



PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

PATIENT Yogi Borasky
HISTORY: Mass protruding from L nostril. Chronic upper resp infection.
Abnormal PE/Chem/CBC/UA Results: Mildly elevated BUN and mildly elevated WBC. I did not feel comfortable administering IV contrast due to him being geriatric and having some degree of kidney compromise.

SPECIES

Feline

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE SKULL

A high-resolution plain CT study of the skull is provided for review.

BREED

DSH

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

All teeth but triadan 102-104, 204, 304 and 401-404 are absent. Multiple retained tooth roots of the mandibular premolar teeth are noted. Ankylosis of the roots of the canine teeth is appreciated. Small mineralizations of the lower lips are seen.

SEX

Neutered Male

The rostral segment of the left nasal cavity is occupied by soft tissue attenuating material extending rostrally into the left nasal opening and caudally along the ventral nasal meatus up to the level of the choana. Moderate destruction of the left nasal conchal structures is noted.

AGE

Geriatric/Unknown

Both temporomandibular joints present congruent joint spaces with even subchondral bone surfaces and are considered within normal limits.

INTERPRETED BY

Sebastian Schaub,
 DVM Dr. med. vet.
 DipECVDI

Both tympanic bullae are aerated, the medioventral compartment of the tympanic bullae contains a moderate amount of soft tissue attenuating material. Protruding from the level of the tympanic membrane, a conical shaped soft tissue attenuating structure is protruding into the external ear canal.

The submandibular and medial retropharyngeal lymph nodes are small and elongated with a normal short-to-long-axis-ratio is < 0.5, the attenuation pattern is uniform.

HOSPITAL NAME

Animal Health Care
 Denver

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

- Consolidation left nasal cavity with focal conchal destruction
- Bilateral otitis media ± polypoid lesions protruding from the level of the tympanic membrane into the external ear canals
- Ankylosis roots canine teeth
- Multiple retained root fragments mandibular premolar teeth - incidental
- Multiple absent teeth

REFERRING VET

Cathryn Sayer

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

INVOICE

14523

Further specification of the nasal soft tissue material in the plain CT study is limited. Rule out primary destructive rhinitis – commonly primary viral ± bacterial superinfection – versus inflammatory nasal polyp/conchal hyperplasia due to history of chronic rhinitis or nasal neoplastic disease. Recommend FNA sampling/biopsy for further differentiation.

DATE

3/24/22



PATIENT

Yogi Borasky

SPECIES

Feline

BREED

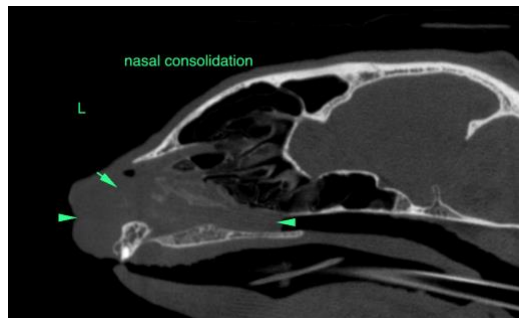
DSH

SEX

Neutered Male

AGE

Geriatric/Unknown



The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian/sonographer. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

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