



PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Naida Veloso
 chronic intermittent vomiting and hyporexia for last 6 months
 Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: TT4 = 2.4; hyperechoic irregular endomyocardial changes
 - R/O agre related vs occult HCM

SPECIES RADIOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE ABDOMEN

Feline
 Radiographs of the abdomen in three imaging planes are provided for review.

BREED RADIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

DSH
 The vertebral endplates of the lumbosacral junction present mild spondylosis formation.

SEX

FS
 Radiopaque suture material is seen level with the mid ventral abdominal wall and in the region of the ovaries & cervix of the uterus.

The serosal detail is maintained throughout the peritoneal and retroperitoneal space.

The liver is appropriate in position, size and presents uniform opacity.

AGE

16
 The splenic head is in the anticipated position and within normal limits for size and opacity.

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub, DVM
 Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI

Both kidneys are seen and present with normal size, shape, delineation and opacity. The urinary bladder is in its anticipated position. No radiopaque calculi are noted throughout the upper and lower urinary tract.

The stomach is in its anticipated position and contains a mild amount of gas and fluid.

HOSPITAL NAME

DTLAvets

The small intestinal loops are of even diameter and non-dilated, a small amount of gas is seen within the small intestinal loops and considered within normal limits.

The colon is seen in the expected position and presents with appropriate content.

REFERRING VET

Dr. Castaneda

RADIOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Mild amount of gas and fluid in the stomach
- Spondylosis deformans

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

INVOICE

51347

The radiographic study of the abdomen presents without specific abnormalities, explaining the history of chronic vomiting & hyporexia. The mild gas and fluid filling of the stomach can indicate delayed gastric emptying (functional versus mechanical), but no abnormality can be specified in the current radiographic study. Complementing workup by an abdominal ultrasound examination appears beneficial for further evaluation of the wall of the gastrointestinal tract to rule out diffuse changes (e.g. inflammatory versus neoplastic).

DATE

4-5-22

Recommend complementing workup by complete blood work including fpl.



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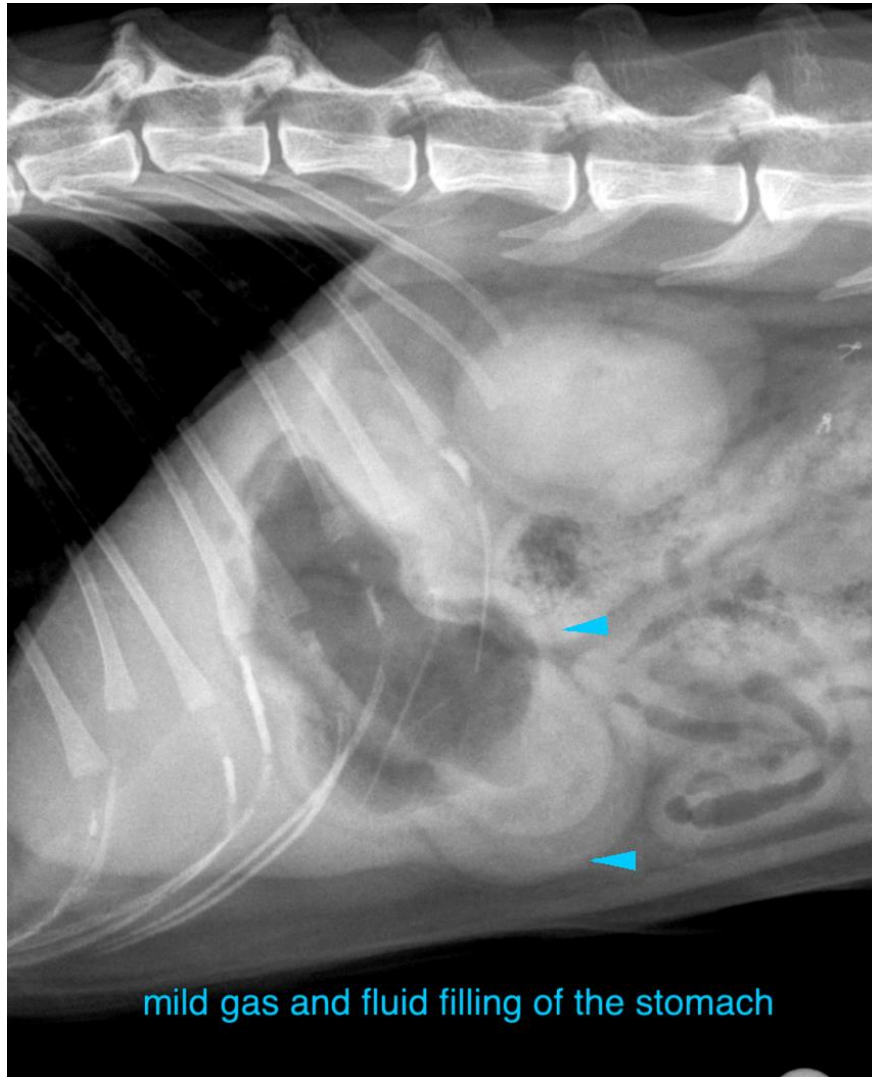
Dr. Castaneda

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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

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