



PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Biffy Raibley Lethargic for 2-3 weeks. Hasn't ate or drank in 36-48 hours. Open mouth breathing when taken out of cage in clinic. MM pink and moist; harsh lung sounds on left side. Resp. rate 66

SPECIES RADIOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE THORAX

Feline Radiographs of the thorax in two orthogonal imaging planes are provided for review.

BREED RADIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

Domestic Longhair There are two sets of radiographs, one is presenting with moderate amount of pleural effusion and the other without – it is not clear if the radiographs had been acquired at the same day, but regarding the skeletal changes appear to be from the same patient.

SEX In the radiographic study with moderate pleural effusion, the lung lobes are retracted from the thoracic wall and pleural fissure lines are visible. Consolidation of the left caudal lung lobe is seen in the respective radiographic study with the pleural effusion.

Neutered Male

AGE In the radiographic study without pleural effusion, an irregular roundish heterogeneous soft tissue mass with interspersed zones of gas is seen in the left caudal lung lobe, extending approximately over 3-4 intercostal spaces in size. The remainder of the lung parenchyma present a moderate generalized ground glass opacity, effacing the peripheral pulmonary vessels.

14 Years

INTERPRETED BY Multifocal mild spondylosis formation is seen along the thoracic spine.

Sebastian Schaub, DVM The extrathoracic soft tissues present homogeneous without abnormalities.
Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI

RADIOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- HOSPITAL NAME** • Pulmonary mass left caudal lung lobes with possible zones of cavitation
- Moderate unstructured interstitial lung pattern.
- Animal Care Clinic of** • Pleural effusion – regressive versus progressive?
- Rock Island - IL** • Spondylosis deformans

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

REFERRING VET The radiographic study is highly suggestive for primary pulmonary neoplasia – such as bronchogenic carcinoma – with secondary pleural effusion. A potential is pulmonary abscess or focal pneumonia. The unstructured interstitial lung pattern is accentuated by the pleural effusion and potentials include fibrosis, pneumonitis (inflammatory versus infectious), systemic disease (e.g. pancreatitis, IMHA, renal disease), neoplasia.

Dr Joe Westerhof

INVOICE 51356 Ultrasound guided FNA sampling of the left pulmonary mass by the 8th/9th left intercostal space can be performed as advanced diagnostic test.

DATE

4-5-22



PATIENT

Biffy Raibley

SPECIES

Feline

BREED

Domestic Longhair

SEX

Neutered Male

AGE

14 Years

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub, DVM
Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI

HOSPITAL NAME

Animal Care Clinic of
Rock Island - IL

REFERRING VET

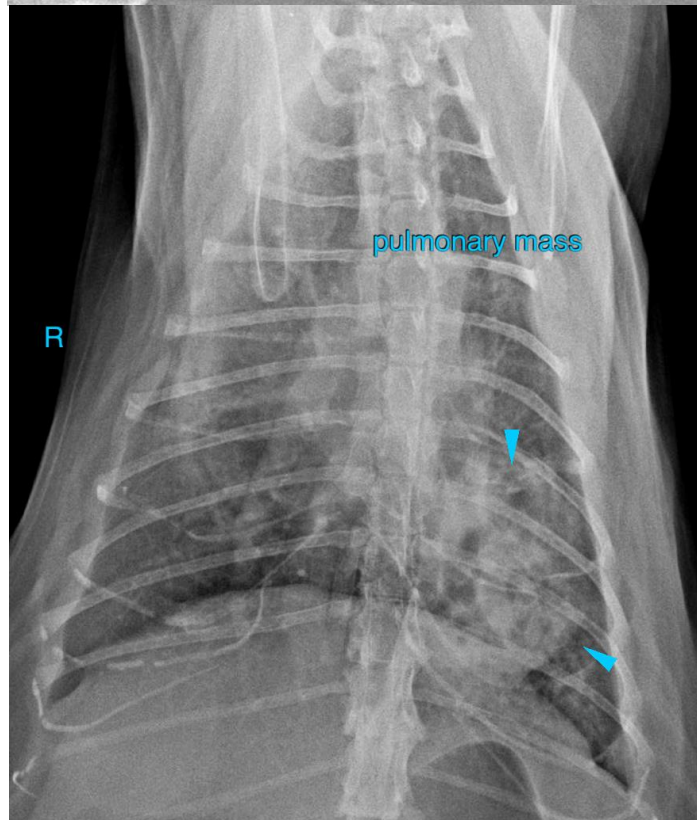
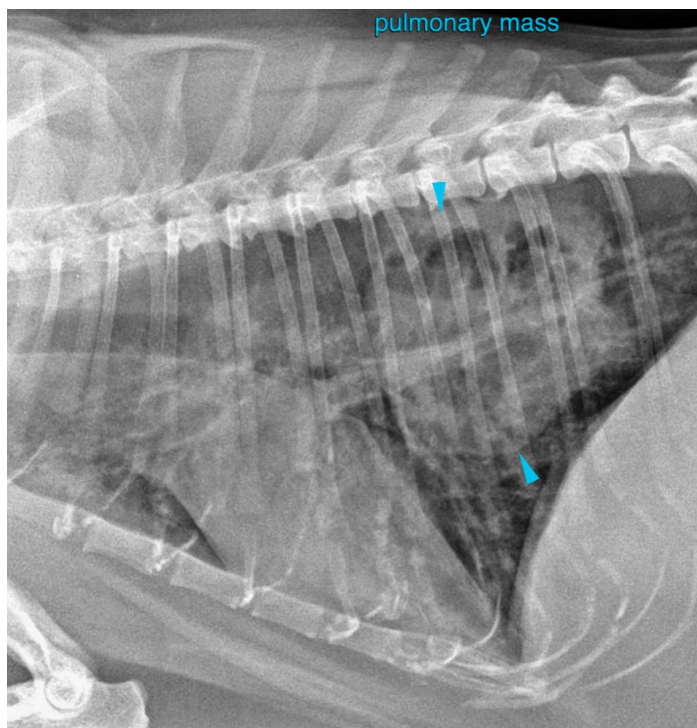
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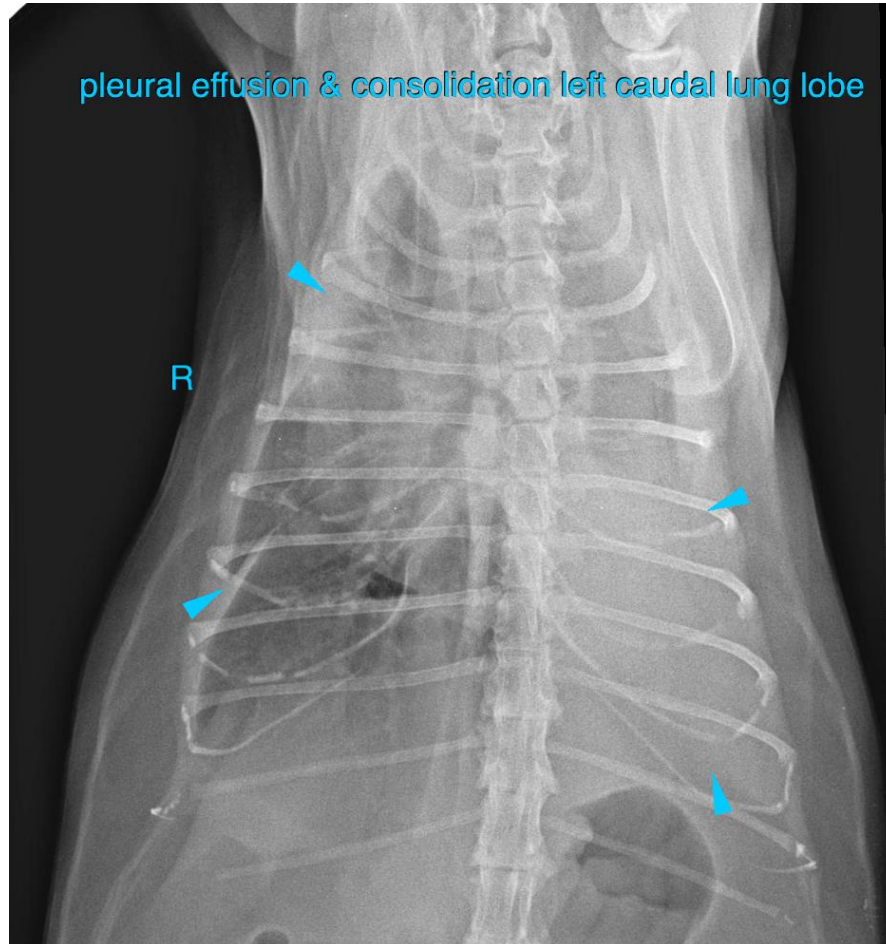
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Sebastian Schaub, Sebastian Schaub, DVM, Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI
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