



PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Bear Mccombs sudden onset of lethargy , anorexia PE revealed abdominal pain
Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: Elevated GGT and Bilirubin

SPECIES RADIOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE ABDOMEN

Canine Radiographs of the abdomen in three imaging planes are provided for review.

BREED RADIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

Terrier Yorkshire The surrounding bony structures are within normal limits.

SEX No abnormalities of the extraabdominal soft tissues are noted. The abdominal wall is smooth and thin.

Male Neuter The serosal detail is maintained throughout the peritoneal and retroperitoneal space.

AGE The hepatic volume is mildly increased and presents uniform opacity.
8 Years The splenic head is in the anticipated position and within normal limits for size and opacity. The splenic body and tail are considered normal for position, size, shape and opacity.

INTERPRETED BY Both kidneys are seen and present with normal size, shape, delineation and opacity. Fain mineralization is seen in the imaging plane of the left renal pelvis. The urinary bladder is in its anticipated position. No radiopaque calculi are noted throughout the lower urinary tract.

Sebastian Schaub, DVM
Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI The stomach is in its anticipated position and presents normal content.

HOSPITAL NAME The small intestinal loops are of even diameter and non-dilated, a small amount of gas is seen within the small intestinal loops and considered within normal limits.

St. Catherine's Animal Hospital The colon is seen in the expected position and presents with appropriate content.

RADIOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- REFERRING VET**
- Mild hepatomegaly
 - Suspect left sided nephrolithiasis

Dr. Boctor

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

INVOICE Potentials for the hepatomegaly include metabolic hepatic disease/steroid induced hepatopathy, hepatitis or neoplastic infiltration. The relevance for the current clinical signs is questionable. No additional abnormalities are appreciated, explaining the current acute clinical signs. Complementing workup by an abdominal ultrasound examination appears beneficial. If not done so yet, recommend complementing blood work by cpl to screen for underlying pancreatitis.

51397

DATE

4-7-22



PATIENT

Bear Mccombs

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Terrier Yorkshire

SEX

Male Neuter

AGE

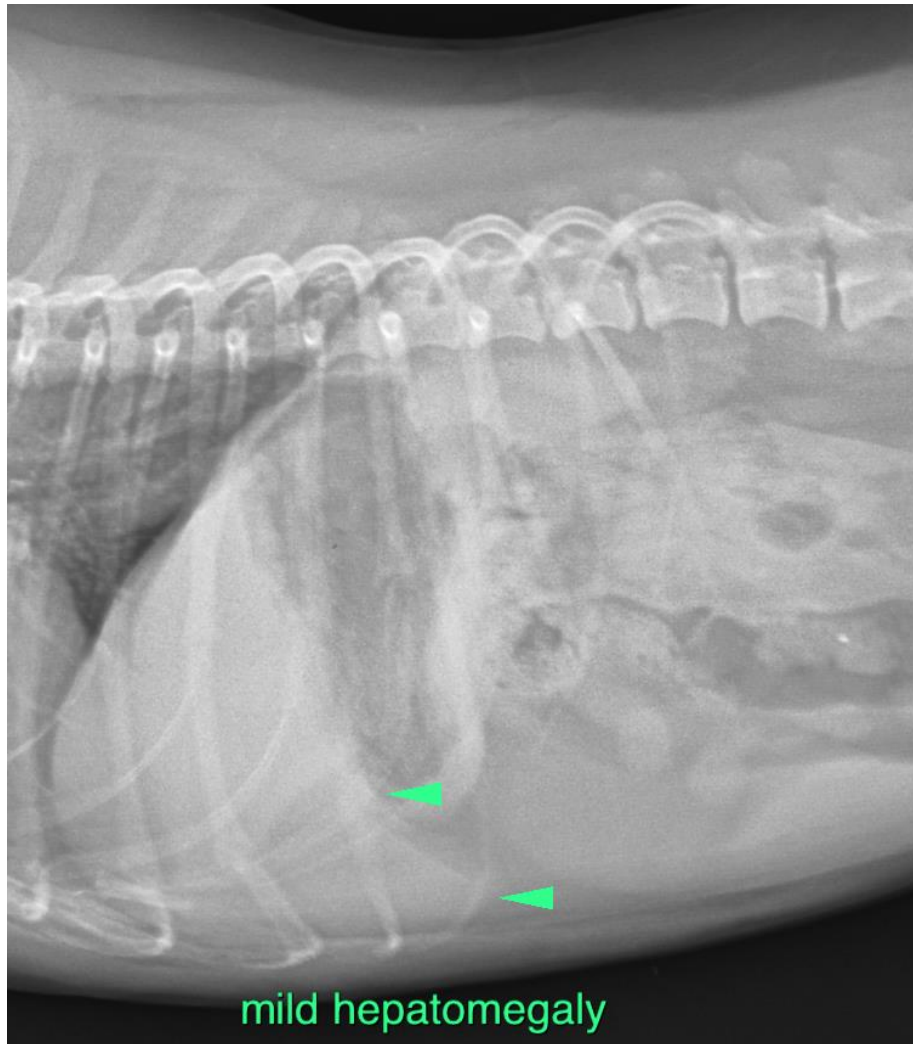
8 Years

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub, DVM
Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI

HOSPITAL NAME

St. Catherine's Animal
Hospital



REFERRING VET

Dr. Boctor

INVOICE

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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

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