



PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Neslo Pear had stuffed and runny nose few days ago , lost 4 lbs since 2018 , vomiting and not eating even she is hungry.

Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: dehydrated , lethargic ,periodontal disease grade 4, BW : elevated WBC , neutrophils , mild hyperglycemia , rest WNL , T4: WNI , fpli : WNL ,

SPECIES

Feline

RADIOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE THORAX

Radiographs of the thorax in three imaging planes are provided for review.

BREED

DSH

RADIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

The surrounding bony structures are within normal limits.

SEX

Female Spayed

The extrathoracic soft tissues present homogeneous without abnormalities.

The heart is of normal size and shape, there is no evidence of cardiac chamber or vascular enlargement. The pulmonary vasculature is within normal limits.

AGE

10 Years

The trachea is normal in diameter and presents the anticipated course. The luminal outline of the trachea is smooth.

Multifocal mild peribronchial cuffing is appreciated.

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub, DVM
Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI

A wedge shaped soft tissue opacity is seen level with the right middle lung lobe. The left cranial lung lobe presents a generalized ground glass opacification, and the volume is decreased. A mediastinal shift to the left is appreciated. The remainder of the lung parenchyma present the expected architecture and opacity; the intrapulmonary vascular branching is seen up to the third order lung vessels.

HOSPITAL NAME

St. Catherine's Animal
Hospital

The diaphragm is well delineated with even surface and the expected mild cranial bulging of the diaphragmatic cupola.

RADIOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

REFERRING VET

Dr. Masoud

- Consolidated right middle lung lobe and left cranial lung lobe with decreased volume
- Mild bronchial lung pattern
- No signs for air-trapping

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

INVOICE

51206

The radiographic study is suggestive for feline bronchial disease ('feline asthma' but without signs of air-trapping). The consolidated right middle lung lobe and left cranial lung lobe can be a sequela to bronchial mucus plugging and secondary resorption atelectasis. Depending on the clinical signs bacterial superinfection with pneumonia of the atelectatic regions of the lung cannot be ruled out entirely.

DATE

3-28-22



PATIENT

Neslo Pear

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DSH

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Female Spayed

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decreased volume left cranial lung lobe

consolidated r middle lung lobe

R



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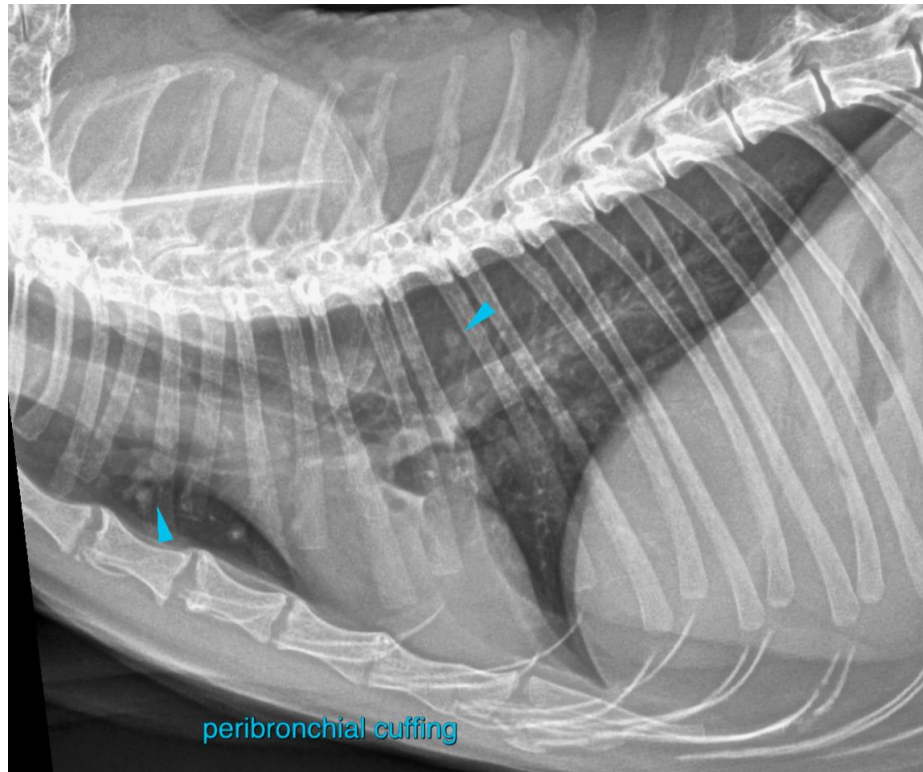
Dr. Masoud

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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

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