



**PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS**

Max Sanchez limping back right for 6 month. Initially got better but now worse

**RADIOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE PELVIS AND STIFLE JOINTS**

**SPECIES** Radiographs of the pelvis and the stifle joints are provided for review.

Canine **RADIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS**

**BREED**

Rat Terrier Mix

At the craniolateral aspect of the right iliac wing, an isolated mineral opaque structure is seen, measuring 15 x 4 mm in size. The periarticular bones of the left coxofemoral joint present moderate osteophyte new bone formation. The acetabular groove of the left coxofemoral joint is shallow and the center of the left femoral head is lateral to the dorsal acetabular rim. The periarticular bones of the right coxofemoral joint present smooth osseous margins.

**SEX**

MN

The volume of the soft tissue shadow of the right thigh musculature is moderately decreased. The periarticular bones of the right stifle joint present moderate osteophyte new bone formation. Moderate cranial subluxation of the right tibia is seen. The right stifle joint presents a moderate intracapsular soft tissue swelling.

**AGE**

2 Years, 10 Months

The periarticular bones of the left stifle joint have smooth osseous margins. A radiopaque body is seen in the descending colon.

**INTERPRETED BY**

Sebastian Schaub, DVM  
Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI

**RADIOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS**

- Degenerative osteoarthritis right stifle joint
- Right sided cranial tibial subluxation
- Articular swelling right stifle joint
- Disuse atrophy right thigh musculature
- Degenerative osteoarthritis left coxofemoral joint due to hip dysplasia
- Mineralized structure lateral aspect right iliac wing

**HOSPITAL NAME**

Animal Surgical Center

**INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS**

**REFERRING VET**

Animal Hospital of Long Island

The main finding is the failure of the right cranial cruciate ligament with secondary degenerative osteoarthritis and joint effusion of the right stifle joint. A positive drawer sign or tibial compression test under general anesthesia can be used to confirm the diagnosis.

The mineralized body at the craniolateral aspect of the right iliac wing can present superimposed dystrophic mineralization, osseous fragment of the iliac wing or mineralized material attached to the cutaneous surface/fur.

**INVOICE**

57548

**DATE**

3-30-23



**PATIENT**

Max Sanchez

**SPECIES**

Canine

**BREED**

Rat Terrier Mix

**SEX**

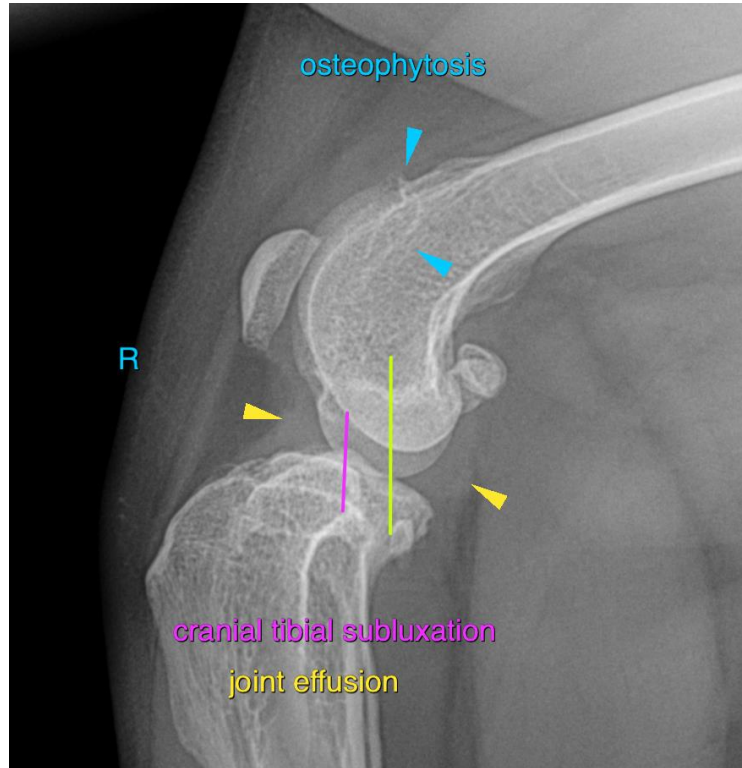
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

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