



PATIENT

Alabama Farrelly

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Chronic Intermittent Right sided epistaxis, grade 3 dental disease

SPECIES

Canine

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHY OF THE SKULL

A high resolution pre- and post-contrast CT study of the skull is provided for review.

BREED

Mix

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

Triadan 410 is absent. A supernumerary triadan 208 is noted. All teeth present evidence of moderate periodontal disease with resorptive lesions of the crowns and tooth roots – most accentuated in the upper jaw quadrants.

SEX

FS

In the caudal aspect of the right nasal cavity, soft tissue attenuating and heterogeneous moderate contrast enhancing material is noted; advanced destruction of the associated turbinate & conchal structures in the right nasal cavity is noted. The perpendicular plate of the right palatine bone presents moth eaten osteolytic lesions. The cribriform plate is intact. The right frontal sinus is filled with fluid attenuating material.

AGE

14 Years

Both temporomandibular joints present congruent joint spaces with even subchondral bone surfaces and are considered within normal limits.

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub, DVM
Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI

Both tympanic bullae are aerated, the mucosal lining is not seen, the bony wall is smooth and thin. The external ear canals are within normal limits.

The brain presents no deviation from normal anatomy and symmetry. The brain parenchyma is homogeneous and within normal limits for attenuation and distribution of contrast enhancement. The ventricular system is non-dilated and symmetric.

HOSPITAL NAME

Blairstown Animal
Hospital

The submandibular and medial retropharyngeal lymph nodes are small and elongated with a normal short-to-long-axis-ratio is < 0.5, the attenuation and contrast enhancement pattern is uniform.

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

REFERRING VET

Dr. Lovell

- Right sided nasal soft tissue mass with monostotic osteolytic lesions of the right palatine bone
- Secondary right sided obstructive sinusitis
- Generalized mild to moderate periodontal disease with resorptive dental lesions
- Supernumerary triadan 208
- Absent triadan 410

INVOICE

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INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

The findings are compatible with primary nasal neoplasia. Differentials include adenocarcinoma, squamous cell carcinoma, transitional cell carcinoma, lymphosarcoma, other. Rhinoscopy including sampling for biopsy can be used as advanced diagnostic test. Based on the results of the advanced diagnostic tests, the chances of radiation therapy can be discussed with oncologist. The Adam tumor stage is T2.

DATE

4-4-22



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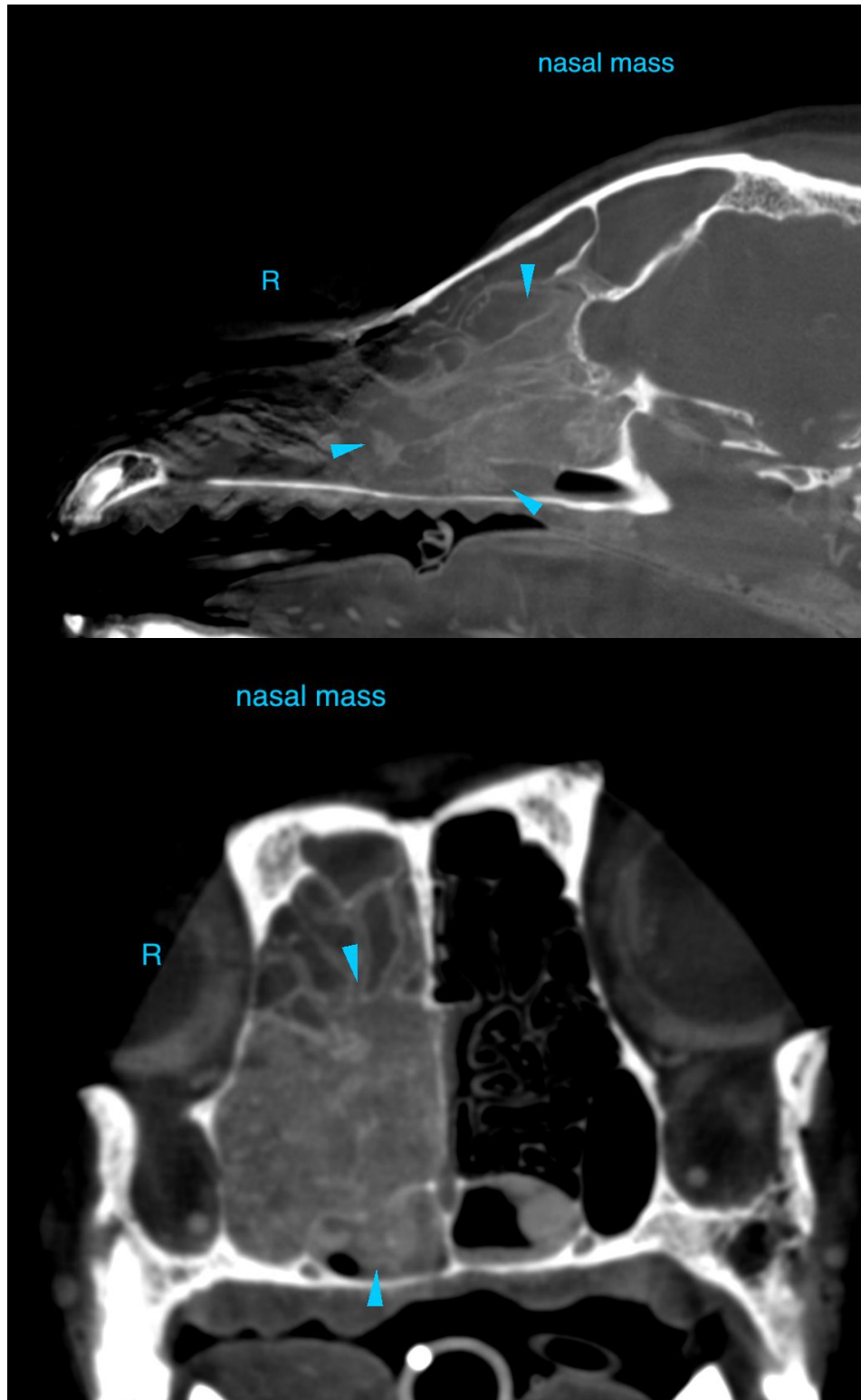
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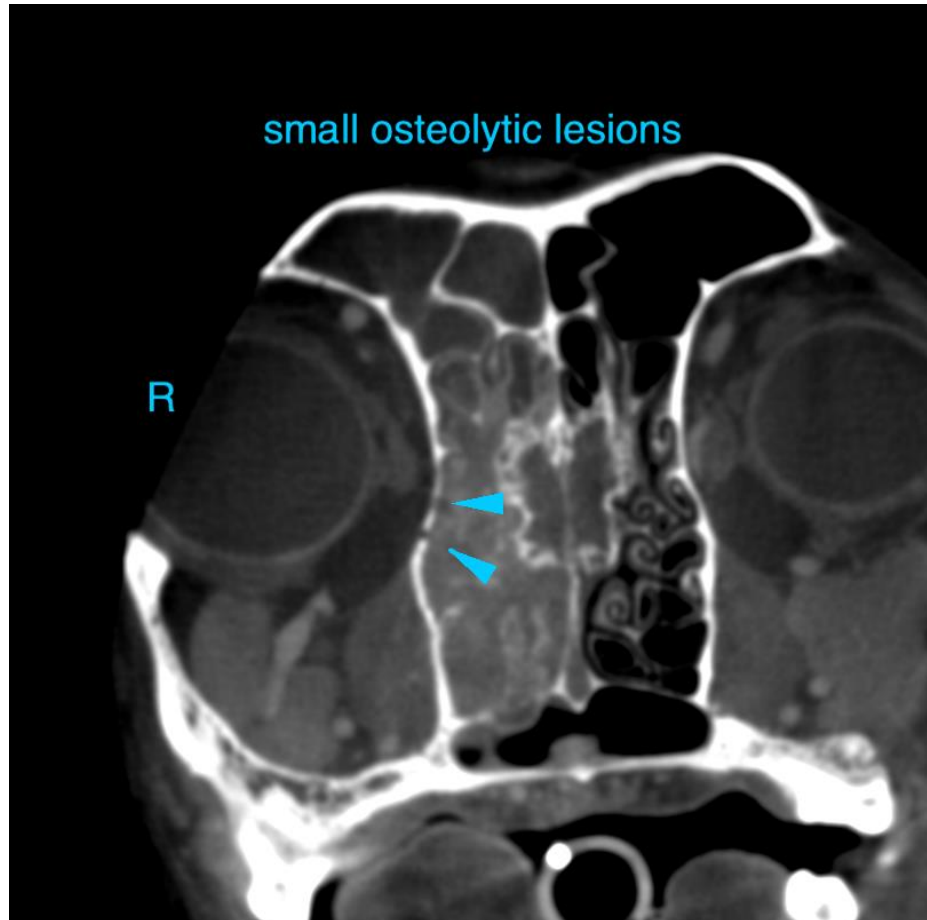
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

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