, two ill-defined, mild hypoattenuating nodules are seen; measuring up to 2 cm in diameter.

The pancreas is evenly contoured, the pancreatic parenchyma is homogeneous and presents uniform contrast enhancement.

The position, delineation, wall and content of the gastrointestinal tract are considered within normal limits throughout.

In the pictured parts of the lung, multiple well-defined, randomly distributed, soft tissue attenuating nodules are seen.

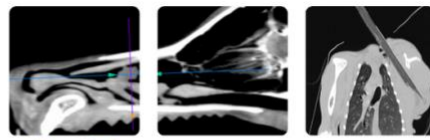
In the subcutaneous tissue at the right caudal gluteal region, an irregular shaped, soft tissue mass with a heterogeneous contrast enhancement pattern is included in the field of view.

## COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Multiple splenic soft tissue nodules/masses
- Soft tissue mass caudolateral aspect of right kidney
- Suspect sporadic peritoneal nodules
- Structured nodular interstitial lung pattern
- Hypoattenuating hepatic lesions
- Subcutaneous soft tissue mass caudal right gluteal region

## INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

The CT study is consistent with disseminated neoplastic disease and likely secondary abdominal hemorrhage – the odds for underlying hemangiosarcoma are high.



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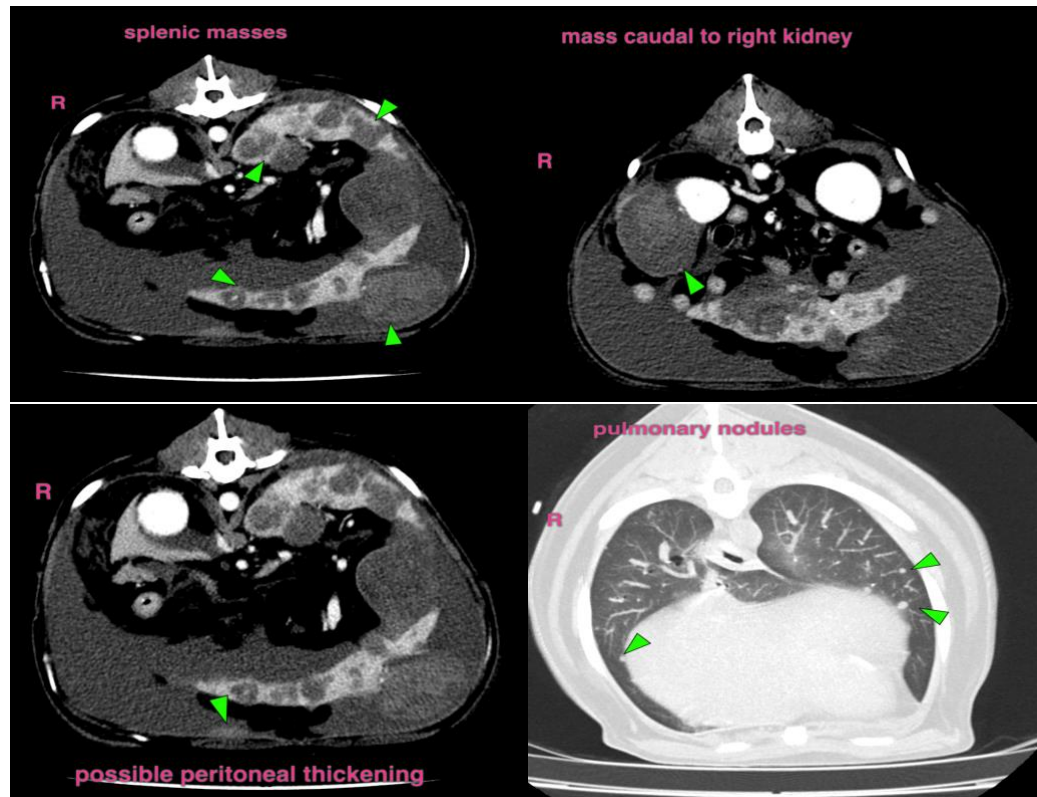
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Sebastian Schaub, DVM, Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI  
[info@sonopath.com](mailto:info@sonopath.com)