



PATIENT

Maggie Carson

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Coughing, noisy respiration

SPECIES

Canine

RADIOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE THORAX

Radiographs of the thorax in three imaging planes are provided for review.

BREED

Lab

RADIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

Multifocal moderate spondylosis formation is seen along the thoracic spine. The pictured parts of one shoulder joint present moderate osteophyte new bone formation.

SEX

Female S

The extrathoracic soft tissues present homogeneous without abnormalities.

The heart is of normal size and shape, there is no evidence of cardiac chamber or vascular enlargement. The pulmonary vasculature is within normal limits.

AGE

02-01-2011

The cranial mediastinum presents the expected soft tissue opacity. The mediastinal width is less than twice the width of the vertebral column at the same level.

Cranial to the diaphragm, superimposed on the region of the esophagus in both imaging planes, a convex shaped soft tissue opacity is noted.

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub, DVM
Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI

The trachea is normal in diameter and presents the anticipated course. The luminal outline of the trachea is smooth.

The bronchial tree presents with thin walls and tapers uniformly towards the periphery as expected.

HOSPITAL NAME

Cottage Grove
Veterinary Clinic

The lung parenchyma presents the expected architecture and opacity; the intrapulmonary vascular branching is seen up to the third order lung vessels.

The diaphragm is well delineated with even surface and the expected mild cranial bulging of the diaphragmatic cupola.

REFERRING VET

Damewood

RADIOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Soft tissue opacification region of the esophageal hiatus
- Degenerative osteoarthritis one shoulder joint
- Spondylosis deformans

INVOICE

51544

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

DATE

4-14-22

The soft tissue opacification level with the most caudal aspect of the esophagus, cranial to the diaphragm can be caused by hiatal hernia, pulmonary mass of accessory lung, esophageal mass, paraesophageal abscess, small diaphragmatic defect, odd bulging of the diaphragm. Complementing workup by barium swallowing study might help in further specification of the soft tissue opacification, a CT study of the thorax can be used as advanced imaging modality alternatively.



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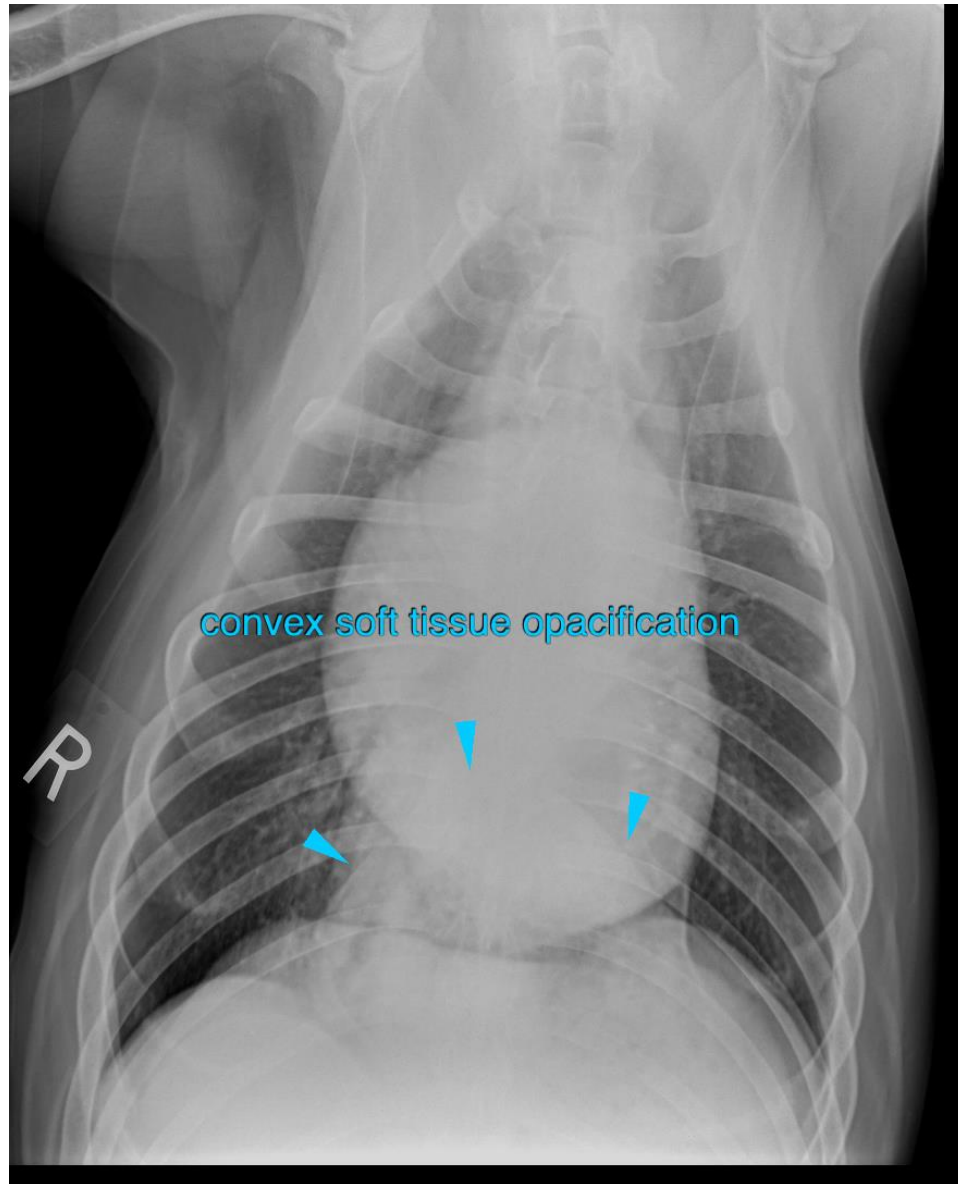
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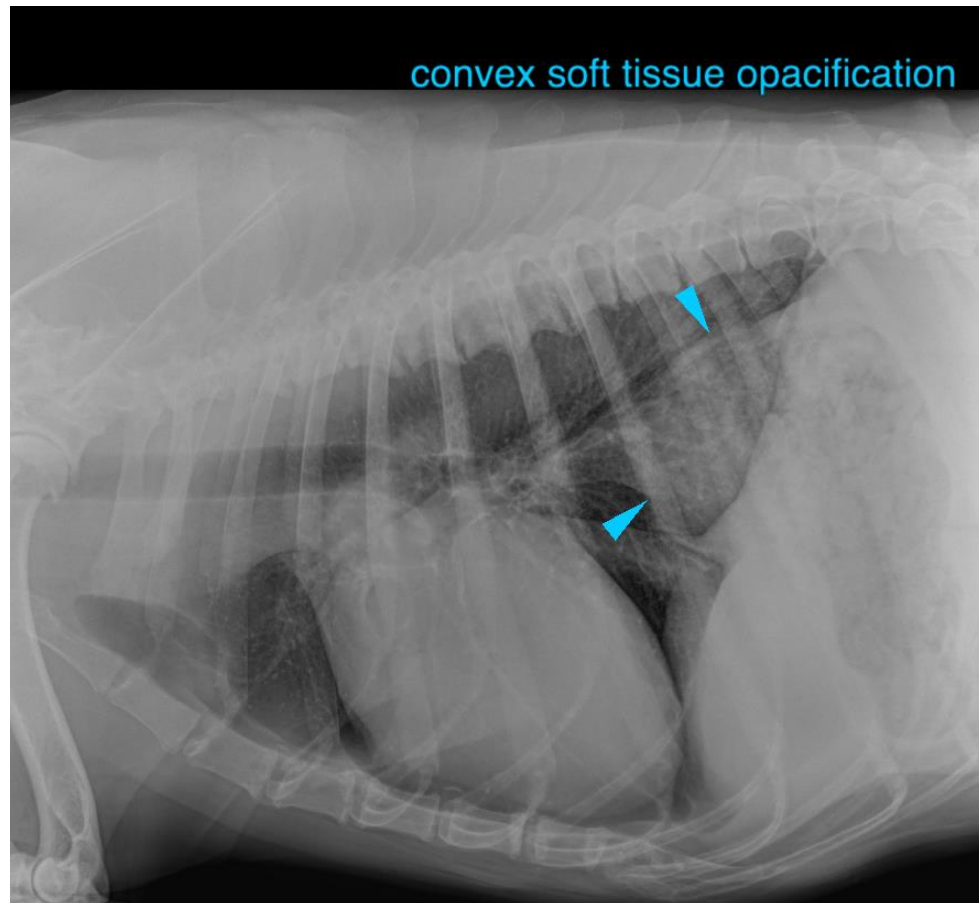
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

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