



PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Brutus Potter Reason for Visit: cough History: 9yr 11m old NM bulldog mix presented today for cough. Owner says for about 2 weeks, P has had green ocular dscharge from both eyes and has been wheezing and hacking. Owner says P will start to wheeze about 3-4 times, then will have a heavy hack/cough. P has also not been as enticed with his normal diet but will want owner's food (steak, meats, etc.).

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Bulldog Mix

Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: CV/Respiratory: Normal heart rate and rhythm, no murmur, pulses strong and synchronous. Wheezing, increased resp. effort. Moderate abdominal effort. EENT: Clear AU. OU: lenticular sclerosis. No nasal discharge. Oral cavity: Not fully examined, MM: pink and moist. Musculoskeletal: BCS = 5/9. Ambulatory x 4 Uro/Perineum: No significant lesions Abd/GI: Soft, non-painful. No masses or fluid wave palpated Lymph Nodes: No peripheral lymphadenopathy Neurological: Alert and appropriate. No significant abnormalities Skin: Good hair coat. No ectoparasites seen Mentation: BAR Hydration: N

RADIOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE THORAX

SEX

Radiographs of the thorax in three imaging planes are provided for review.

NM

RADIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

The surrounding bony structures are within normal limits.

AGE

The extrathoracic soft tissues present homogeneous without abnormalities.

9 Years, 11 Months

INTERPRETED BY

The cranial mediastinum presents a homogeneous soft tissue opacification. The cranial mediastinum is occupying 100% of the thoracic width at the same level. The cranial lung lobes are deviated caudally & dorsally and the tracheal dorsally and to the right by a mass effect. The cranial margins of the heart are partially effaced by cranial mediastinal soft tissue opacity. The volume of the cranial lung lobes is decreased, and the parenchyma has a ground glass opacity. Pleural fissure lines are appreciated, and the caudal lung lobes are mildly retracted from the thoracic wall.

Sebastian Schaub, DVM
Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI

HOSPITAL NAME

The diaphragm is well delineated with even surface and the expected mild cranial bulging of the diaphragmatic cupola.

DPC Veterinary
Hospital

RADIOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Cranioventral mediastinal soft tissue mass
- Mild pleural effusion
- No evidence of pulmonary metastatic disease – but small lesions might be effaced in the cranial lung lobes.

REFERRING VET

Dr. Rivera

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

INVOICE

57852

The cranioventral mediastinal mass is highly suggestive for neoplastic disease and differentials include thymoma, thymic sarcoma/carcinoma/lymphosarcoma, thyroid carcinoma or aberrant thyroid tissue, sarcoma of different origin. Theoretically a large cranioventral mediastinal cyst is a potential. FNA sampling/TruCut biopsy of the mass can be performed as advanced minimally invasive diagnostic tests to confirm the diagnosis.

DATE

The pleural effusion is considered as a sequela to the cranioventral mediastinal mass.

4-18-23



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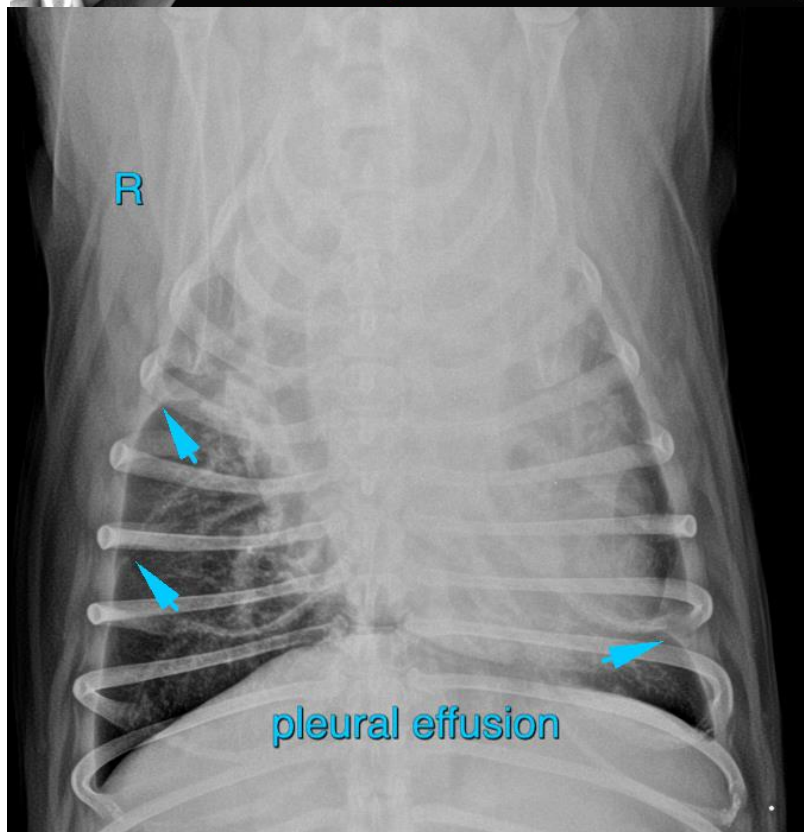
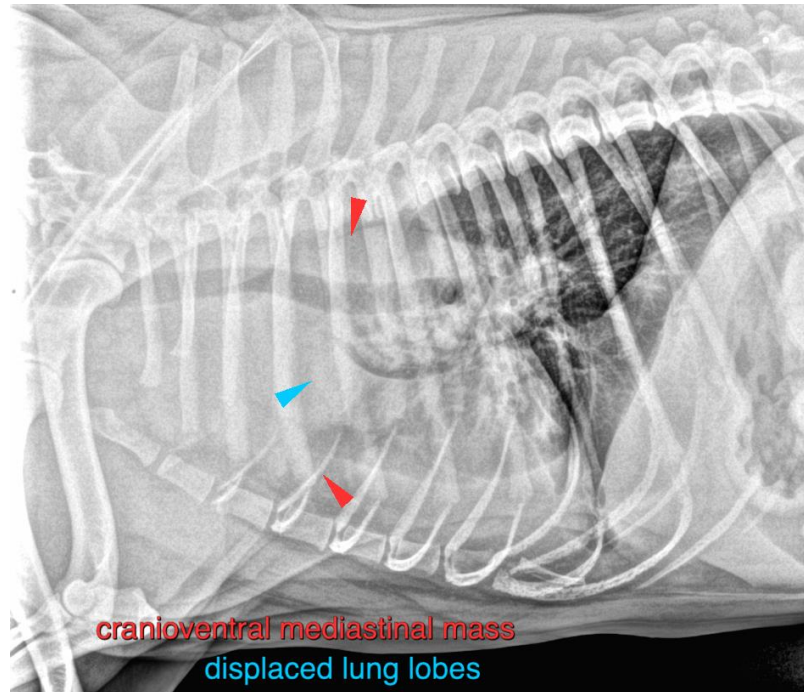
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PATIENT

Brutus Potter **The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.**

SPECIES

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Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

BREED

Bulldog Mix

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