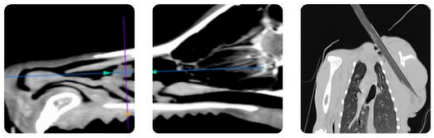

PATIENT

Willie Dinsmore

SPECIES

K9

BREED

Schnauzer x

SEX

Male Neutered

AGE

8Y

WEIGHT

52.0kg

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub, DVM
Dr. med. vet.
DipECVDI

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Clinic Staff

HOSPITAL NAME

Green Dog Dental and Wellness

REFERRING VET

Dr. Alzate

INVOICE

74381

DATE

3-26-26

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

History of "oral cysts" per O. Patient presented for anesthetic dental with bleeding mass present on 3/11/26. Biopsy, skull CT and chest xrays performed. Skull CT consistent with primary soft tissue neoplasia, biopsy consistent with polygonal to spindloid neoplasm. Chest rads to check for metastasis.

RADIOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE THORAX

Radiographs of the thorax in three imaging planes are provided for review.

RADIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

Along the thoracic spine, multifocal spondylosis formation is seen.

The extrathoracic soft tissues present homogeneous without abnormalities.

The heart is of normal size and shape; there is no evidence of cardiac chamber or vascular enlargement. The pulmonary vasculature is within normal limits.

The cranial mediastinum presents the expected soft tissue opacity. The mediastinal width is less than twice the width of the vertebral column at the same level.

The trachea is normal in diameter and presents the anticipated course. The luminal outline of the trachea is smooth.

The bronchial tree presents with thin walls and tapers uniformly towards the periphery as expected.

The lung parenchyma presents the expected architecture and opacity with randomly distributed interspersed punctuate mineralization; the intrapulmonary vascular branching is seen up to the third order lung vessels.

In the subcutaneous tissue of the left caudal thoracic wall, level with the 6th intercostal space, a heterogeneous nodular mineralization is seen; measuring 9 mm in diameter.

The diaphragm is well delineated with even surface and the expected mild cranial bulging of the diaphragmatic cupola.

RADIOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Subcutaneous dystrophic mineralization left caudal thoracic wall
- Pulmonary osteomas
- Spondylosis deformans

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

The radiographic study is negative for pulmonary metastatic disease.

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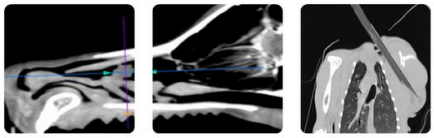

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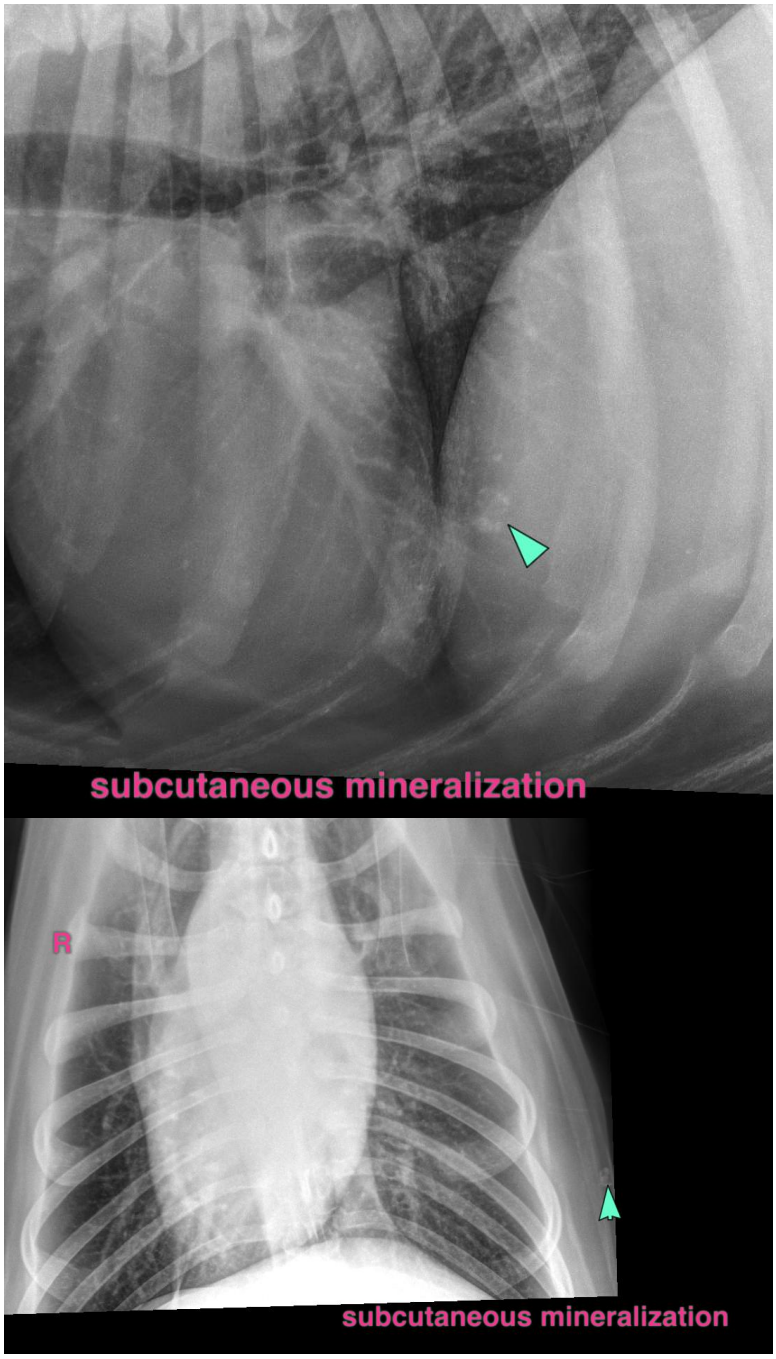

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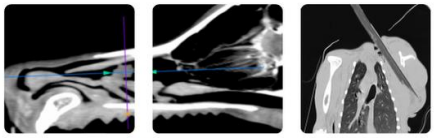

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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Sebastian Schaub, Sebastian Schaub, DVM, Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI
info@sonopath.com