



PATIENT

Fudgy Fancy Pants
Latta

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

French Bulldog

SEX

Spayed

AGE

9Y, 1M

WEIGHT

25.4lbs

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub, DVM
Dr. med. vet.
DipECVDI

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Kevin

HOSPITAL NAME

Elizabeth Animal
Hospital

REFERRING VET

Kim Allyn, DVM

INVOICE

74357

DATE

3-25-26

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

- Ruptured mass on foot but history of bone tumor. Met check for surgery.

Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: Musculoskeletal: Marked bony changes of the left humerus with moth-eaten, mottled appearance; mass effect present; patient ambulatory and using limb. Coat/Skin: Necrotic, ulcerated, solid mass present on left front limb; mass is growing rapidly and has ruptured; tissue is unhealthy; no evidence of current infection.

RADIOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE THORAX

Radiographs of the thorax in three imaging planes are provided for review.

RADIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

T6 to T8 are malformed.

The diaphysis of the right humerus presents with a multicameral, expansile osteolytic lesions – the expansile osteolytic lesion presents a short transition zone.

The extrathoracic soft tissues present homogeneous without abnormalities.

The heart is of normal size and shape; there is no evidence of cardiac chamber or vascular enlargement. The pulmonary vasculature is within normal limits.

The cranial mediastinum presents the expected soft tissue opacity. The mediastinal width is less than twice the width of the vertebral column at the same level.

The trachea is normal in diameter and presents the anticipated course. The luminal outline of the trachea is smooth.

The bronchial tree presents with thin walls and tapers uniformly towards the periphery as expected.

The lung parenchyma presents the expected architecture and opacity; the intrapulmonary vascular branching is seen up to the third order lung vessels.

The diaphragm is well delineated with even surface and the expected mild cranial bulging of the diaphragmatic cupola.

RADIOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Monostotic semiaggressive expansile multiloculated osteolytic lesion right humeral diaphysis
- Congenital malformation T6 to T8
- No evidence of pulmonary metastatic disease

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

The diagnosis of a biologically aggressive bone tumor of the right humerus is not definitive as the osseous changes appear overall not aggressive and differentials include aneurysmatic bone cyst, giant cell tumor or fibrous dysplasia.



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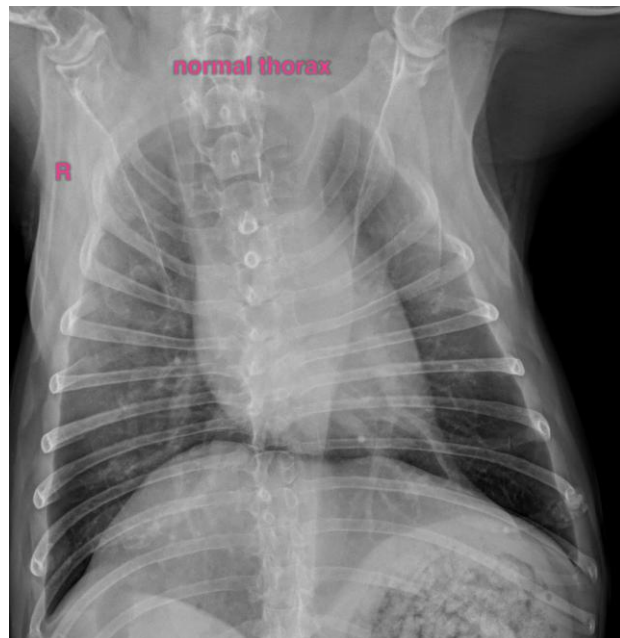
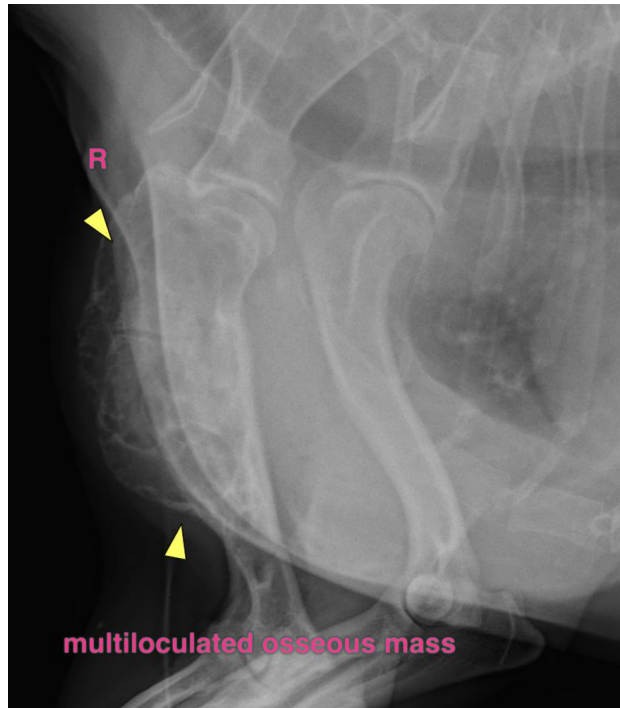
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

Sebastian Schaub, Sebastian Schaub, DVM, Dr. med. vet. DipECVDI
info@sonopath.com