



PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

PATIENT Lucie Wasserman **PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS** History: Episodes of intermittent left lateralizing vestibular ataxia, trembling and panting . Normal between.

SPECIES Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: Normal neurological exam Normal CSF analysis

SPECIES Canine **MAGNETIC RESONANCE IMAGING OF THE SKULL**

BREED Airedale **MAGNETIC RESONANCE IMAGING FINDINGS** T2 weighted, FLAIR, diffusion weighted, SWI, T1 pre- and post-gadolinium sequence in multiple imaging planes are provided for review.

SEX The brain presents the expected anatomy and bilateral symmetry with normal signal intensity and contrast enhancement. There is no evidence of abnormal meningeal enhancement.

SEX Spayed Female In the right dorsal aspect of the pituitary gland a T2 hyperintense and T1 hypointense roundish lesion, measuring 2.2 mm in diameter is seen.

AGE 13 Years The ventricular system presents the expected dimensions, morphology and the CSF signal is within normal limits in all sequences.

The wall of the external ear canals is moderately thickened and contrast enhancing. The tympanic bullae are aerated, and the bony lining is thin.

INTERPRETED BY

INTERPRETED BY Sebastian Schaub, DVM Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI In the subcutaneous tissue at the right dorsal aspect of the skull a small (5 mm in diameter), in all sequences to fat isointense nodule is visible.

MAGNETIC RESONANCE IMAGING DIAGNOSIS

HOSPITAL NAME

Animal Health Partners

- Suspect bilateral otitis externa
- Small pituitary cyst
- Suspect small subcutaneous lipoma dorsal aspect of the skull
- Normal brain

REFERRING VET

Dr. Greg Kilburn

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

An underlying macromorphological cause of the intermittent vestibular clinical signs is not detected. Transient ischemic insult and/or geriatric vestibular syndrome are potential differential diagnosis.

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If not yet done so the workup should be complemented by complete bloodwork to screen for brain disease that is not necessarily associated with structural changes of the brain parenchyma and rule out other systemic illness.

The small pituitary cyst is considered as an incidental finding.

DATE

4/28/22



PATIENT

Lucie Wasserman

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

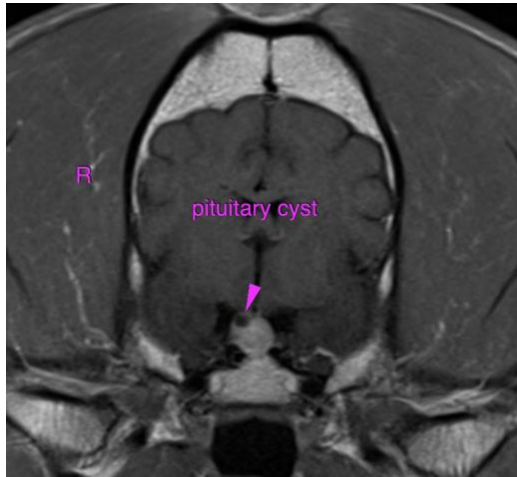
Airedale

SEX

Spayed Female

AGE

13 Years



The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub,
DVM Dr. med. vet.
DipECVDI

Sebastian Schaub, Sebastian Schaub, DVM, Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI
sebast.schaub@gmail.com

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